ROBERT PORTER & CO.'S
BULL DOG BOTTLING
OF
BASS'S ALE
AND
GUINNESS' STOUT
CAN BE HAD AT
All Wine Merchants, Bars, Restaurants, and Hotels.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 52,674—New Series. BOMBAY :—FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1902. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

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PUBLISHED MONTHLY—PRICE 8 ANNAS.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats, and Daks, Places of interest Inland and along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic information, &c., &c.
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	SATURDAY 2 P.M. 1902.
* PENINSULAR	5,294	T. Leigh	27th Sept.
M. L. EGYPT	7,912	J. Chellew	4th Octr.
* ORIENTAL	5,284	F. N. Tillard	11th „
M. L. PENINSULAR	5,294	T. Leigh	18th „
* ORIENTAL	5,284	F. N. Tillard	25th „
M.L. ARABIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	1st Nov.
* PERSIA	7951	S. Barcham	8th „
M.L. ORIENTAL	5284	F. N. Tillard	15th „
* CALEDONIA	7558	E. H. Gordon	22nd „
M.L. PERSIA	7951	S. Barcham	29th „
* EGYPT	7912	J. Chellew	6th Dec.
M.L. CALEDONIA	7558	E. H. Gordon	13th „
* CHINA	7912	T. S. Angus	20th „
M.L. EGYPT	7912	J. Chellew	27th „
			1903.
* ARABIA	7,903	J. L. Parfitt	3rd Jany.
M.L. CHINA	7,912	T. S. Angus	10th „
* ORIENTAL	5,284	F. N. Tillard	17th „
M.L. ARABIA	7,903	J. L. Parfitt	24th „
* PERSIA	7,951	S. Barcham	31st „
M.L. ORIENTAL	5,284	F. N. Tillard	7th Feby.

The steamers marked M. L. proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth and London, passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Said.

The steamers marked * proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there for Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth or London.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage Labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between NOON, and 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's steam barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA and JAPAN, and return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at Ports en route.

F. RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 24th September, 1902.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA, by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS, and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

DIRECT LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	—	4,119	1st Oct. 1902.
IMPERATRIX	—	4,194	1st Nov. 1902.

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600.	Rs. 357-8.	Rs. 165.

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
a TRIESTE	E. Mecozzi	5095	25th Nov.
a b MARQUIS BACQUEHEM	T. Rassevitch	4400	17th Dec.

a Will call at Fiume. b Will call at Karachi.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 412-8	Rs. 165.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN A YEAR.

1st Class Rs. 990. 2nd Class Rs. 536-4. Saloon Rs. 618-12.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.

This arrangement will prove of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO KOBE VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
VINDOBONA	—	4,351	23rd October.

STEAM TO SHANGHAI, VIA SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
TIROL	Baron Bretfeld	2,771	23rd Oct., 1902.

further particulars, regarding Passages apply to

E. SCARPA, Agent.
Sassoon House, 52, Church Gate Street.
Bombay, 23rd September, 1902.

STEAM.

CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning via Torres Straits, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

For Freight, Passage or other particulars, apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.
Bombay, 15th May, 1902.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct or BRINDISI and VENICE (transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	M. Saporiti.	15th Oct., 1902.
D. BALDUINO	4,780	O. Canepa	15th Nov., 1902.
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	M. Saporite	15th Dec., 1902.

And on the 15th of every subsequent month.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Single tickets	Rs. 605.	Rs. 357-8.	Rs. 165
Return tickets available 1 year	„	907-8	„ 550

No primage is collected on the above fares.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa with the Company's weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 800; 2nd Class, Rs. 525, Special Rates for Missionaries, Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa and can break their journey at any port en route.

S. S. BISAGNO, 6,000 Tons, from BOMBAY to HONGKONG, calling at Singapore, on the 17th October, 1902.

F. CROCCO, Agent,
Esplanade Road, No. 27.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED,

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on FRIDAY, the 26th September, at 2 p.m., or later, on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. "KOLA," 1,192 tons, on TUESDAY, the 30th September, at 10 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie and Kurrachee in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting.)

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "ASSYRIA," 1,495 tons, on THURSDAY, the 2nd October, at 10 a.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bushire, Fao, Mahomeran, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting).

FOR PORBUNDER, ADEN, MOMBASA AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "PUTIALA," 2,998 tons, on or about WEDNESDAY, 1st October.

FOR MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, BEIRA, DELEGOA BAY, DURBAN, EAST LONDON, AND PORT ELIZABETH.

S. S. "PALITANA" 2,998 tons, on or about MONDAY, 6th October.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "SCINDIA," 2,729 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 2nd October.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 25th September, 1902.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged and best available Berths secured, at Lowest Rates obtainable by P. & O., and all other Steamers, Free of Charge for Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares, and full information furnished by return of post, on application.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. & O.

Every Assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for despatch as Cargo to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on Application.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRICA LINIE.
GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.

THE following Steamers will SAIL:—

Vessel.	Tons.	Capt.	To sail
S. S. SULTAN	2,884	Ahrens	29th Sept. 1902
S. S. REICHSTAG	2,085	..	13th Oct. 1902
S. S. KHALIF	1,653	Koppistaedter	27th Oct. 1902

Taking Passengers and Cargo for ZANZIBAR, MOMBASA, and all Eastern and Southern Ports of AFRICA up to CAPE TOWN,

For rates and particulars apply to

A. STRANDES,
Agent.
24, Medows Street, Bombay, 3rd Sept., 1902.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on THURSDAY.
OCEANIEN	4259	Remes	23rd Oct. 1902.
ERNEST SIMONS	5,707	Dupuy Fromy	20th Nov. 1902.
YARRA	4,255	Charbonnel	18th Dec. 1902.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

S. S. "YARRA" 4,255 tons, Captain Charbonnel, to sail on or about the 15th October 1902.

For further particulars apply to

P. de BURE, Acting Agent.
New Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong

No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—

Nickel Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

NOTICE.

THOSE SUBSCRIBERS who have been hitherto SUPPLIED with the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" through the Cosmopolitan Library, can have the paper by applying to Messrs. VINCENT & CO., 19, Hornby Road, 3rd Floor, Fort, or the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," Head Office.

MYSORE COFFEE.

THE FINEST THE WORLD PRODUCES.

GROWN ON OUR OWN ESTATES AND ROASTED, GROUND AND PACKED BY US AT OUR FACTORY, CHICKMAGLUR.

GUARANTEED PURE.

NO ADMIXTURES.

In ½, 1, 2 and 3 lb. lever top tins, per lb. Re. 1-0-0.

REDUCTION ON QUANTITIES.

SPECIAL TERMS to Messes, Clubs and the Trade,

¼ lb. sample tin sent post free to any address in India on receipt of six annas.

THE MYSORE PLANTERS SUPPLY CO.,
CHICKMAGLUR, KADUR DISTRICT,
MYSORE STATE.

WILL OPEN
IN
OCTOBER.

MONGINI BROTHERS
MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONERS
AND
CATERERS.

25-27, CHURCH GATE STREET,
BOMBAY.

FEVERS MALARIA !! PLAGUE !!!
DR. CARL'S AGUE SPECIFIC.

(A TRUE VEGETABLE EXTRACT).

TRADE MARK.

A SAFE AND CERTAIN CURE FOR
MALARIA AND INFLUENZA, INTERMITTANT, JUNGLE and BILIOUS FEVERS.

Fevers of all types and at all stages, and a mild attack of Plague.

It is without its equal in persistent and protracted Agues, and a short trial proves its efficacy.

Dr. CARL'S AGUE SPECIFIC promises all important advantages over other fabrigue, that it may be administered when the Fever is on or off and it does not produce any unpleasant symptoms which frequently follow the use of other Fever Remedies.

AS A PREVENTIVE

People residing in such places where there is an epidemic of Plague or in low damp places or frequenting the malarious districts are strongly advised to keep a bottle of Dr. CARL'S AGUE SPECIFIC with them and take a small dose of it every day before going out on duty.

It is quite harmless and can be given to a child with safety.

This remedy has been tried over 25 years with success.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

PROPRIETORS :

M. T. MADON & CO., CHEMISTS,
24, 26, ABDOOL REHMAN STREET, BOMBAY.

Can be had at Messrs. KEMP & Co., TREACHER & Co., PHILLIPS & Co., and all other respectable Chemists.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of badness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with: removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2/9 and 4/6. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A NEW medical work on the causes and most scientific and effectual means of self-cure ever discovered for nervous exhaustion, depression of spirits, want of zest and energy, &c., practical observations on marriage and full directions for removing certain disqualifications that destroy the happiness of wedded life. It also treats on urinary derangements, secondary symptoms, stricture, &c., and no sufferer should fail to avail himself of its contents. Post free six penny stamps (English or Colonial), from THE NEVILL JOHNSON VETARZO REMEDIES Co., 9, Bond Street, Claremont Square, London, W.C., or of Agents for above medicines. Price 10 annas Post Free.

Agents for India :—TREACHER AND CO., LTD BOMBAY, BYCULLA, and POONA.

These medicines were formerly advertised and sold under the titles TREZIRNA, The New Brain and Nerve Food. ZAROUBA, The Extraordinary Blood Medicine. See Special Notice wrapped round every bottle of these preparations.

RACING REQUISITES
FOR
POONA.

No Sportsman is Equipped without a good Field Glass.

GOERZ

TREIDER PRISMATIC BINOCULARS.

Superior in POWER and ACCURACY to all others.

No. 20 Magnifying 6 Times. CASH Rs. 122-8.
No. 30 Magnifying 9 Times. CASH Rs. 141-4.

MONOCULARS MAGNIFYING 9 TIMES Rs. 56.

COMPLETE in BLACK or BROWN LEATHER CASE with SLING and BELT FITTINGS.

FIELD FLAMMARION GLASS,

Absolutely the best value ever offered in Binoculars.

Achromatic Lenses, Wide Field, High Magnification, Complete in Brown Leather case with Sling and Belt Fittings.

CASH Rs. 32.

GUARANTEED CHRONOGRAPH WATCHES.

GOLD

High Class Lever Movements Compensation Balance.

Crystal Face, Keyless Action.

With Minute Recorder, Rs. 189. Without Minute Recorder, Rs. 166-8.

STERLING SILVER CASES.

Highest Quality Lever Movements Compensation Balance.

With Time and Chronograph on same Dial, Rs. 81.
Time on Dial, Chronograph on the Reverse, Rs. 58-8

STRONG NICKEL SILVER CASES.

Keyless Action Lever Movements of Highest Quality.

Time and Chronograph Action with Minute Recorder on one Dial, Rs. 58-8
Chronograph only for Timing Trials and Races, Rs. 25.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

A GOOD CIGAR

SHOULD POSSESS

FRAGRANT BOUQUET

AND

DELIGHTFUL FLAVOUR.

IT SHOULD DRAW

EASILY

AND

BE MADE OF THE

BEST TOBACCO.

BAHADURS

POSSESS ALL THESE QUALITIES.

McDOWELL & CO., LD.,
MADRAS.
SOLE MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS.

THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."
RAILWAY GUIDE
IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

AS an unusually heavy demand for COPIES of the BOMBAY GAZETTE RAILWAY GUIDE published at the beginning of each month, is expected next month, orders should be registered at the BOMBAY GAZETTE office, 18, Esplanade Road, at an early date. This RAILWAY GUIDE is the most useful published and in view of the extensive alterations in the TIME TABLES of nearly all the Railways in India should prove an indispensable reference in all large offices.

Price : Eight Annas per Copy. Annual Subscribers, Rs. 5.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30TH ; THURSDAY, OCTOBER 2ND; and FRIDAY, OCTOBER 3RD ; at 9-30 P.M.

MATINEE, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 3RD, at 5-30 P.M.

(Children half price to Matinee, only to reserved seats).

FIRST VISIT OF THE

ORIGINAL AMERICAN BIOGRAPH

As Exhibited by Special Command before HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY AT CALCUTTA AND SIMLA.

LIFE SIZE LIVING PICTURES.

ALL THE LATEST PICTURES INCLUDING those taken in connection with THE CORONATION OF KING EDWARD VII

Also a large number of Miscellaneous Pictures.

LAUGHABLE! SENSATIONAL! HISTORICAL! DRAMATIC!

PRICES of ADMISSION.—Rs. 3, 2, 1, and 8 Annas. Plan of Reserved Seats at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT AND SPORTS.

FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT...29th Sept. to 4th Oct.
ATHLETIC SPORTS ....27th and 28th Oct.
MOUNTED SPORTS ....29th and 30th Oct. and 1st Nov.

Tickets to admit to the above may be obtained from the Joint Hony. Secy., on payment of Rs. ten only. Ladies accompanied by a ticket-holder free.

F. R. HILL,
Joint Hony. Secretary, Athletic and Sporting Meeting, Bombay Gymkhana.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

NOTICE

AN AD-INTERIM DIVIDEND has been declared for the half year ended 20th June, 1902, at the rate of Ten per cent., per annum, and will be payable on and after the 27th instant, to the proprietors registered in the Books of the Bank on the 19th instant.

By Order of the Board,
ROBERT R. ROSS,
Manager,

Bombay, 25th September, 1902.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY,

INCLUDING

R. M. RAILWAY.

DURING the ABSENCE of the UNDERSIGNED on privilege leave, with effect from the 29th September 1902, Mr. C.A.R. CROMMELIN has been APPOINTED to officiate as AGENT of the Company

H. D. OLIVIER,
Colonel, R. E.
Agent, B. B. & C. I. Railway.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY,

INCLUDING

R. M. RAILWAY.

ALTERATIONS IN TRAIN SERVICE.
ACCELERATION OF THE BOMBAY-PUNJAB MAIL.

THE Public are advised that on and from the 1st October, 1902, the TIMINGS of the MAIN and BRANCH LINE TRAINS on this Company's System will be ALTERED, particulars of which may be ascertained from the Sheet Time Tables exhibited at Stations.

The alterations include the acceleration of the Bombay-Punjab Mail which will leave Bombay at the same time as at present, *i. e.*, 21-30 hrs, and reach Delhi at 14-30 instead of 16-25, connecting there with the N. W. Railway Punjab Train timed to leave at 15-10, and with the E. I. Railway Kalka Train timed to leave at 20-38.

For the convenience of 1st and 2nd Class Passengers, a Dining Car fitted with Electric Light will be attached daily to the Rajputana-Malwa Railway Mail Trains between Nana and Sojat Road in which meals will be served at the usual Tariff Rates.

C. CROMMELIN,
General Traffic Manager.

General Traffic Manager's Office,
Bombay, 24th September, 1902.

In the matter of the Estate of CAROLINA DA SILVA, a Spinster, late of Bombay, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that ALL PERSONS claiming against the Estate of the abovenamed deceased, who died at Bombay, on the 17th of July, 1902, and Letters of Administration to whose Estate having effect throughout the Province of Bombay were granted on the 2nd day of September, 1902, to Miss ADELAIDE DA SILVA, the maternal aunt and the only next of kin of the said deceased, are required to SEND in their claims to the Undersigned at their Office, 109, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay, within one calendar month from the date hereof at the expiration of which time the Administratrix will appropriate to herself the assets of the said Estate having regard only to the claims of which her said Attorneys shall then have notice.

ALL PERSONS indebted to the estate of the said deceased or HAVING PROPERTY belonging to her are required to pay their DEBTS or HAND OVER such PROPERTY to the said Attorneys.—Dated this 25th day of September, 1902.

DAPHTARY & FERREIRA,
Attorneys for the Administratrix.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

ALTERATIONS OF TRAINS.

ON and from the 1st October 1902, the timings of PASSENGER and MAIL TRAINS on the G. I. P. system will be REVISED. For details and further information see Posters at Stations and apply to STATION MASTERS.

A. MUIRHEAD,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 17th September, 1902.

NOTICE.

THE USUAL HALF YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of Members of the Western India Turf Club will be held at the Race Stand, Poona, at 8 A.M. on SATURDAY, 27th September, 1902.

By Order,
CECIL GRAY,
Secretary W. I. T. C.

Poona, 3rd September, 1902.

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

NOTICE.

THE TRUSTEES for the Improvement of the City of Bombay are prepared to RECEIVE APPLICATIONS for 99 years' LEASES of the following Building Sites on their Estates :—

ESTATE.	No. of Sites.	Area Ranging from sq. yds.	Annual Rent Ranging from.
WELLINGTON LINES for residential purposes only.	7	1333 to 1500	Rs. 1416 to „ 1594
HORNBY ROAD for shops, offices and residential purposes.	3	1200 to 1584	Rs. 1200 to „ 1683
AGRIPADA ESTATE. On Moriand & Ripon Roads for stables and chawls,	2	8265 to 9182	Rs. 2066 to „ 2293

Further particulars and plan of the sites can be obtained on reference to the Engineer of the Board, at Albert Buildings, Hornby Road.

R. SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.

VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES AND COACH BUILDERS,

GIRGAUM AND GOWALIA TANK ROAD.

Oldest Established Firm in Bombay.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses selected with the greatest care for Local and Up-country Constituents.

HORSES shod on the most approved principles with Shoes made on the premises of specially imported iron, under the immediate supervision of a first class ENGLISH FARRIER.

ARABS and C.-BREDS broken to Single (Rs. 15), and Double Harness (Rs. 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15), Walers broken to Single Harness or Saddle (Rs. 25), Double Harness (Rs. 50). Troublesome horses charged extra.

HORSES standing at Livery on Commission Sale, or for treatment, Rs. 35 per mensem including Syce. Stable rent charged on all horses, fed by owners, at Rs. 5 per mensem, Commission on horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Examination and Certificate Rs. 10, Verbal opinion as to Soundness, Rs. 5.

CRUSHED HORSE FOOD best in the market, Rs. 5 per cwt., delivered free in Bombay. Special Mixtures, Bran, Gram, Barley, New Zealand Oats, Australian Chaff, Pressed Hay, etc., supplied at lowest rates consistent with good quality.

ESTIMATES given, and Carriages of every description built of the very best materials, under personal supervision, by skilled workmen.

REPAIRS neatly executed with promptitude and despatch. Rubber tyres of finest quality only supplied. Carriages greased by contract. Satisfaction guaranteed. Correspondence invited.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c., Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this column)

RATES.—(Cash only.) Three lines, per insertion, One Rupee. Every additional line, Eight Annas. REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

CORONATION.—Silver PHOTO FRAMES Miniature Size complete with excellent Photos of HIS MAJESTY THE KING or HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN Rs. 2. A fresh consignment of all sizes just received.—MARCKS & Co., LD.

COMPOUND NERVINE ELIXIR, one of the most powerful Tonics made, contains Coca, Damiana, Phosphorous and Nux Vomica. A sure remedy for Nervous Debility. Price Rs. 2-8 Per. bottle.—THOMSON and TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

GLORIA CYCLES.—Model Riche fitted with ball bearing free wheel and Bowden Triumph pattern brake, a perfect mount. The GLORIA, with latest improvements, price Rs 220 nett cash. Accessories included. Sole Agents, W. H. THORNS & Co., Tamarind Lane.

PUT your foot on Imitations. They are worthless frauds. Buy the genuine Singer's Sewing Machines from their 110 branches in India, where you can get direct from the Manufacturers,—SINGER Co., Fort, Bombay.

PUTTEE LEGGINGS.—New Stock of Puttee Leggings just to hand, in plain calf or imitation pigskin, Rs. 8 and Rs. 9-8 per pair.—SUTOR & Co., (Retail Agents,) THE WESTERN INDIA ARMY BOOT & EQUIPMENT FACTORY, Hornby Road, Bombay.

LAWSON TAIT BEDS with Patents Diagonal wire Mattress at Rs. 20 each. The lowest price ever offered to the Public. Stock kept by M. BRESLAUER & Co. Bombay.

MUSIC CLEARANCE SALE, only to last till the end of this week. Songs copyright by the best Authors for 6 annas each ; originally sold for Re. 1-4, each. No printed list issued.—KNIGHT WEYMOUTH & Co., Meadow Street.

BIRTHDAY and Wedding Presentation Articles, Gold, Silver and Gem Jewellery, always ready in stock.—P. MEHTA & Co., 63, Medows St., Bombay

PHOTOGRAPHY.—WANTED IMMEDIATELY, a First Class thoroughly experienced and reliable OPERATOR and RETOUCHER to turn out High Class Artistic Work in the Studio and out of doors. Handsome salary. Apply with full particulars and references to "A," care of this paper.

WANTED an ASSISTANT PRINTER for a large Daily English Newspaper in Bombay from the 1st October. Salary Rs. 60 per month. Apply stating qualifications to "Z" care of MANAGER, "Bombay Gazette."

FOR WHATEVER you need in the Household or for furnishing Camp or Bungalow please apply to WM. S. MARRIOTT, The Tent Factory, Cawnpore.

GINNING ROLLER SHAFTS.—We credit Clients for their Ginning Shafts when returned to us for full Rollers ready for immediate use of which we always hold stock.—SUTOR & Co., (Agents), THE WESTERN INDIA ARMY BOOT & EQUIPMENT FACTORY, Hornby Road, Bombay.

APPLES.—Selected Fruit from best varieties English imported Trees, 9 lbs. delivered free by V. P. Parcel Post for Rs. 4. Apply to Captain BANON, The Manali Orchards, Kulu, Punjab.

MANGALORE TILES of Morgan & Son Alvares & Co, and other Manufacturers. For rates, &c., Apply STEFFENAUER & Co., 5, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

SWIFT CYCLES.—The Spring Frame Swift is a most luxurious model, suitable for all who suffer from the effects of Vibration. A wide range of patterns to choose from.—W. H. THORNS & Co., Tamarind Lane, Bombay

THE DURBAR AT DELHI.—Large Stocks of TENTS on hand ready for immediate delivery. Address the PROPRIETOR, THE WESTERN INDIA ARMY BOOT & EQUIPMENT FACTORY, Bombay.

MEMORIALS and STATUARY in MARBLE and GRANITE, MURAL TABLETS in GRANITE, MARBLE and BRASS, executed or imported by E. DUCKETT & Co., East Street, Poona, India. PAY WHEN SATISFIED.

GENUINE AMERICAN SNOW FLAKE OIL, 150° sold by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, at their Godowns, at Mazagon, and by Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ld., and Messrs. Phillips and Co., Ld., at Rs. 5-3-3 per case at Bombay ; and by Mr. J. C. Bhut, at Rs. 5-7-2 per case, at Bandora.

DEVOE'S IMPERIAL BRILLIANT OIL.—A FINE GRADE OF AMERICAN KEROSINE OIL, 125° Fire Test. Imported by STANDARD OIL CO. of New York. Sold at their Godown, Mazagaon, at Rs. 3-8-2 per case.

WE will SEND STAMPED PICTURES POST-CARDS to any one who sends us gratis old Postage Stamps of every value for a CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL. Our best thanks in anticipation. DOCTOR EMILIE Von MAYERSBACH, PRESIDENT, VOLOSCA, ISTRIA, AUSTRIA.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in Verse after the manner for various other great Poets by W. E. H. PRICE Rs 1, Postage Annas 4. To be had at this Office.

TO BE LET.—For the season, "ROZARIO COTTAGE," a furnished BUNGALOW at Matheran. Apply to JAFERBHAI MOOKHI CASSAMBHAI, Manager, H. H. the AGAKHAN'S Estate, Oomer Kari, Jail Road, Bombay.

FORMS OF POWER OF ATTORNEY. Neatly printed. Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

ELECTRO PLATING in Silver, Nickel, Gold, and Bronze, of finest finish and most durable quality, undertaken by THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC COMPANY, Electro Platers in ordinary to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable Book for Travellers in India and the East, Contains the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer Route to India and the Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price 8 Annas. Coloured Map of India revised from Official Sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office and all Booksellers and Railway Termini.

PLEASE NOTE.—Our renowned specifics for HYDROCELE and ASTHMA give immediate relief. Perfect cure guaranteed. Price Rs. 5 each. Numerous obstinate cases cured very shortly and satisfactorily. Apply only to P. G. MUKHERJI, V. C. WORKS, Ranaghat, Bengal.

BACK NUMBERS of THE BOMBAY GAZETTE Daily, the Weekly, and the Weekly Mail Edition, when available, are supplied on the following terms :—Seven days from date of issue, 4 annas ; 8 to 30 days from date of issue, 8 annas ; 30 days to one year, 1 rupee ; and of older dates than one year from Rs. 2 per copy according to numbers available. Reference charge one rupee.

WM. HUTCHINSON & Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency business, 1 Trafalgar Building, Charing Cross, London.

BOMBAY GAZETTE BI-WEEKLY edition.—Issued on Wednesday and Saturday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12 ; Half-yearly Rs. 6 ; Quarterly Rs. 3 to Subscribers in Bombay, Rs. 15 to the Mofussil.

OLIVER & CO., WATCHMAKERS and MUSICAL DEPOT, High Class Standard Watches in all sizes, for Ladies and Gentlemen. Received English Watches by J. W. BENSON, LONDON, in open faced Silver cases, Rs. 50 and Rs. 60, Celestinas, Phoenix, Intona, Aristons, and Hand Organs of every description Repaired and Tuned. Musical boxes of every description Thoroughly Overhauled, Repaired, Cleaned and Old Barrels and Old Combs renewed. Pianos, Orchestrean, Harmoniums put in Thorough repair and Overhauled by Experienced and Trained workmen. All Repairs are well and carefully examined before despatching Repairs undertaken in all Branches A Trained Watchmaker has been specially engaged from P. Orr and Sons, Ld., Watchmakers, MADRAS. No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders, &c. Indian Subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage. English Subscription 15 per year including Postage.

"BAEL FRUIT PRESERVE," manufactured by THOMSON and TAYLOR, from fresh Selected Fruit. Invaluable for Diarrhœa. Per Jar Re. 1-4, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE NEW IMPROVED CELESTINA with 5 rolls, Rs. 75, Phoenix with a Dozen tunes Rs. 80 to 120 and other Hand Organs. Rates and lists of tunes can be had from STEFFENAUER and Co., 5, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

VISITING CARDS, DIES, CRESTS Monograms, &c., &c., in elegant style and at the shortest notice. Engraving, Copper-plate Printing and Lithographing orders. For rates apply to SUPERINTENDENT, "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,

No. 23, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF CAST HORSES.

By order of the Commandant, 2nd Bombay Lancers, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 26th instant at 3 p.m., sell by Public Auction at Messrs. Anderson and Co.'s Stables, Byculla, Bellasis Road—
27 cast horses belonging to 2nd Bombay Lancers,

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE BUNGALOW AT BANDORA.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 26th instant, at 4 p. m., Messrs BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the mortgagee, Mr. Hormusjee Nusserwanjee Tatari, and on account and risk of the Estate of the late Hormusjee Framjee Acharia, the following valuable bungalow :—

All that piece of land with the messuages or bungalow, stables and outhouses standing thereon, situate and being at Bandora, Pakady Malla, Talooka Salcette, Zilla Thana in the Registration Sub-district of Thana, registered in the Books of the Collector of Thana under Survey No. 214 and Pot No. 1 and assessed by the Municipality of Bandora under No. B 2 containing by admeasurement seven hundred and fifty-seven one-third square yards or thereabouts and bounded on the east by the property of Dr. Dossabhoy Bezonjee, on the west by the Malla Pakady Road, on the north by the property of the said Dr. Dossabhoy Bezonjee, and on the south formerly by the property of Framjee Jamsetjee Acharwalla and now the property of Dosibai, wife of Framjee Jamsetjee Acharwalla, and which said hereditaments were formerly in the occupation of Framji Jamsetji Acharwalla and his tenants and are now in the occupation of the said Hormasjee Framjee Acharwalla and his tenants,

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the Undersigned.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 27th instant at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at No. 3, Ripon Road, close to Messrs. Kemp and Co., Byculla, valuable and handsome teak and blackwood french-polished household furniture, rich glass and crockery ware, drawing room suite, cabinets, table and hanging lamps, table ornaments, sewing machine, aviary with birds, large fowl house, lady's and gent's bicycles, &c., the property of Dr. I. QUADROS,

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 27th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods.

The property of a gentleman consisting of large writing tables, chairs, wardrobes, easy chair, hat stand, glass and crockeryware, table and hanging lamps, carpenter's tools, work tables, cloth basket, etc.

AT 1 30 P.M.

1 handsome strong-built victoria in very good order.
1 handsome strong palanquin office shigram in very good order,
1 bay arab, 14 hands, 8 years, perfectly quiet in saddle and harness.
1 C.-B. pony, 13-3, 5 years, goes in saddle and harness,
1 Bull mastiff bitch young.

AUCTION SALE OF 66 BALES PIECE-GOODS.

On MONDAY, the 29th instant, at 3 p. m., Messrs BENNETT and Co will sell by Public Auction at the Chowk, Moojee Jaitha Market, by order of the Presidency Mills Co, Ld, and on account and risk of Messrs Abdool Hoosein Essajee and Co—

9 bales each 300 pairs Chudder No 2100, 38in. by 4 1-4 yds,
30 do, 400 pieces Lungi No. 921 34in. by 4 yds.
27 do. 400 pairs Chudder No. 3800, 33in. by 4 yds
A deposit of 25 p. c. will be required at the time of sale,

SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION OF VALUABLE BUILDING PLOTS ON THE PAREL AND BELLASIS ROADS [illegible] NAGPADA.

Under instructions [illegible] the Trustees of the "City of Bombay Improvement [illegible]," Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the site, the following valuable building sites, for the term of 99 years :—

Plot Nos.	Area in Sq. yds.	Plot Nos.	Area in Sq. yds.	Plot Nos.	Area in Sq. yds.	Plot Nos.	Area in Sq. yds.
A	6475·00	12	263·34	32	3335·00	44	316·44
		17	273·00	34	654·95	45	306·67
2	548·35	18	359·44	35	608·00	46	296·68
3	563·00	19	489·25	36	553·84	47	357·28
4	597·25	20	1,276·73	37	573·72	48	446·54
5	571·00	22	326·56	38	599·91	56	543·97
6	553·00	23	905·46	39	853·85	57	392·97
7	708·21	26	400·00	40	477·87	58	412·04
8	872·49	27	400·00	41	359·63	59	430·74
9	703·38	28	400·00	42	349·51		
10	740·83	29	400·00	43	284·22		

Sale to commence at 3 p.m. on the 15th day of October, 1902, and at 3 p.m. on such subsequent days as may be notified hereafter on the site of Messrs. Bennett and Co., by order of the Trustees.

Plan for sites, conditions of sale, building conditions, form of lease, and all further particulars can be had on application to the Trust Engineer, Albert Building, Hornby Road, or to the Undersigned on and after October 1st next.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 26th September, 1902.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,

No. 7, MARINE STREET.

THE SALE of landed property at "Nishanpada Road, advertised to take place to-day is POSTPONED, until further intimation.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 26th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Apollo Street, Fort, in the building lately vacated by Messrs. Grindlay, Groom & Co., the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, also open carved blackwood furniture, mahogany revolving top office-table, best platedware, crockery and glassware, ebonised cottage piano by Soundy and Co., iron safe, table ornaments, pictures, carpets, Singer's hand sewing machine dental chair English ice box, Cutch silver ware, &c., the property of Mr. C. C. NORONAH,

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

SALE OF DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES, QUAKER OATS, &c.

On MONDAY, the 29th instant, at 2 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms by order of Messrs. R. A. Parakh and Co. and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Bertie, Smith & Co., Ltd., of Apollo Street, and J. Stanley Smith, Esq.—

2 cases druggists' sundries.
10 packages of Parke Davies and Co's miscellaneous goods,
7 cases of quaker oats.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE,

On MONDAY, the 29th instant, at 2 p. m. Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following :—

1 S. B. B. L. ·577 Express rifle under lever action by Watson and Hancock High Holborn Street, London.

The property of E. GREENWOOD, Esq., consisting of glassware, crockery, table lamps, book and hat stands, cupboards, tables, arm and cane chairs, easy chairs, screens, whatnot, carpet etc.

By order of the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Mr. E. S. Lynn—
1 pair gold bracelets.

AT 2 P. M.

A few lady's and gents bicycles,
1 French-polished office shigram,
1 light dog-cart.
1 strong-built circular brougham.
1 second hand victoria.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

On TUESDAY, the 30th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Moreland Road, opposite the Byculla Club, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood household furniture, platedware, crockery and glassware, Mahogany square piano by Soundy and Co., 8 stops organ, windproof lamps, table ornaments, pictures, Brussels carpets, etc. the property of G. H. COOPER, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 3 days before the sale,

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES AT GHOGHARI MOHOLLA.

High Court O. O. C. J.

Suit No. 364 of 1901.

Aishabai ....Plaintiff

vs.

Oomer Adum and others ....Defendants.

By order of Mr. V. M. Pakvasa and Mr. Rustomjee F. Mulla, the Special Commissioners appointed in the above suit under the Consent Decree, dated the 19th day of June, 1902, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 30th day of September, 1902, at 4 p. m., on the premises, in different lots, the right, title and interest of all the parties herein in the following properties, viz.

Firstly.—All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground, together with the building built and standing thereon, situate lying and being at Ghoghari Moholla, outside the Fort of Bombay, and assessed by the Municipality under street Nos. 6 and 8 and bounded as follows: that is to says on the east by the said Ghoghari Moholla First Cross Lane on the west by the public road called the Ghoghari Moholla, on the south by the property of Essa Fakeera, and on the north by the property of Mohomed Mistry,

Secondly.—All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground, together with the building standing thereon, situate lying and being at Ghoghari Moholla First Cross Lane, outside the Fort of Bombay assessed by the Municipality under street Nos. 5 and 7 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the east by a sweepers passage on the west by Ghoghari Moholla Cross Lane, on the south by the property of Mahomed Hajee Mistry and on the north by the Mohomedan Mosque and

Thirdly.—All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground with the building standing thereon, situate lying and being at Ghoghari Moholla, without the Fort of Bombay, assessed by the Municipality under Street Nos. 78-30-82, and bounded as follows ; that is to say, on the east by the public road called the Ghogari Moholla, on the west by a sweepers' passage, on the south by the property of Piru Kassum, and on the north by the property of Jan Mahomed Latiff,

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the Special Commissioners at the office of Messrs. Tyabjee Dayabhai and Co, Attorneys, High Court, ta No. 15, Esplanade Road, Fort or to the Undersigned

Under instructions from the Administrator-General, Messrs CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms on MONDAY, the 6th proximo, at 3 p. m. the effects of the late Mr. C. J. Taylor consisting of tables, chairs, chest of drawers, clothes, press, cots, glassware, crockery, knives, spoons and forks, single barrel gun, copper utensils, wearing apparel, tent tonga with harness, etc.

The effects of the late Mr. William Rogers consisting of wearing apparel, silver mounted walking sticks, leather handbags, &c.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 26th September, 1902.

IT is always best to get the best. We sell nothing but the best. Inferior things are sold a trifle cheaper than ours, and unless they are sold cheaper they can't be sold. The difference is eaten away in cost of repairs. —SINGER Co., Church Gate Street, Bombay.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & COMPANY,

No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS, FORT.

SALE OF VALUABLE PIECE OF LAND AND BUNGALOW AT THE JUNCTION OF CHARNI ROAD AND KHETWADY MAIN ROAD, (Opposite Cama Baug).

By order of the Executor and Executrixes of the late Nusserwanjee Shapoorjee Parakh, and under instructions from the undersigned having the conduct of the sale, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co., Auctioneers, will put up for sale by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 29th day of September, 1902, at 4 p.m., at the premises the following very valuable lots forming part of the property belonging to the estate of the said Nusserwanjee Shapoorjee Parakh, viz:—

LOT I.—A triangular shaped piece of land at the junction of Charni Road and Khetwady Main Road, (opposite Cama Baug), assessed under Municipal Ward No. 1784 and situate on the east side of Charni Road, aforesaid, and containing by admeasurement 786 square yards, or thereabouts. The said land has an excellent frontage of 200 feet or thereabouts upon Charni Road, and also a frontage of about 60 feet on Khetwadi Main Road.

LOT II.—A piece of land with bungalow and outhouses thereon, situate opposite to Lot 1 and on the west side of Charni Road aforesaid. This property is assessed under Municipal Ward No. 1851 and comprises 955·3 square yards or thereabouts, and is at present in the occupation of Mr. Jehangir Edulji Treasurywalla as monthly tenant.

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from the Undersigned and from the Auctioneers.

In addition to the above Lots, a further large area of land containing upwards of 12,500 square yards, and now under cultivation but otherwise unoccupied, situate on the West side of Charni Road, and adjoining Lot II is available for sale, and proposals for the purchase of the whole or any part are invited.

Bombay, 10th September, 1902,

LESLIE CRAWFORD
(Messrs. Crawford, Brown & Co).
H. BICKNELL
(Messrs. Bicknell, Merwanjee & Motilal).
MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, 26th September, 1902.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

LAWSON'S LIQUEUR WHISKY.

Justly noted for its age, softness, Mellowness, and fine Character. Strongly recommended to all who desire a good Whisky.

Of all dealers, or of
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co., LD., BOMBAY.
SOLE AGENTS.

INSURANCES.

Guarantees Against Embezzlement.

INDIAN GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION.

HEAD OFFICE, ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

Funds in Government Securities only, and remain in India.

THE Association provides Security for the Intromission and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to
R. PATERSON BROWN,
Secretary.

BANKS.

BANK OF CALCUTTA, LIMITED.

CAPITAL.

Subscribed.......................Rs. 15,00,000
Reserve Fund .... „ 14,00,000
Uncalled Capital .... „ 5,00,000

DIRECTORS.

MR. D. YULE, Messrs. Andrew Yule & Co.
„ R. J. D. THOMAS, Messrs. J. Thomas & Co.
„ N. A. McLEOD, Messrs. McLeod & Co.
„ D. KING.

CREDITS granted on approved Security and every description of banking business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and 2 per cent, per annum allowed on the daily balance.

FIXED DEPOSITS received as the following rates of interest :—

	Per cent. Per Annum
For 2 Years..........................	5½
„ 1 Year	5
„ 6 Months..........................	4½
„ 3 Months..........................	4

The Bank offers special facilities and advice to Constituents as to the purchase and sale of all Indian Securities, particularly the Shares and Debenture Stocks of Jute, Cotton, Tea, and Miscellaneous Industrial Concerns.

The Bank is prepared to guarantee the principle and interest of Debentures on its approved list on terms which may be ascertained on application. Absentee shareholders' and investors' interests carefully watched.

Orders executed on the London Stock Exchange through London Branch.

For further information apply to—
D. KING,
Agent.

Calcutta, 16th July 1901.

LONDON BRANCH :
19, GREAT WINCHESTER STREET E. C.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL.............£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.............£1,125,000
PAID UP CAPITAL....................£562,5000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £562,500

HEAD OFFICE :
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, KURRACHEE, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, HONG-KONG and SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms :—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if no under Rs 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JOHN K. MOIR,
Manager.

Esplanade Road Bombay.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE—CALCUTTA.

BRANCHES :

Bombay, Karachi, Lahore, London, Madras, Rangoon and Rawal Pindi.

Sub-Branches :—Murree—(April to October) and Amritsar
Sub-Agencies :—Bangalore and Mooltan City.

CAPITAL PAID-UP, Rs. 43,90,800.

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ARE AS UNDER. STERLING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS for home remittances 4 per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS—
9 to 12 months, 5 per cent. per annum.
2 years at 5½ „ „

Special rates are given for SHORT PERIOD DEPOSITS which can be learnt on application.

Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received into the Bank's PRUDENTIAL FUND, bearing half-yearly compound interest at 5 per cent. per annum.

Cheques, Bills, Hoondees on Stations where the Bank has Branches and Currency Notes of any circle are collected and credited free of charge in the above Interest Deposit Accounts

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened for sums of Rs. 100 and upwards and receive 2 per cent. per annum, upon the daily balances, provided a minimum daily balance of Rs. 50 is maintained.

Apply for Rules to Head Office or Branches.

C. BERESFORD,
Deputy Chief Manager.

Bombay, 9th September 1902.

BANKS.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital...............................$ 100,00,000
Sterling Reserve Fund ....$ 100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund ....$ 47,50,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ......$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG :

J. R. M. SMITH, Chief Manager.

London Bankers.—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.,

LONDON COMMITTEE.

SIR THOS. JACKSON, BART., Chairman.
WM. ANASTASIUS JONES, Esq., (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited.)
CARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank, Egypt).
WM. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq., (Director, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.)
JOHN WALTER, Esq.
SIR EWEN CAMERON, K.C.M.G. } Managers.
A. M. TOWNSEND, }

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

AMOY.	HANKOW.	PENANG.
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BOMBAY.	LYONS.	SANFRANCISCO
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HAMBURG.	PEKING.	YOKOHAMA.

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Acting Agent.

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NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

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PAID-UP CAPITAL £500,000
RESERVE FUND £4,00,000

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Lahore,	Bombay,	Colombo,	Tuticorin.
Amritsar,	Madras,	Mandalay,	Zanzibar.
Kurrachee,	Rangoon,	Newera Elya,	Mombassa.
Steamer Point.	Aden.		

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected,

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Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... Yens 24,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL.............. „ 18,000,000
RESERVE FUND .... „ 8,910 000

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Manager

Albert Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay

ARDESHER'S PRIZE DRAWING.

POONA AND BOMBAY WINNERS.

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 20.

THE SEVENTH PRIZE DRAWING took place this evening, a mixed scrutinising committee was solicited from the gathering and took turns in drawing the tickets which were checked, locked and sealed by another committee on the previous evening. The gentlemen expressed themselves as being highly satisfied with the manner in which the drawing was conducted. In this drawing gent's silver and ladies' wrist watches were most in demand owing to their cheapness and durability. The first prize of Rs. 1,000 fell to ticket No. 4383 held by Shamrao Balkrishna, Sukurwar Peith Road, Poona, the second of Rs. 500 fell to No. 2831 held by F. S. de Silva, Gaiwadi, Thakordwar, Bombay. Other prizes were distributed all over the country.

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ATANK-NIGRAH PILLS.—A successful remedy based on most advanced and modern researches in the Ayurved, or Native Medical Science, for nervous diseases and physical debility, premature exhaustion and loss to vital energy with other allied affections.

A Pamphlet, containing Testimonials from Europeans, will be sent free of charge on application.

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RATES.—First Three Insertions Four Annas per line Fourth, and onward Two Annas, Minimum Charge Re. 1-8.

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CHOLERA BOX with 12, 24, 30 and 48 phials of medicines, a dropper, camphor and a guide Rs. 2, 3, 3-10 and 5-5, respectively.

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	Rs.	a.
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The Garden of Kama, by Lawrence Hope ...	3	0
Milton—Samson Agonistes Blackwoods English Classics	1	0
Light from the East, by Edith Ward ...	1	0
Macbeth and the Ruin of Souls, by Dr. Miller...	1	0
Mr. Elliott, by I. O. Ford...	2	0
The Hosts of the Lordby F. A. Steel ...	2	8
General Geography for Indian Schools, by W. H. Arden Wood	3	0
The Life of Father Goreh, by C. E. Gardiner ...	3	0
Alfred Tennyson, by Andrew Lang ...	2	0
Algebra, Part I. Langley and Bradly ...	2	0
Liberal Religious Thought, W Copeland Bowie...	2	0
Health and Condition in the Active and Sedentary, Dr Yorke-Davies	1	0
The Last of the Great Scouts, by Helen Cady Whitmore	2	8
The Deerslayer. Fenimore Cooper ...	1	8
Famous Cricketers (18 vols.) bound in half Morocco, cost Rs. 22, price	8	0
Military Dialogues by Lieut-Colonel H. Newnham-Davis	1	8
The Sikkim Expedition of 1888. (Derbyshire Campaign Series No. 4)	0	12
PAPER COVERS.		
Views of Winchester College	0	8
Michael Ferrier, by E. Francis Poynter ...	0	12
Sordon, by Benjamin Swift	0	12
Princess Puck, by U. L. Silberrad ...	0	12
One Fair Daughter, by Frankfort Moore ...	0	8
An Ill Wind, by Mrs. Lovett Cameron... ...	0	12
The Jessamy Bride, by Frankfort Moore ...	0	12
The Island of Dr. Morean, by H. G. Wells ...	0	12
Skirmishing Made Easy, by Major B. Witherby.	0	6

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ONE OF THE BEST WORKS OF ITS SORT. It will find its way up to the front rank of books of this sort on its merits alone. For completeness of treatment it has no equal in the field. "Calcutta Weekly Notes":—Considerable care has been used in arranging the various cases under their appropriate headings. We have nothing but praise for the work turned out by the author. "Indian Review Madras":—This book should prove a most useful companion. The laborious task undertaken by the author in compiling this work appears to us to have been excellently performed. "Bombay Gazette":—It makes an era in the compilation of Criminal Digest in this country; will very likely supersede all those at present in the field. "Kayastha Samachar," Allahabad :—It supplies a long felt want. It is an improvement in many respects over all the existing criminal digests and promises to supersede them all. "Lawyer," Ahmedabad :—The arrangement seems to be everything that is desirable. "Madras Law Journal" :—It is superior in every respect to the existing criminal digests.—Bombay Law Reporter.

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, SEPT. 24.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols	£93 1-16	— 1-8
3 per cent. Rentes	£100	unchanged
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	£106 1-2	do.
3½ per cent. Govt. Securities	£65 11-16	do.
Bar Silver in London	23 3-4	— 1-8
Do. 2 months hence	23 5-8	— 1-8
Do. New York	51 1-8	— 3-8
Exchange on London at Paris	25·19	unchanged
Berlin Cheques on London	20·46	do.
Exchange on New York	4·85 1-2	— 1-4
Discount, Bank of England, 3 per cent.		unchanged
„ Short London Bills	3 1-8 „	plus 1-8
„ Indian Bank Bills	3 1-2 „	unchanged
3 months Fine Trade Bills	3 1-2 „	plus 1-8
6 Do. Do.	3 7-8 „	unchanged
Interest, day to day loans	2 1-8 „	do.
Do. 7 day market loans	2 5-8 „	plus 1-8

At the Periodical Biddings for Council Bills for Rs. 30,00,000.

Rs. 25·20 were allotted to Calcutta.
„ 2·20 do. Bombay.
„ 2·60 do. Madras.

Rs. 30·00 at 1s. 3 31-32d.

Minimum rate received 2 per cent. Average rate 15·96.

Telegraphic Transfers—Nil.

Total amount sold during week... 30,80,000
Amount to be allotted next week... 30,00,000
Extra allotments—Nil.

Rapeseed Yellow Cawnpore 36 3-4. Sept.-Oct. Sellers. Tone dull.

Rapeseed Brown 33 3-4. Sep-Oct. Sellers. Tone dull.

Para Rubber, 3s. 3d.

Liverpool Cotton Market closed easier. Surats quiet. Manchester quiet. Total sales 8,000. Spot 4 31-32 — 2-32. Sold on speculation and for export 500. Imports 7,000. Arrivals closed easier.

Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.
4·44	4·41	4·39	4·38	4·37
— 7	— 7	— 7	— 7	— 7

Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May.	May-June.
4·37	4·37	4·37	4·37
— 7	— 7	— 7	— 7

In New York—

Receipts at the Port	40,000	bales.
Do. last year	24,000	„
Exports to Great Britain	Nil	
„ „ Continent	15,000	„
Mid-Uplands	9	
Futures, month of Dec.	8·72 —4	
Do. do. March	8·53 —2	
Coffee	5 5-16 plus 1-16	

In New Orleans—

Spot	8 1-2
Futures month of Dec.	8·30 —4
Do. March	8·44 —4

Closing tone steady.

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., on Wednesday, 24th September 1902 :—

Cotton	316	bales.
Wheat	9,338	cwts.
Linseed	534	„
Rapeseed	29	„
Gingellyseed	336	„
Poppyseed	353	„
Groundnuts	nil	„
Castorseed	2,002	„
Rice	5,132	„
Myrabollams	1,896	„
Cottonseed	3,165	„

BOMBAY, THURSDAY, SEPT. 25.

EXCHANGE—Tone steady.

Bank T. T.		1s 3 15-16d
Bank Demand		1s 3 31-32d
Credit Bills 3 Months Sight D. A.		1s 4 5-32d
Do 6 do do		1s 4 5-16d
French Francs 3 do do		169 1-2
Marks 3 do do		137 3-4
Hongkong 30 Days' Sight		127 3-4
Shanghai 30 „ „		171
Japan 30 „ „		151

GOVERNMENT PAPER—3 1-2 per cent—Tone steady.

Cash	98·8
1st Settlement	98·7
2nd do	98·6

Money Market—Tone very easy.

BANK RATE—

Bank of England since	6th February	3	per cent.
Bank of Bombay do.	17th July	3	do.
Bank of Bengal do.	10th July	3	do.
Bank of Madras do.	30th June	4	do.

SEEDS.—

Linseed.—Tone steady.		
Ready	9	10
Forward April-May	8	3
Rapeseed.—Tone steady.		
Brown Cawnpore, Ready / Do. Forward	5	14
Yellow Cawnpore Ready / do. Forward	6	6
Yellow Guzerat, Ready / do. Forward	6	10
Poppyseed.—Tone quiet.		
Ready / Forward	8	7
Castorseed—Tone quiet.		
Ready / Forward	24	4 to 24 4
Gingellyseed.—Tone steady.		
15 per cent. Mixed, Dec-Jany		42

LIVERPOOL OPENING-TELEGRAM.

Tone	Firm
Estimated sales	8 000
Total imports	12,000

Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
4·47	4·43	4·41	4·40
plus 3	plus 2	plus 2	plus 2

Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-March	March-Apr.	Apl.-May	May-June
4·40	4·39	4·39	4·39	4·39
plus 3	plus 2	plus 2	plus 2	plus 2

COTTON.—This market continues dull. At opening to-day quotations in the Sutta market declined about Rs. 2 below those of yesterday, but at the close this evening about Re. 1 of the fall has been recovered. There is little doing in new crops, and the sales of spot cotton at Colaba are estimated to be Rs. 1,500 with a further decline of about Rs. 3 in prices.

SHARES—

Bank of Bombay	Rs. 1,267 1-2
Maneckjee Petit Mills	„ 1,745
Central India Mills	„ 1,560
Swadeshi Mills	„ 660

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, SEPT. 24.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed easier.
Surats quiet.
Good Bhownugger 4.
The Manchester Market has been quiet.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols	93 1-16
3 per cent Rentes	100
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan	106 1-2
3 1-2 per cent. Rupee Papers	65 11-16
Bar Silver	23 3-4

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a.m., yesterday, give the following results :—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Plague. Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	1	0	2
B Mandvi, Chuckla, Umarkhadi and Dongri	6	6	18
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady Bhuleshwar, Kharatalao and Khumbharwada	1	2	25
D Khetwady, Girgaum, Chowpatty, Walkeshwar and Mahalakshmi	0	0	9
E Mazagon, Tarwady, 2nd Nagpada, Kamathipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	2	2	23
F Parel, Sewri and Sion	0	0	5
G Mahim and Worli	0	0	8
Water Division	0	0	0
Non-Resident and Unknown	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	1	6
Total	10	11	96
Total plague deaths to date	120,139	99,412	
Same date last year	24	27	136

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS. Weary of Life. Derangement of the liver is one of the most efficient causes of dangerous diseases, and the most prolific of those melancholy forebodings which are worse than death itself. A few doses of these noted Pills act magically in dispelling low spirits and repelling attacks made on the nerves by excessive heat, impure atmospheres, over-indulgence, or exhausting excitement. The most shattered constitution may derive benefit from Holloway's Pills, which will regulate disordered action, brace the nerves, increase the energy of the intellectual faculties, and revive the failing memory. By attentively studying the instructions for taking these Pills, and obediently putting them in practice, the most despondent will soon feel confident of a perfect recovery.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATH and MEMORIAM Notices (which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender) is Rs. 2, for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line, CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

MARRIAGE.

MACKAY—BERRILL.—August 20, at the Catholic Chapel, Chaibassa, Ivan Sinclair Mackay, Deputy Magistrate, to Mabel Anne, daughter of the late John Melville Berrill, District Superintendent of Police, Central Provinces.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 5h. 49m. Sun sets, 5h. 54m. High water, 6-32m., 6-38a. Low water. 1-9a.

P. and O. s.s. Egypt, with English mails of 12 instant, due to arrive at 9 a.m.

Bombay Volunteer Artillery, annual prize distribution, Town Hall, 9 p.m.

Rovers' Football Tournament.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.—Gentlemen of the Common Jury are required to attend at the High Court on Saturday the 27th instant at 10-30 o'clock a.m. Gentlemen of the Special Jury should attend on Monday the 29th instant at 11 o'clock a.m.

MAHOMEDAN PILGRIMS.—A large number of Mahomedans usually leave Bombay at this season for Kerbella to visit the tomb of Hoossein. There was a large gathering yesterday morning of Borah gentlemen at No. 14 shed of the Prince's Dock to bid bon voyage to Mr. Shalebhoy Tyebjee of Messrs. Shalebhoy Tyebjee and Sons who with his wife and daughter and relatives left by the S. S. Kilwa. Among those present were Messrs. Adamjee Peerbhoy J. P., Noorodin Ebrahim, Mr. Mahomebhoy Patheria, G. A. Farma of Hugo Schwer and Co. J. Bowack and several others.

BOMBAY ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY.—The ordinary monthly meeting of the Anthropological Society of Bombay was held in the rooms of the B. B. Royal Asiatic Society, Town Hall, on Wednesday, when Mr. K. R. Cama, Vice President, occupied the chair. The Honorary Secretary read a paper on "The Identity between a Penjabi and a Bengali Accumulation Droll" contributed by Mr Surat Chandra Mitra, M.A., B.L., of Hatwa, Behar. The paper will be published in the Society's Journal in due course. Votes of thanks to the author of the paper and to the Chairman concluded the proceedings.

PROSECUTION UNDER PETROLEUM ACT.—Before Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, at the Mazagaon Police Court, yesterday, Inspector Wilkins of the Arms, Ammunition, Explosives and Petroleum Department, prosecuted one Essa Somjee on a charge of exporting 1152 gallons of kerosine oil from Bombay to Raichore without a license from the Commissioner of Police, in contravention of Section 11. of the Petroleum Act. The accused said as he was too ill to attend the business he had ordered his servant to take the oil to the Railway Station, but he misunderstood his instructions and sent the oil to Raichore. The Magistrate fined the accused Rs. 20.

MUSIC AT THE ESPLANADE.—By kind permission of Major C. G. Carnegy and the officers, the band of the 21st Bombay Infantry will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, band master commencing at 5-45 this evening (weather permitting).

March	With Sword and Lance	Starke
Japanese Mazurka	La Mousme	Ganne
Overture	Le Cheval de Bronze	Auber
Valse (Spanish)	Torero	Translateur
Selection	The Geisha	Sidney Jones
Polka	The Nightingale	Moos

STREET FIGHT.—At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Inspector Barker charged Rajah Nabibux and six others before Mr. P. H. Dastur, with rioting in Telly Gully, New Nagpada on Sunday evening last. Mr. Athavale, pleader, defended three of the accused. The evidence showed that some ill-feeling existed amongst the accused. About 6 o'clock on Sunday last, the first accused with four or five other persons, all armed, went up to one of the accused who was standing in the street and assaulted him. A general fight followed in which all the accused assaulted each other. The Magistrate convicted the accused on a charge of committing an affray in a street and fined No. 1 Rs. 25 and the rest Rs. 10 each. They were further ordered to be bound over to keep the peace for a period of six months.

WELL MERITED PUNISHMENT.—Before Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, at the Mazagon Police Court yesterday Juggonath Mahadeo a Hindu, was charged by Superintendent Stanford with kidnapping Rajoobai, a Hindu girl, aged about fifteen years. It appears that the girl lived with her mother in the town of Umreth in Khaira District, whence the accused brought her down to Bombay about three months ago on the pretext of giving her some employment. Shortly after her arrival in Bombay the girl was taken by the accused to a house of ill-fame, where she was kept for some time. She subsequently became ill and the accused deserted her. She was removed by the Police to the J. J. Hospital and the accused was arrested. The magistrate convicted the accused and sentenced him to two years' rigorous imprisonment.

A QUICKSILVERED PIE.—Yesterday at the Esplanade Police Court before Mr. J. Sanders Slater, Chief Presidency Magistrate Sub-Inspector Martin charged one Mahmood Ahmed with tendering a false coin for goods purchased from a woman named Bhagibai. Evidence showed that on Wednesday evening at about lamp light accused went to the complainant who was selling pomegranates in Khoja Street, near Null Bazar, and bought two pice worth of pomegranates. He then tendered a quicksilvered pie to the complainant in payment and asked her to give him three annas and six pies back. Complainant got suspicions and showed the coin to a neighbouring shopkeeper who handed the accused to the police. Accused pleaded guilty and admitted one previous conviction. The Magistrate sentenced him to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

BIRTHDAY OF KING AND QUEEN OF PORTUGAL.—On the occasion of the birthday of their Majesties the King and Queen of Portugal, and in commemoration of the 19th anniversary of the Real Instituto Luso-Indiano, the Goan Community of Bombay will give a ball at the Framjee Cowasjee Institute, tonight at 9 o'clock His Lordship the Bishop of Damaun will be present during the first part of the night, when the Consul General for Portugal, the Visconde de Wrem will present the Diploma of the title "Real" conferred on the Institute by the King. On the following day, Sunday, the 28th. instant there will be a solemn "Te Deum" and High Mass at the Church of Dabul at 9 o'clock in the morning, followed by a levee at 1 o'clock the same day at the Portuguese Consulate, "Florence House," Appollo Bunder, when the Consul General will receive the "cumprumentos de colonia Portugueza." The festivities will conclude with a dinner at the Portuguese Consulate on Sunday night.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.—Yesterday at the Esplanade Police Court before Mr. J. Sanders Slater, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Walker charged one Khimji Thakersy with attempting to commit suicide on Sunday the 21st instant. Evidence showed that on Sunday evening at about 8 o'clock one Pandoo Narayan, a coachman in the employ of one Reneagar, saw accused lying on the verandah of his master's house at Modikhana. He questioned the accused as to why he was lying there. Accused said that he was suffering from stomach ache. An hour later accused was found lying unconscious by Pandoo, who informed his master. The Police were informed and the accused was taken to the hospital. The following morning he came to his senses and made a statement that he had bought eight annas worth of opium on Sunday afternoon. Accused said in his defence that he was working at one Haridas Morarji's house in Bazar Gate Street on Thursday and Friday last as a carpenter, when his master got angry and told him to commit suicide by taking opium, and he did so. The Magistrate sentenced him to two months' simple imprisonment.

CRICKET.

HINDOO GYMKHANA vs. LIBERAL C. C. (Esp.)

This match will be played on Sunday when the following team will represent the Liberal C. C.—Play to begin at 10-30 a.m.—N. N. Langrana (Capt.) M. D. Balsara, P. J. Chinoy, F. C. Colabawalla, P. N. Polishwala, R. F. Nanji, E. C. Colabawala, F. M. Surty, K. S. Kapadia, J. C. Machhliwala, S. F. Madan, J. B. Lam.—D. M. Raja (Senior) Umpire.

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FOR health, beauty, and luxury, use the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap, which, Lady Constance Howard writes, is "pleasant to use, and whitens and softens the Skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Lady White, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill, and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning.—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap, see that name and figure head of "Albion" are on the wrapper. Sold by all Chemists, Grocers, &c.

CERCLE LITTERAIRE BIBLIOTHEQUE DINSHAW PETIT.

THE annual general meeting of the members of the Cercle Litteraire Bibliotheque Dinshaw Petit was held at the Cercle Rooms on Wednesday evening last, the Rev. Father S. Noti, S. J., president of the Cercle, presided. The honorary secretary, Mr J. E. Davar, Officier d'Academie, read the notice convening the meeting as also the Committee's report in French for the year ended 31st December 1901.

The report stated :—The committee of the Cercle Litteraire Bibliotheque Dinshaw Petit has great pleasure in submitting to the members the report for the year ended 31st December 1901. The committee which was appointed at the thirteenth annual general meeting elected as its vice president Mr. C. M. Cursetjee, Mr. J. E. Davar as honorary secretary, and Mr. Jehangir Pomanjee Petit as honorary treasurer, in pursuance of article 21 of the rules of the Cercle. On account of the regrettable death of the president of the Cercle, Signor O. S. Pedraza, the committee elected the Rev. Father S. Noti, S. J. president of the committee in his place. Mrs Edith Pechey Phipson M D having resigned her seat on the committee, Mr N W Kemp was elected a member to fill the vacancy. On the 31st December 1901 there were on the register of members 2 patrons, 22 honorary members, 42 life members, 70 ordinary members 2 non-resident members and 18 members of the students' class. During the year the following were elected honorary members :—The Rev. Father S. Noti, S J, Mr Henry Bouasse (Toulouse, France) Mr Pierre Foncin, General Secretary Alliance Francaise (Paris), Mr Albin Rozet member of the "Chambre des deputes, (Paris), Mr. F. Braquehais vice Consul for France, Bombay, and Miss D. Menant (Paris). Mrs Edith Pechey-Phipson having made a donation of Rs. 100, her name was transferred to the list of life members of the Cercle; Mr. Jehangir Bomanjee Petit made a donation of Rs. 100 for the purchase of books in the name of Miss Menant to perpetuate her visit to the Cercle. During the year under report the following journals were presented to the Cercle :—L'Illustration, by Mr Leon Bernait (Paris) Le Temps, by Mr Andre Siegfreid (Paris) La Revue Blene, by L'Alliance Francaise (Paris) Hugo's French Journal by Mr Jehangir Bomanjee Petit. The best thanks of the Cercle are due to them all. The following journals and newspapers were received for the Cercle Reading Room 'Le Journal des Debats.' L'Illustration. L'Echo de la Semaine;—'Les Annales, La Revue des deux Mondes 'La Revue des Revues and La Revue Bleue. A meeting of the members of the Cercle was held on 7th September 1901, when the president of the Cercle, the Rev. Father S. Noti, S. J., delivered a lecture on French literature in general and on the farce of Maitre Pierre Pathelin, a scene from which farce was acted by some students of French. Mr. Kaikhosrow Phiroze Mehta, B. A. of St. Xavier College, and Mr. Phirozeshaw Gustadjee Diventree, of Elphinstone High School, have gained Sir. Dinshaw Manockjee Petit prizes for having respectively passed the B. A. and Matriculation examinations in the year 1901 with the highest number of marks in French. The accounts as audited by the honorary auditor, Mr. Ardeshir Edalji Davar showed a Balance of Rs. 13,715-12-10 against Rs. 14,181-13-11 of the preceding year. The books and furniture have been insured for Rs. 6,500. The Committee cannot terminate their report without expressing their profound sorrow at the great and irreparable loss it has sustained at the sad death of their esteemed president, Signor O. S. Pedraza, K.C.I.C., Officier d'Academie, Univ. Gallic, who died on the 23rd July 1901 and who had rendered most valuable services to the Cercle. The gap left by his death was one which could never be filled. He has left behind him the eternal regrets of all the members of the Cercle. The Cercle was closed on the 24th July 1901 out of respect to his memory. To the family of our distinguished colleague, the Cercle offers its heartfelt condolence on the heavy loss suffered by them. With a view to perpetuate the memory of their deceased president, the members of the Cercle had subscribed amongst themselves a sum of Rs. 570, whilst the pupils and friends of the late Professor, subscribed a sum of Rs. 551-12 which they kindly left at the disposal of the committee. Out of the total sum thus collected, the Cercle's Committee decided to set apart a sum of Rs. 1,000 to be kept intact and from the annual interest of the investment to buy books in the name of the late president, bearing the inscription: In remembrance of Mr. O. S. Pedraza, K.C.I.C. Officier d'Academie, Univ. Gallic, presented by his old pupils and friends and by the members of the Cercle." These books will be kept in a separate book-case in a conspicuous place in the Cercle's library. Out of the balance remaining in the hands of the committee, the committee decided to have a large oil-painting in bust to be placed in the hall of the Cercle, Mr. C. M. Cursetjee having offered to pay the deficit. You are now requested to appoint a new Committee and an auditor for the current year.

The report and accounts were approved and adopted. Mr. E. R. Sahiar and Mr. Jehangir Nowrojee Shopkeeper were requested to scrutinize the voting lists received from members for the formation of a new committee. A resolution was passed recording the very great and irreparable loss sustained by the Circle in the sad death of their distinguished president and founder, Signor O. S. Pedraza. A vote of thanks was passed to the retiring committee for the satisfactory manner in which they managed the affairs of the Circle during the past year. Mr. Ardeshir Edalji Davar was accorded a vote of thanks for having audited the accounts of the past year, and the same gentleman was appointed honorary auditor for the current year. The proceedings terminated with the usual vote of thanks to the chairman. The following members form the new committee :—Rev. Father S. Noti, S. J., Mr. C. M. Cursetjee, B. A. (Oxon) Mr. J. E. Davar, Mr. E. R. Sahiar, Mr. J. J. Modi, B. A., Mr. J. B. Petit, Mr. N. W. Kemp, Dr. Cowasjee Pestonjee, G. G. M. C. Dr. Kavasjee E. Dadachanjee, L. M. and S, and Mr. Amirodeen Tyabjee.

THE LATE SIGNOR PEDRAZA.

UNVEILING OF A PORTRAIT.

The members of the Cercle Litteraire, the friends and pupils of the late Signor O. S. Pedraza, Professor of French, and President of the Cercle, met in the Rooms of the Cercle, to witness the interesting ceremony of unveiling an oil-painting bust of the late Professor. Mr. Louis Vassion, Consul for France, and patron of the Cercle, took the Chair.

The honorary Secretary of the Cercle, Mr. J. E. Davar, read in French his report upon the formation of the Cercle and the work done by the institution up to now. He said it was in the year 1886 that some students of the French language considered the means most suitable to advance their study of that language. A general meeting of the students of the French language was held at the Fort High School on 9th June 1886, to adopt the necessary measures for the formation of the required institution. The late Signor Pedraza was one of those who proposed to the University Senate in April 1886 that the French language should be included in the group of classical languages for the higher University Examinations. It was after some deliberations that the Senate of the University resolved to include French in such group; At that time the late Mr. Pedraza had a great number of pupils in whom he inculcated the taste for the study of the language and literature of France. The students who had formed the Institution sought his advice at the first meeting that was held and at his suggestion the Club was given the name of Cercle Litteraire, and had then 36 members on its roll. It was found that the object for which the Institution was formed could not be attained unless the members had a library at their command. The committee appealed to all lovers of the language and subscriptions in cash, books, journals etc. were received in response to that appeal. Not only the French gentlemen then residing in Bombay, but several others from Paris and other places approved of the establishment of the Circle and gave them their aid. It was thought advisable to have on the shelves of the Library French works bearing upon the Parsis, their religion, their antiquities, etc. The Parsee Rothschild, the late Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Bart., well-known for his liberality and his help to literary and other philanthropic institutions, made a gift to the Cercle of Rs. 4,000 and continued his donations from time to time, so that the Cercle's fund now reached the sum of Rs 13,500. As a mark of their gratitude the members of the Cercle named the library "Bibliotheque Dinshaw Petit" and the Cercle was formally inaugurated on 20th November 1886 by the late Mr. Henry Follet, patron of the Cercle and the then Consul for France in Bombay. The late Mr. Pedraza was then entrusted to select books for the library. The collection which now stood in the Cercle's rooms was made under his care, and to which additions were made by presents from the Ministers of Publique Instruction in France, by French writers and others who still continue their generous gifts. To advance further the object of the institution Mr. Pedraza drew out programmes for readings, recitations, and representations of comedies in French and such meetings were up to now held where one heard readings in prose and verse and comedies enacted by members. The success of the Cercle was mainly due to the untiring zeal, the intelligence and the indefatigable energy and self-sacrifice of the late president whose memory would always remain fresh in the hearts of the members. The Honorary secretary then referred to the formation of the Memorial Fund and the getting up of the oil-painting bust placed in the hall of the Cercle full particulars of which were given in the account of the proceedings of the annual meeting. The honorary secretary in concluding said that the portrait which the president, Mr. Vassion was requested to unveil would remain as a lasting mark of appreciation on the part of the members of the Cercle, the friends and the pupils of Signor Pedraza, of the innumerable services rendered by him to the cause of the study of French and to the interest of the Cercle Litteraire in particular. He was sure that the memory of that distinguished Professor would never be effaced from their hearts and concluded by repeating the words of a French writer "Le fleuve qui entraine tout, n'entrainera pas une telle memoire."

The Rev. Father S. Noti, S. J. then requested the president to unveil the portrait of the late Signor Pedraza, and in doing so he referred to the part which the honorary secretary, Mr. Davar, had taken whilst co-operating with the late Signor Pedraza towards the formation of the Cercle. Father Noti then referred to the eminent services rendered by the late Signor Pedraza to the study of the language and literature of France and to the Cercle Litteraire. Sr. Pedraza's motives were to render good services to the inhabitants of Bombay by making accessible to them the inexhaustible treasure of French literature. Was it not a pity, Father Noti said, that recommendations should be made to His Excellency the Viceroy by the Universities Commission to give a blow to the study of such treasures, many people of this country having commenced to be in touch with the intellectual movement of a nation which has always walked, if not at the head, at least in the first rank of the civilized world? Father Noti stated that the Committee of the Cercle however had made a move in the matter and resolved to send an humble petition to the Viceroy appealing to him to keep the French language in the group of classical languages for the higher University Examinations, and that the Vice President Mr. C. M. Cursetjee had drawn up the necessary representation which will shortly be forwarded to His Excellency the Viceroy; let us hope, said Father Noti, that our efforts will be crowned with success and the Indian students be allowed to continue their studies of the great works of the greatest French writers. Father Noti then requested the President to unveil the portrait of the late Signor Pedraza.

The President performed this pleasing duty and the portrait was unveiled amidst the applauses of the gathering. The oil-painting is a life size bust of the learned professor. It is a life-like portrait, finished in an artistic manner by Mr N N Writer, Artist, of Church Gate Street, whose work was much admired. The Professor is shown wearing the gown and scarf of a Fellow of the Bombay University, the palms of Officier d'Academie, Univ. Gallic and the Star of the Order of Knight-Commander of Isabelle the Catholic.

The chairman, Mr. Louis Vosion then made a very impressive and interesting speech in which he referred to the very excellent services of Signor Pedraza to the cause of the study of French language and literature and said that Signor Pedraza, though not a Frenchman, was a consummate scholar of French. The loss of such an able and accomplished Professor was a great and to the Cercle and to the students of French. He regretted that suggestions should be made in some quarters to check the healthy study by our Indian students of a language rich in literature, in history, in philosophy and in every branch of the learned arts. He trusted, however, that such recommendations would not be acted upon and that the Indian students should be allowed to continue their studies.

Father Noti then proposed a vote of thanks to the Chairman for having presided and performed the pleasant ceremony of unveiling the portrait. The assembly then broke up.

BOMBAY NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.

A meeting of the members was held at the Society's rooms on Tuesday, Mr. E. H. Aitken presiding.

NEW MEMBERS.

The election of the following new members was announced :—

Life Member.—Shrimant Mahadeorao Daji Sahib Patwardhan, the Chief of Jamkhandi (Kolhapur).

Members.—Mr. W. P. Okeden (Rangoon); Rev. H. T. H. Rountree (Bombay); Mr. F. H. Beath (Bombay); Captain H. D. Watson (Dehra Dun); Mr. H. Stevens (Dibrugarh District, Upper Assam); Lieutenant A. W. White (Bhuj, Cutch); Mr. R. J. C. Swinhoe (Mandalay); Mr. C. A. Souter, I. C. S. (Nellore); Mr. J. M. Bourne (Nellore); Captain C. Ainslie, R.E. (Poona).

CONTRIBUTIONS.

The Honorary Secretary acknowledged receipt of the following Contributions since the last meeting :—

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE MUSEUM.

Contributions.	Description.	Contributor.
1 Snake	Dendrophis pictus	Mr R P Lambert
1 Snake	Dryophis mycterizans	Mr J Stiven
1 Skin and five eggs of the Banded Crake	Rallina Superciliaris	Major R M Botham
1 Snake	Lycodon aulicus	Mr J Stiven
1 Snake	Zamenis mucosus	Do
3 Snakes (alive)	Dipsas hexagonota	Mr T J Spooner
1 Krait (juv)	Bungarus cæruleus	Major A E S Searle
1 Tree Snake (Brown variety)	Dryophis mycterizans	Mr J Stiven
1 Snake (alive)	Tropidonotus subminiatus	Mr T J Spooner
4 Chameleons (alive)	Chameleon calcaratus	Mr A M Masani
1 Snake (alive)	Simotes albocinctus	Mr T J Spooner
1 Head of Grant's Gazelle, male	Gazella Granti	Do
1 Head of M'Palla, female	Aepyceros melampus	Do
2 Heads of Thomson's Gazelle, female	Gazella Thomsoni	Do
1 Head of Coke's Hartebeest, female	Bubalis Cokei	Do
1 Tree Pit-Viper (alive)	Trimeresurus gramineus	Do
2 Himalayan Black Bears, juv (alive)	Ursus torquatus	Mr C Donald
1 White-breasted Water Hen, juv (alive)	Amaurornis phœnicurus	Mr F G Hutchinson
1 Snake (alive)	Lycodon striatus	Mr T J Spooner
1 Snake (alive) juv	Dipsas hexagonotus	Do
1 Snake (alive) juv	Simotes albocinctus	Do
1 Musk Deer, juv	Moschus moschiferus	Mr C Donald

Minor Contributions from Mrs. S. R. Arthur, Dr. M. D Cama, Mr. Narotamdas Morarji Goculdas and Mr. H. Hayn.

CONTRIBUTION TO THE LIBRARY.

"The Flora of the Presidency of Bombay," Part II. by Theodore Cooke, C.I.E., presented by the Author.

Memoirs of the Geological Survey of India, Vol. XXXIII, Part 2. (In exchange).

EXHIBITS.

The large sword fish (Histiophorus sp.) caught by Mr. C. J. I. Jones (R.I.M.S. Canning) off the Laccadive Island and presented to the Society, some few months ago, was now shown mounted for the Society's Museum.

PAPERS READ.

The following papers were then read :—"Note on the Himalayan Nutcracker (Nucifraga hemispila)." by General W. Osborn, I. S. C.; and "Notes on Plants introduced into the Victoria Gardens," by C. D. Mahaluxmivala.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

AT a meeting of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay, held on the 16th instant. A letter from the Engineer, dated 13th September 1902 was read in which he requested sanction to start the following works, necessary provision for which has been made in the Budget, 1902-03, under Depreciation :—"Priestman Dredger."—New Rack and Roller Path Rs. 750 "Barges 43 and 50."—Repairs to Combings, Bulkheads Beams and Deck Rs. 2,921. It was resolved that the work be proceeded with to the debit of No. 87, page 60. of the Budget Detailed Statement of Expenditure from Depreciation Funds.

WHARFAGE RATE ON GRAIN.

Correspondence on this subject was read along with a note by the Chairman, dated 4th September, fully reviewing the Contractors' claim for extra payment on account of grain imports and observing that the enquiries go to show that the grain trade (imports) does not contribute a sufficient proportion to the Dock receipts, more especially considering the cost of handling and supervision and the large sums aggregating about 20 lakhs, which the Trustees have recently spent or are spending on Dock sheds which are largely on account of the rice trade and advising that the import wharfage rate on grain be increased from 8 to 9 annas a ton; that the Dock Contractors be paid their percentage on that rate on imports since November 1899, and that the rate for seeds should remain as at present.

The Docks Committee considered the question on 4th September and minutes were subsequently submitted the several Members of the Committee recommending the foregoing proposals for the sanction of the Board.

The recommendations of the Docks Committee were approved, and the sanction of Government was directed to be applied for to amend the Dock Schedule of Rates accordingly.

Pilotage Statement :—

	For week ending 12th Sept 1902	Total from 1st April to 12th Sept 1902.	For week ending 12th Sept 1901	Total from 1st April to 12th Sept 1901.
Vessels piloted into harbour	10	447	20	454
Do „ out of „	15	458	13	644
Do transported	7	321	12	395
Do attended to	1	28	1	29
Do warped	...	20	...	18

PROTESTANT CHAPEL FOR THE LEPERS AT MATUNGA.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The impartiality of the institution for lepers at Matunga has made it possible for Hindus, Mahomedans and Roman Catholics to have their respective houses of worship. The small Protestant community of lepers has, however, no place for their worship but the shade of trees, or the verandah of the wards. Messrs. Gostling, and Morris, Architects, have prepared plans for a plain building, suitable for the purposes of this community, and I desire to appeal in their behalf to the generous public of Bombay for a fund sufficient to erect it. The cost is estimated at Rs. 1,500.

The following donations have been received mostly from Indian Christians :—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Offertory American Mission Church	39	3	2
Offertory C M S Native Church	5	0	0
Widows of Miss Abbott's Home	10	0	0
Miss Atkinson	5	0	0
A Friend	5	0	0
Mr Ananda Hiwale	1	0	0
Total	65	3	2

Donations may be sent to the undersigned,

J. E. ABBOTT

In behalf of the Mission to Lepers of India and the East.

DISCOVERY OF COAL IN KURNOOL.

WE understand, says the "Madras Mail", that a most promising discovery of coal has been made in the Banganapalle State, which lies within the Kurnool District. The site of the discovery is quite close to Banganapalle town itself—only a mile or two distant, in fact. Several trial pits have been sunk and at depths of 20 to 30 feet good seams of coal have been struck. Samples of it have been analysed by the Chemical Analyser to Government and have been declared to be genuine coal. The appearance and quality of the coal seem to be strikingly similar to those of coal from the Singareni Mines, further North. As far as can be ascertained, this new coal-field is of considerable area, and the coal is within easy reach of the surface. We need hardly say that if the discovery is all that it promises to be, the price of coal in Southern India ought to be very greatly reduced. The new coal-field is five miles from the nearest railway station—Rangapuram, on the Bellary-Kistna line—but the road is hilly and bad. There is another indifferent road, 10 miles long, to another station, Bettamcherla; but the best road, which is suitable for heavy traffic, is 17 miles long to a station called Panyam on the same line. The distance from Rangapuram to Guntakal Junction on the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railways is 60 miles, and the distance on to Madras from Guntakal is 275 miles; so that the new coal-field is approximately 340 miles from Madras. The fortunate discoverer of the coal is Mr. Waljee Laljee Sait, of Madras, who has obtained a comprehensive lease for working it and other minerals from the Nawab of Banganapalle in return for certain specified royalties. That the Nawab and his State will greatly benefit by the discovery, if it proves to be as important as it seems, goes without saying. And in any case it is to be hoped from many points of view that the new coal-field will turn out to be as successful as Singareni.

THE WEATHER.

(BY TELEGRAPH.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 25.

Thursday.—The cyclonic storm from the Bay has crossed the coast into North Orissa and has given light to moderately heavy rain in Orissa, and North-East India. Showers have fallen in Burma. Amounts ranging from one and a half to 3 and half inches are reported from Akyab, Kindat, Barisal, Saugor Island, Cheerapoonji, Darjeeling, Jalpaigori, Darbhanga, Chaibassa, Balasore, False Point and Cuttack. Weather is very quiet out-side the area of the storm and rain has almost ceased on the West Coast where northerly winds continue to prevail.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 25TH SEPTEMBER.

Amritsar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Crop prospects generally good.

Hissar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton plants flourishing. Crop prospects generally good.

Mooltan.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton in the low grounds doing well, but poor on high land. Gingelly doing badly owing to drought.

Delhi.—Bright, no sign of rain. All crops doing well.

Agra.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton plants show bolls, rapidly ripening.

Cawnpore.—Bright, no sign of rain. All crops doing well.

Beawar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton plants flourishing.

Amraoti.—Seasonable. Cotton plants showing bolls.

Khamgaon.—Continues cloudy. Cotton plants in flower. Food-grains doing well.

Dhulia.—Mornings cold and dewy. Out standing crops benefitting by fine weather.

Jalgaon.—Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants in flower and showing bolls; but want fine weather.

Broach.—Bright, no sign of rain. Seasonable. Cotton plants flourishing and could scarcely look better. Food-grains and all crops doing well. Crop prospects generally good.

Viramgaon.—Bright, no sign of rain.

Wadhwan.—Bright, no sign of rain. Seasonable. Cotton plants flourishing. All crops doing well.

Dholera.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton sowing begun.

Bhownagar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Seasonable Cotton plants flourishing. All crops doing well.

Barsi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Looks like clearing up. Cotton plants showing bolls and prospects much improved. Rabi sowing progressing favourably.

Sholapur.—Looks like clearing up. Food-grains doing well.

Hubli.—Bright, no sign of rain. Dry here, but raining in the surrounding districts. Rain much needed generally. All crops doing well.

Bellary.—Sufficient rain fallen generally. Cotton sowing making good progress.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla In.	Byculla Cts.	Espl'ade. In.	Espl'ade. Cts.	Fort. In.	Fort. Cts.	Colaba In.	Colaba Cts.
Previously registered	64	62	68	64	68	99	70	10
Thursday, 25th, Sept	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	24
Total	64	62	68	64	68	99	70	34
Total fall to Sept. 25th 1901.	90	16	84	05	87	48	74	93
Total fall to Sept. 25th 1900.	71	82	72	01	71	78	68	65

RAINFALL AT CUMBALLA HILL.
(MESSRS. KEMP & Co.'s)

	In.	Cts.
Previously registered	65	68
September 25th, from 6 a.m. to 6 a.m.	0	00
Total	65	68

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M. ON THURSDAY, THE 25TH SEPTEMBER.

SUMMARY.

Pressure.—With the exception of a brisk rise at Madras, the pressure changes have been small and unimportant. Gradients are moderate to slight.

Winds are from N. E. to E. at Bombay, Ratnagiri Mangalore, Cochin and Veraval, S. at Coimbatore, S. S E. at Deesa, and from S. W. to N. W. elsewhere The force has been moderate to light, but fresh at Aurangabad, Jamnagar and Belgaum.

Temperature.—The maximum temperature is 5° to 8° in defect of normal at Jacobabad, Neemuch Ajmere and Malegaon. The temperature ranged from 106° at Jacobabad to 62° at Malegaon.

Cloud and Humidity.—The sky is cloudy to overcast at Allahabad, Nagpur, Malegaon, Poona, Ratnagiri, Cochin, Bangalore, Bellary, Cuddapah, Madras, Coimbatore and Negapatam. Humidity shows a considerable increase at Belgaum and Nagapatam and has decreased at Bellary, Neemuch, Ajmer and Jacobabad.

Rain.—About an inch has fallen at Calicut and light to moderate showers at Mangalore, Bangalore, Bellary Negapatam, Colombo and Aden.

Weather.—The isobars indicate that the depression in the Bay has moved to E. N. E. of Masulipatam and weather seems to be unsettled there. A few local showers are probable over the southern part of the Peninsula.

G. T. W. OLVER,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

SOFT, FAIR, DELICATE SKIN ensured to those who use ROWLAND'S KALYDOR, the most cooling, soothing, healing, and curative preparation ever made. It cures and heals cutaneous eruptions, prickly heat, burns, stings of insects, removes freckles, tan, sunburn, redness and roughness, and imparts a matchless beauty to the complexion. Avoid imitations and ask stores and chemists for ROWLAND'S KALYDOR.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE Bombay and Persia S N Co's steamer Naderi, 1,168 tons, Captain W Little, sailed yesterday for Tuticorin in ballast.

THE French Mail steamer Tonkin, 2,327 tons, Captain Schmitz, sailed yesterday for Marseilles, with a general cargo and passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Pachumba, 544 tons, Captain C E Hodgson, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Karachi, with a general cargo and 26 deck passengers.

THE steamer Bullmouth, 2,686 tons, Captain T W Stratton, arrived in harbour yesterday from Batoum 3rd September with a cargo of 132640 cases of kerosine oil.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Palitana, 1,933 tons, Captain W LeMarchand, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Zanzibar, &c, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Captain Branson, Mr Alamshaw and child, Mr Jiiicowna and five children, Mr D'Souza, Mr D'Costa, Mr St John Hussey, three native soldiers, and 69 deck.

MEN-OF-WAR AND ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

IN GOVT. DOCKYARD.

H M S Magdala	Capt G H Hewett, R N	Turret Ship
* Torpedo Boat No 100	Lt Comdr J C Hughes, R N	.....
* Do No 102	Lt Comdr J C Powles, R N	.....
* Do No 103	Lt Comdr W P Koe, R N	.....
* 4 Torpedo Boats		.....
R I M S Clive	Comdr A J G Piffard	R I Marine
R I M S Hardinge	Comdr G J Baugh	Indian Marine
R I M S Investigator	Comdr T H Heming R N	Surveying St.
R I M S Elphinstone	Lt Comdr Rowsell	Indian Marine
Margaritta	Capt Baddeley	Madras Pearl Fishery
H M S Sphinx	Comdr T W Kemp	Cruiser.

IN THE STREAM.

H M S Pomone	Comdr H Jones, R N	Cruiser
Tenasserim		Receiving hulk

IN PRINCE'S DOCK.

H M S Abyssinia	Turret-ship

* Indian Defence Ships.

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—SEPT. 25.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination	Date.	Agent.
Shahnoor	2198	Smith			E Tajbhoy
Aljofar (Schr)	66	Nacoda			D Anandjee
Crescent	804	Raffin			M H Cassum
Pekin	2592		Japan	1-9	P & O Co
Aarvak	555	Faye	Stream	2-9	C Narayendas
Rajpootana	1312	Radcliffe			M M & Co
Colaba	1108	Graham	Rangoon		M M & Co
Rajah	3634	Leitwich			T M & Co
Assyria	969	Tronson	P Gulf		M M & Co
Santhia	3322	Boon			M M & Co
Aberlour	2747	Murray			R B & Co
Onipenta	3420	Kilpatrick			M M & Co
Bezwada	3270	Archdeacon			M M & Co
Upada	3382	Jacobs			M M & Co
Palitana	1933	LeMarchand			M M & Co
Pachumba	544	Hodgson	Karachi		M M & Co
Scindia	2050	Sharpe			M M & Co
Bullmouth	3606	Stratton			W& A G & Co
King Arthur	1047	Gilchrist			B & P S N Co

VESSELS IN DOCKS.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton	Capt.	Destination	Date.	Agent.
A	Lord Kelvin	2232	Steel	Havre	25-9	M M & Co
M	Naderi	1679	Little	Tuticorin	25-9	B & P S N Co
P	Secunder	1035	Brebner	Mauritius	30-9	H S Sidick
Q	Sultan	1781	Ahrens	Zanzibar	29-9	A Strandes

HARBOUR WALL.

Vessel.	Ton	Capt.	Destination	Date.	Agent.
Mahanadi	547	Hocsein	Karachi	27-9	Shpr'd & Co
Ponani	552	Mahmed	Mangalore	26-9	Do

VICTORIA DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton	Capt.	Destination	Date.	Agent.
1	Olympia	3248	Caborne	L'pool	27-9	W& A G & Co
4	Peninsular	2319	Leigh	Aden	27-9	P & O Co
6	Mazagon	3279	Phillips	Stream	27-9	P & O Co
7	Putiala	1998	Phillips	Zanzibar	1-10	M M & Co
8	Imperator	2319	Illevich	Trieste	1-10	A L S N Co
9	Glenturret	3025	Webster	London	3-10	W&A G&Co
12&13	Massilia	2744	Cockman	China	8-10	P & O Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Vessel.	Ton	Capt.	Destination	Date.	Agent.
Dumra	762	Hirst	Karachi	27-9	M M & Co

ARRIVALS.

Sept.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
25	Bullmouth s	Stratton	Batoum, Sept 3
	Palitana s	LeMarchand	Zanzibar, &c
	Pachumba s	Hodgson	Karachi

DEPARTURES.

Sept.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
25	Kilwa s	Hirst	Persian Gulf
	Lord Kelvin s	Steel	Hamburg, &c
	Ismailia s	Fry	Calcutta
	Tonkin s	Schmitz	Marseilles
	Naderi s	Little	Tuticorin

THE following vessels entered for loading yesterday :—
Steamer Egypt, for London.
„ Bezwada, for Calcutta, &c.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Sept 22—Steamer Jelunga, Hutchison, Taku Bar 27th July

DEPARTURES.

Sept 22—Steamer Purnea and Kohinur.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Sept.	Vessels.	Arrived from
10	Vortigern	Calcutta
15	Mascotta	Calcutta
21	Florican	Calcutta
24	Chindwara	Calcutta
21	Goorkha	

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, SEPT. 24.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Cumming arrived here from Colombo, Madras and Calcutta, yesterday evening.

SUEZ, SEPT 25.

The P and O. Co.'s s. s. Oriental with the outward mails of the 19th instant left here at midnight on Wednesday the 24th September.

ADEN, SEPTEMBER 25.

The P. & O. Company's s.s. Caledonia with the homeward Mails of the 20th Instant arrived here at 6-30 A.M. on Thursday the 25th September.

The Florio and Rubattino S. N. Co.'s s s, R Rubattino left Suez, for Bombay, on the 25th inst.

DAILY EXPORTS.—SEPTEMBER 25.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Olympia s—29 bales wool, Ebji Sewji; 653 cwt myrabollams Ebjee Oomersey; 20 bales wool, D Nagjee.

Glenturret s—33 bales wool and 12 bales goat hair, R M Kooka; 63 cwt deer horns, John E Nirmitt; 67 bales wool, H K M Jaitha.

FOR LONDON.

Egypt s—4,000 cwt wheat, David Sasson and Co; 35 cwt deer horns, M Mohomed and Co.

Glenturret s—4000 cwt castorseed, Ralli Brothers.

Peninsular s—17 cwt ivory J Vulley and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Olympia s—5 bales grey yarn, The Svadeshi Mills Co.

FOR VENICE.

Imperator s—100 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS.

Bombay, 26th September.

1. Competition for "The Symons Individual Tent-pegging Challenge Cup" will take place on the Marine Lines on Monday, 29th instant, at 7 a m.

2. The Riding School will be open for all Members every morning commencing on Tuesday next the 30th instant at 7 a.m. punctually. Recruits specially ordered to attend.

3. All Recruits are requested to provide themselves as early as possible with Khaki uniforms and Brown Puttie Gaiters.

4. Mr. William Phillip Goodlat Taggart having joined is taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to B Troop.

By Order,
HUGH S. SYMONS, Lieut.
Commanding B. L. H.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COLONEL LOUIS P. RUSSELL, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 26th September 1902.

1. It is notified for information that the Annual Prize Distribution will be held at the Town Hall, to-day (Friday) at 9 p.m., and will be followed by a dance.

Dress:—Mess Dress or Uniform.

2. Members requiring Tickets for the Prize Distribution, can obtain them on application at the Fort Head-quarters between the hours of 9-30 a.m. and 2 p.m. It will be necessary to present tickets at the door.

By Order,
G. STODDART, Capt., R. A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS!—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers, everywhere.

YOUR SERVANTS
WILL PROBABLY WANT
THEIR COATS
RENEWED
THIS YEAR.
MAKE THEM
HAPPY
BY GIVING THEM CLOTHES
MADE OF THE
"LALIMLI"
PURE WOOL
MATERIALS.

BROADCLOTHS
In Black, Blue, Green, Khaki, Scarlet, etc., at Rs. 2-8, Rs. 2-12, Rs. 3-4, Rs. 4, and Rs. 4-8 per yard, 54 inches wide,

All guaranteed genuine PURE WOOL throughout.
No shoddy mixtures palmed off on an unwary public.

CHAPKANS, etc., made to order if desired.

SEND FOR SAMPLES.

THE CAWNPORE
WOOLLEN MILLS
AND
ARMY CLOTH
MANUFACTURING CO., LD.,
CAWNPORE.

FRESH STOCK OF
ENGLISH DUNLOP SOLID
CARRIAGE RUBBER TYRES,
JUST RECEIVED.
Prices Moderate. Every Sizes.

	Rs.	a.
DUNLOP COVER	18	0
DUNLOP AIRTUBE WITH VALVE	6	8
ENAMELLING A BICYCLE	12	0

VATCHA BROS.
Cycle Dealers, Platers, Repairers, etc.,
GIRGAUM TRAM TERMINUS,
BOMBAY.

DELHI CORONATION
DARBAR CAMP.
CAMP FURNITURE
LAWSON TAIT BEDS.

HAVING made arrangements for the delivery of very large quantities of all kinds of CAMP FURNITURE we are in a position TO SELL CHEAPER than any other House in the Trade.

- 3,000 Lawson Tait Beds at Rs. 20 each.
- 1,500 Folding Camp Chairs with Carpet Seat at Rs. 3.
- 3,000 Bentwood Chairs, best make at Rs. 3.
- 500 Patent Heatherby Folding Tables at Rs. 8-8.

Packing and Delivery at Bombay Railway Station Free.

M. BRESLAUER & CO.,
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS,
BOMBAY.

WHISKIES
IMPORTED BY
TREACHER & Co.

ARE carefully matured in Scotland before shipment and are genuine Malt Whiskies of the finest quality.

	Rs.	As.
HIGHLAND MALT WHISKY 5 years old ...... per doz.	26	0
FINE OLD GLENLIVET WHISKY, 5 years old ...... per doz.	24	0
SPECIAL LIQUEUR WHISKY, 10 years old ...... per doz.	32	8
OLD IRISH WHISKY, 19 years old ...... per doz.	26	0
DIABETES WHISKY, ... per doz.	25	0

IMPORTED ONLY BY
TREACHER & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY. BYCULLA. POONA.

Are you going to the Durbar ?
Your outfit will be
INCOMPLETE without a
KODAK, or
HAND CAMERA,
ALL KINDS AND PRICES.
KEMP & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY.

NEW SEASON'S STOCK OF
FILMS, PAPERS, PLATES,
AND ALL
PHOTOGRAPHIC
ACCESSORIES.
Developing and Printing a Speciality.
SEE PRICE LIST.

KEMP & CO., LD.,
COLABA BRANCH,
BOMBAY.

BABY
GRAND
PIANOFORTES.
A NEW SUPPLY TO HAND
OF
THESE MAGNIFICENT
INSTRUMENTS.

This new model of Piano combines the portability of an Upright or Square Piano with the FULNESS of TONE and ALL THE HIGH MUSICAL QUALITIES that are only obtainable in a GRAND PIANOFORTE THE STANDARD INDIAN HORIZONTAL GRAND PIANO is the SMALLEST GRAND PIANO now made by Messrs. SCHIEDMAYER and SOEHNE to supersede the well known STANDARD INDIAN SQUARE which they have now discontinued to build.

CASH RS. 1,200.
ON THE HIRE SYSTEM :—
For 12 months, Rs. 109 per month.
For 24 months, Rs. 59-4 per month.

MARCKS & CO, LTD.,
SOLE AGENTS.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE
MOST
PERFECT
of all German PIANOS
GEBRÜDER KNAKE'S
New Indian Model.
PERFECT
In Tone and Touch and thoroughly durable. Can be seen and tried at

S. ROSE & CO.,
FORT, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS to our DAILY EDITION are requested to apply to the MANAGER, "Bombay Gazette", for a fresh pass for the EVENING SUPPLEMENT which has come into force from 1st September, 1902.

REGIMENTAL CLOTHING.

GREATCOAT CLOTHS.	PUTTIES.
UNIFORM Do.	JERSEYS.
Do. SERGES.	CARDIGAN JACKETS.
ARMY FLANNELS.	BALACLAVA CAPS.
SADDLE SERGES.	SOCKS, BLUE GREY.
BLANKETS FOR MEN.	Do. NATURAL GREY.
Do. and JHOOLS for Horses.	MITTENS.

MANUFACTURED BY
THE NEW EGERTON WOOLLEN
MILLS CO., LD.,
DHARIWAL PUNJAB.

WARDEN & CO.,
BOMBAY AND KURRACHEE.
BASEL MISSION MANGALORE
ROOF TILES,
"MINTON" PAVEMENT, DADO
AND ORNAMENTAL TILES,
WHITE GLAZED TILES,
NINE ELMS PORTLAND
CEMENT.
MARBLE PAVEMENT TILES
AND SLABS.
ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES Working, Drawings and Estimates furnished on Application.
WARDEN & Co.,
7, HUMMUM STREET, BOMBAY.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications intended for publication in our columns should be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1902.

THE NEW MILITARY TACTICS.

WE have had so many foreign criticisms of our operations in South Africa—all condemnatory and some of them valueless—that we have come to turn away from them with indifference if not contempt. But a belated paper in the "Revue des Deux Mondes" from the pen of General de Negrier, is worthy of notice. The writer is a French military officer who deals with his subject purely and entirely as a military officer, anxious that his fellow soldiers in France shall benefit by the experience we have bought so dearly. And for the convenience of military reformers in our own country Mr. Willoughby Verner reviews the treatise at length in the columns of "Macmillan." The experiences of our soldiers in South Africa, says General de Negrier, have entirely revolutionised all the accepted ideas of warfare ; they have proved that the tactics which are at present in vogue in all continental armies are no longer possible, and demonstrated beyond doubt or cavil the insufficiency of the accepted European methods of fighting. He makes these observations the more pointedly, because in the last French manœuvres decisive attacks, after the old pattern of dense masses of troops, were still in high favour. General de Negrier wishes to teach his fellow countrymen that in these days of magazine rifles and smokeless powder the victory is no longer to the big battalions, but to those which are most skilfully handled and most carefully hidden away. He wishes the generals of the French Army to study the war in South Africa as soldiers and tacticians not as politicians. General de Negrier was not in South Africa, and he does not profess to have studied all our official accounts of the operations. What he bases his observations upon are the reports of the attaches of various European powers and foreign officers who actually fought against us. and he does not hesitate to assert that had the British taken to heart the lesson of Majuba Hill in 1881 and modified our tactics, we should have saved ourselves untold losses in 1899 and 1900. He considers that the neglect of that lesson on the subject of aimed rifle fire lost us the elite of our army, for we continued both our serried formations and our disregard of the deadly effects of aimed rifle fire as if indeed no combat had ever taken place on Majuba Hill.

General de Negrier draws many lessons for the education of his colleagues. Gold, he says, will not procure a good army, and it is not the numbers of a nation that make it strong, but the loyal determination of her people to render personal military service. Above all things he tells his countrymen the great lesson of the war was the necessity of developing the moral force of a nation, which alone will support the soldier in the agonising and long drawn ordeal of the modern battle-field where death comes from an invisible foe. Even the best modern weapons are valueless in the hands of weak-hearted men no matter how numerous they may be, and on the other hand the demoralising effect of rapid rifle-fire and smokeless powder, factors to which certain continental armies to this day decline to take into serious account, will assert themselves with vastly increased power when employed by combatants who excel in individual courage and cool determination. It is amusing to find continental tacticians rejecting the lessons of the Franco-German war as no longer of value, forsaking the theories which for the past thirty years have been unchallenged. At the same time General de Negrier does not forget that many circumstances arose in South Africa which could never occur in European warfare, and he would not have the fact lost sight of, as is the tendency in the British Army. Yet back he comes to the same subject, the necessity of developing individual courage and coolness. The grave difficulty of all commanders in future will be to induce their troops, when once under shelter or lying down out of view, to continue their advance. This natural desire to keep out of danger, or at least out of view, paralyses all action and lowers the spirits of the fighters. Commanders, General de Negrier argues, will have to take these into consideration as they do other natural forces. Higher moral education and increased technical instruction are the two aids whereby soldiers will, in the future, be induced to leave cover and push forward of their own initiative. He maintains, and rightly no doubt, that the result of this invisibility of the enemy has been to increase the tension on the men's nerves to a degree which very few can realise : "The man who cannot see his enemy in front of him is inclined to see him on every side." It was this nervous exhaustion, and not the excessive losses, says our critic, which on various hard fought fields in South Africa sometimes caused the best British troops to remain practically stationary throughout whole days.

"Linesman" writing for "Blackwood" in the early days, the days of darkness and disaster, made much of this subject, but he differed widely from General de Negrier. He pointed out the difference between the conditions of past and present fighting, and graphically told us that old time fighting, with its knee to knee and blade to blade was natural enough, but for a man alive and warm, aware that huge invisible projectiles are bursting towards him from invisible guns with death unspeakable as their errand, that millions of deaths fill the air, in the shape of rifle bullets, that behind this screen of screaming steel ten thousands of men who seek his blood—this is an experience so utterly unnatural and new, that strange to say, it defeats its own ends and usually leaves unmoved those who undergo it for the first time. The invisibility of an enemy was indeed a new factor to be dealt with. We dealt with it. The foreigner has still to buy his experience in this respect. General de Negrier wishes to prepare him for it when he says that even at eleven hundred yards in South Africa there were many men hit by rifle-bullets when there was not the slightest indication to localise the position of those who fired the shots. In many places owing to the scrub and herbage of the veldt the strike of the bullets did not indicate where they came, and with a contrary wind even the sound of the report of the rifles did not reach the ears of those shot at. Both English and continental rifle regulations as to fire-discipline are based upon observation of the enemy's methods of fighting. What, asks General de Negrier, do these rules avail when one is opposed to the fire of an invisible foe ? Hitherto it has been the custom for all leaders to show themselves to their troops and to remain standing while the latter took shelter. Such a proceeding is now inadmissible, as setting entirely aside the risks run by officers thus standing, it enables an enemy to localise the position of the men and infallibly attract a storm of aimed fire. Then another serious difficulty for which the solution has to be found by our friends across the channel—the impossibility of a commander controlling the movements of the force under him, when once seriously engaged. Victory will be denied him unless the individual soldiers know what to do without the necessity of being supervised. In fact, says General de Negrier, they must be personally imbued with the determination to conquer or to die. The private soldier then will be the subject of more careful training hereafter, and greater pains will be taken with his education. If not, he cannot do the work expected of him, and to the nation with the most intelligent rank and file will the victory hereafter fall.

THE COST OF THE WAR.

THE statement by a London paper that the contribution of the new colonies to the cost of the war has been fixed at one hundred millions though officially unconfirmed is very likely to be correct. The news is not of the kind that will be appreciated by the mining and other wealthy companies of the Transvaal, for upon them the bulk of the taxation, direct or indirect, must fall. It was inevitable that this should be the case, because nothing can be secured from the agricultural resources of the colonies. On the contrary we have to assist the Boers to resettle the country, and we have especially undertaken not to impose any tax on landed property. It is, therefore, a natural deduction that the taxation of the Transvaal and Orange Colony is to be levied on the lines of Sir David Barbour's report. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach in presenting his budget last year, said that Sir David Barbour did not think any of the cost of the war could be expected from the Orange Colony, but there was a large and valuable property belonging to the Transvaal Government, composed of bank and railway securities, mineral rights and other rights over land known to be rich in minerals which he put at a high value, besides an immense area of country which had not yet been worked, in which it was probable minerals existed. Of course, observed Sir Michael, it was clear that such property could only be gradually realised, but the Government kept their claim alive. In other words, Government fully intended to maintain the system of mining leases and "mynpachts" in force during the Boer regime, and even to secure a greater revenue than Mr. Kruger's Government from its mineral rights. Three months later Sir Michael Hicks-Beach said he approved of Sir D. Barbours's suggestion that there should be a tax upon the profits of the Transvaal mines, because the tax would press lightly on the poorer mines and more heavily on the rich ones. He thought, however, that Sir D. Barbour had been a little too tender to the mining interest in regard to the abolition of the dynamite monopoly ; and he added that in imposing taxes on the mines, the Government would certainly take into account the profit accruing in consequence of the abolition of the monopoly. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach made a further declaration on the subject shortly before his retirement, but the mining profits were not, after all, unduly made to bear the burden of taxation. It was decided to levy a tax of ten per cent. on the profits of the gold mines, and Lord Milner informed the Johannesburg Chamber of Mines that this impost had been arrived at only after a careful consideration of what the industry could stand and of the financial needs of the Transvaal Government. This ten per cent. was, in fact, not levied for the purpose of a contribution to the cost of the war, but to balance the local expenditure for the current year. The Transvaal Government estimates showed a deficiency of half a million sterling, and the ten per cent. tax on mining profits was calculated to yield exactly this amount. The abolition of the dynamite monopoly, however, means a saving of £300,000 a year to the mining industry, so that the new impost on profits cannot be said to be burdensome. The industry is further to benefit by a reduction of customs duties, and the ten per cent. tax therefore by no means represents a burden which cannot be easily borne. Though the mineowners have on occasion exhibited the failing which is supposed to belong peculiarly to the Dutch, it is not the intention of his Majesty's Government to hamper the mining industry by excessive imposts. Lord Milner, two months since, told the representatives of the mining interest that he understood it was not intended to defray any portion of the war expenditure through additional taxes, but that Government looked for increased revenue in the future from existing sources and from the sale of new mining rights. That is precisely what is meant by Sir David Barbour's reference to the valuable rights of the Government, but the effort of the authorities to enlarge the receipts from these sources has already brought them into conflict with the mining companies on an important point. On the subject of the registration and transfer of claims, Government have had to enter a test case in the courts to determine their right to claims on which license fees have not been paid, and to prevent their transfer until payment of the charges has been made. Though the mine owners and others for whom so much has been done will, of course, murmur at the figure, a contribution of one hundred millions towards the war expenditure cannot be called an unfair burden on the new Colonies, especially when it is remembered that it will be almost entirely realised by the development of the Colonies' resources.

THE CROPS IN BOMBAY.

VERY different are the reports which now come from the various districts of the Presidency of Bombay from those which were received a few weeks ago. Instead of that dreary catalogue of withering drought, there is now an almost direct opposite—a fairly general complaint that incessant rain is likely to do damage to the standing crops. Indeed the only parts of the Presidency which can now complain of an insufficiency of moisture are the various districts of Sind, which are still suffering from continued drought. Everywhere in Guzarat a sufficiency of moisture has been received. Ahmedabad again records a heavy downfall, nearly six inches of rain having been received in some places during the week ended on Tuesday last. Cotton sowing has been retarded in the district owing to continuous rain, but the crops generally are in good condition. In Panch Mahals, maize, til, and rice are doing well, but the bajri and bavto crops have suffered slightly from the incessant rainfall. A sufficient supply of water has been received throughout the district. In Kaira also, rain sufficient for agricultural operations has fallen throughout the district. The sowing of bajri, jowari, and kodra is almost completed in jirayat lands. The continuous rains which have fallen in the district are likely to do some damage to the bajri crop. Broach and Surat both report heavy falls. In the former district, a break is badly needed for the sowing of rabi crops. All the crops are flourishing. In the Konkan very favourable conditions prevail. The karif crops in Thana promise very well indeed, and in Kolaba and Ratnagiri, the standing crops are also in very fair condition. In Khandesh the cotton plants are flowering and the bajri and jowari crops are flourishing. In the Deccan also a very promising state of things prevails. The only cause for discouragement in Nasik is that rats have made their appearance and have slightly damaged some of the standing crops. Good rain which has benefited the crops considerably has fallen in Ahmednagar, and in Poona where the rainfall has been very uneven, the kharif crops are doing well, although in some parts the supply of moisture has been inadequate. In the Southern Mahratta country plenty of rain has fallen in most districts, though in some parts of Belgaum and Dharwar the supply has been inadequate and the crops are withering. As has already been said, Sind still feels the effects of the drought. A fair amount of rain has fallen and this has benefited the standing crops considerably, but a few heavy showers would do a lot of good in most districts. At any rate the prospects of the season have greatly improved.

EXTRAORDINARY preparations are being made to protect Delhi from plague infection during the period of the Coronation Assemblage.

THE English team of cricketers during their forthcoming visit to India will play the Aligarh College about the end of January.

So many wild statements have been made regarding the cost of the Cauvery Power Scheme that the following official facts have been published, says a Bangalore correspondent. Up to 30th June, 1902, the amount expended was Rs. 49 lakhs, the income expected during the first year being Rs. 18 lakhs. Captain de Lotbiniere has gone to negotiate with the leading electric Companies in England and America for working the Cauvery Power on a contract for three years from June, 1903. Should he fail to obtain fair terms, he is authorised to engage a number of operators and experts for a fixed period. He will also negotiate terms for a second installation of power. Mr. Hunt is forming a Syndicate for starting an aluminium industry in Mysore by use of the surplus electric power, and the Government have taken shares to the extent of Rs. 3,000 to give the undertaking moral support.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending September 23rd, was 688, giving a death-rate of 46·10 per annum per thousand as against 58·49 the corresponding period of last year, and 53·24 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 79 died from fevers ; 55, plague ; 5, small-pox ; 12, measles ; 0, cholera, 2 leprosy 49, phthisis ; 72, diseases of the nervous system ; 137, affections of the respiratory organs ; 59, diarrhœa ; 32, dysentery ; 44, still-born ; 95, old age and debility ; 14, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows :—Jain, 27 ; Brahmin, 22 ; Lingayat, 0 ; Bhattia, 7 ; Hindu of other caste, 353 ; Hindu low caste, 93 ; Musalman, 133 ; Parsee, 29 ; Jew, 1 ; Native Christian, 15 ; Eurasian, 2 ; European, 4 ; Negro-African, 1 ; Buddhist,—; other and unknown castes, 1. The total number of births was 418 as against 255 the corresponding period of last year, and 240 the average over the past five years.

THE local tribunal at Cette, has given judgment in an action brought by Madame Rigaud-Labens, principal vocalist at the Kursaal, against the proprietor of that establishment. The plaintiff complained that her husband had been refused admission behind the scenes while she was performing on the stage, and she claimed £80 damages and the cancellation of her contract. The Court granted the latter application and awarded £20 damages.

A LISBON correspondent states :—What was at one time a rumour has now developed into a scandal of grave proportions. It is alleged that the Portuguese Government, owing to need of money, have pawned the crown jewels, which are worth a fabulous amount of money. The jewels include the famous diamond-encrusted sceptre of Dom Juan IV., valued at over a million pounds. The precious gems embedded in the royal crown are said to have been taken out and paste stones substituted, the real gems having been sold or pledged to the Bank of Portugal. The bank is now reported to be pressing the Government for repayment of the money lent, under threat of exposure. Meanwhile, all sorts of scandalous whispers are heard anent the crown jewels, and it is a curious fact that the Government have not moved to contradict these allegations.

IMPORTANT results, I am told, says the London correspondent of the "Manchester Guardian," are expected to follow from the recent visit of the Maharajah of Jaipur to London with his family god and all the other appurtenances of his religious rites. It appears that the image brought by the Maharajah is that of Sri Govindji, famous in Hindoo ritual as that in which Krishna, the Zeus of the Hindoo Pantheon, declared he would always exist in spirit. Hence, it is argued, if the voyage had been against the will of Krishna the image could not have been moved from its usual place in the temple of Jaipur. But as it was not only moved but actually conveyed in safety in a prosperous voyage to England that enterprise must have had the full assent of the god. Thus orthodox Hindoos have obviously been mistaken in regarding sea voyages as against the tenets of their faith, and the elaborate and costly ceremonies of purification and reconciliation which Hindoos have to undergo after journeys abroad are shown to be superfluous. Few people in England know what a burden these ceremonies are to young Hindoos who come to this country to study, and how they are loathed by the victims, who, however, must undergo them to secure restoration to their caste and friends.

THE KAISER'S IRELAND.

WHY THE EMPEROR WENT TO POSEN.

THE Kaiser recently visited Posen where he attended a review and unveiled a memorial of his late father. That simply was the Kaiser's Posen programme but how much underlay it ?

The condition of the Eastern Provinces of Prussia has for some time past been a source of anxiety to the Emperor and his advisers. To put it plainly, the Poles have been showing their teeth, and the Kaiser's recent Marienburg speech, instead of curbing their national aspirations, has only served to intensify them the more.

The imprisonment of Polish editors for "lese-majeste" has not improved matters : it has helped to promote a great political movement, the object of which is to increase the Polish representation in the Reichstag. There are, be it noted, in this connection, no fewer than twelve Polish candidates to oppose Government nominees in Upper Silesia alone. Germany has no wish to see the Polish rebellions of 1848 and 1863 repeated: and so the Kaiser, who is nothing if not practical, has evidently considered the time opportune to show disaffected Posen an object lesson. He hopes to do this by a display of big battalions, and possibly, by another speech.

HIRING LOYALTY.

The task of placating the Poles, writes Mr. John Ball in the "Daily Express," of killing the strong national sentiment within them, and infusing the modern Teutonic spirit into them will not be an easy one. It has been hard work to get up a show of loyalty. Many of the Polish shopkeepers have declined to decorate their shops, even when the German police authorities have offered to pay the cost. Polish ladies have refused to don festive attire and welcome the Emperor and Empress ; and, if further proof were needed of the condition of the Kaiser's Ireland, it would be found in the fact that over 30,000 persons, most of whom will be brought from the outside, are to line the route through the streets. The triple cordon of detectives, the drastic order to the effect that every stranger who wishes to remain more than a day in Posen, must report himself to the police headquarters—these elaborate precautions all go to show that the Kaiser knows full well the disturbed condition of this part of his Empire.

What is the cause of this recrudescence of Polish discontent ? There are many causes. The Poles resent the draconic methods employed by Germany to snuff them out. Though living in the German Empire, they refuse to become German and so sink their nationality ; they have their traditions and they are bent on living up to them. That is all.

They have always jibbed, but since the policy was adopted of killing their nationality at all costs they have combined, nobles and peasants alike, in a movement which, it is to be feared, will spell trouble in the future.

Count von Buelow's idea of rectifying the situation in Posen by flooding the province with German emigrants who were to live on the land has assuredly not been a success. The dreams of a "Gross-Polen" (united Poland) are still indulged in, and this in spite of the stupendous fact that no less a sum than £250,000,000 has been spent by the German Government since 1886 in buying out Polish landlords.

Quite 55 per cent. of the area of the province of Posen is in the hands of large landed proprietors ; but, unfortunately for the Government, most of the German landlords are absentees, and therefore exert no influence in Germanising the province.

BUYING UP THE LAND.

Then the Kaiser and his advisers hit upon another scheme. If the German landlords would not settle on their estates there was nothing for it but that the Government itself should become landlord. Accordingly a Bill was recently introduced in the Prussian Chamber, giving the Government power to buy 98,846 acres in the Polish Provinces.

This land was to be formed into domains, and let out to tenants, who, of course, must be Germans.

This, it should be pointed out, is only one of a series of measures which is to be introduced for the purpose of strengthening the position of the German population in the Eastern Provinces. And this campaign against the Poles is sufficient to explain the activity of the chiefs of the Polish party who are seeking to educate the people, not by means of newspapers only (for this is a difficult matter, the Kaiser having prohibited the sale of no fewer than eight Polish papers in Germany), but by educational institutions founded and fostered by the Catholic clergy.

The clergy are helped in their work of keeping alive Polish sentiment by the bought-out landlords who, to the chagrin of the German authorities, did not betake themselves to Paris or Monte Carlo, but installed themselves in the Polish centres, where, in some cases they beat Count von Buelow at his own game, and bought the landed property of Germans, thus actually strengthening the Polish movement where it is most to be feared—the large towns.

Germany will certainly hear more of these bought-out landed proprietors, for it turns out that of the 150 bought out during the last fifteen years only twenty have gone abroad.

PICTORIAL AGITATION.

The Kaiser will also hear more of the Polish students who were dismissed from the technical school at Charlottenburg because they were caught attending secret meetings. Expelling them from Prussia is no punishment. Whether they cross the Prussian border into Austria or Russia, they can carry on the Polish propaganda just the same. For the Dillons, the Healys, and the O'Briens of the Prussian eastern provinces do not rely on speeches and newspaper comments alone. As we know, the Kaiser is very sensitive in these matters. There is no forgiveness in his heart for anything approaching to "majestaetsbeleidigung"—treason. And so the Polish agitators, not wishing to go to prison even for their cause, have hit upon other methods of making their aims known.

One devise was by circulating extensively a picture representing Christ at the foot of the Cross and consoling a woman. The woman was dressed in black and loaded with chains. She represented enslaved Poland, On her skirt were the dates of the great Polish rebellions—dates which make every Pole's heart leap. The picture circulated in thousands before the order for its confiscation was made.

It is clear that in spite of Prussian legislation, the remedy for Polish disaffection has not yet been found. The Kaiser's Ireland differs from ours in this—Poles of every degree those who have and those who have not, from Prince Ferdinand Radziwill the head of the Polish Parliamentary party, to the peasant who only wrings an apology for a living from the land, are united to withstand the mailed fist or the iron heel of Germany.

THE choristers of the Royal Netherland Opera House at Amsterdam have gone on strike as the management insisted on their attending Sunday rehearsals. The strike, says the "Daily Mail's" correspondent, culminated in a general lot. Socialist agitators and relatives of the fair strikers occupied the Stadsschouwburg leading to the threatre, and rendered impossible the performance of one of Offenbach's operas, in which the newly engaged choristers were to sing. The new choristers were subsequently escorted to their homes by police. In the Leidschlein and the Leyden-square facing the theatre the mob stoned the police, and were charged, whereupon a general panic ensued. The Amsterdam roughs threaten to break up all subsequent performances in which the "blacklegs" appear.

To students of the development of constitutional practice, few matters are more striking than the increased number of members of the Cabinet—a circumstance which entails the appointment of committees of the Cabinet to deal with the various matters, and a consequent weakening of that collective Cabinet responsibility to the House of Commons, and through the House of Commons to "the commons at large," which is regarded as the efficient secret of the success of the system of Cabinet Government. Lord Salisbury's Cabinet consisted of no fewer than twenty members ; Mr. Balfour's Cabinet is somewhat smaller, and is composed of eighteen members. In the time of Pitt and for a generation afterwards, Cabinets seldom consisted of more than seven and never of more than eleven members. The number of the first Cabinet assembled under Lord Grey, which consisted of thirteen members, was regarded at the time as excessive.

TELEGRAMS.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

THE BOER GENERALS' MANIFESTO.

AN UNFAVOURABLE IMPRESSION.

LONDON, SEPT. 24.

The Boer Generals' Manifesto has created an unfavourable impression.

LONDON, SEPT. 25.

The papers strongly resent the tone and temper of the Boer appeal declaring it to be a disingenuous attempt to stir up hostility to Great Britain. It is a suppression of the truth and a suggestion of what is false.

AMERICAN'S GIFT TO THE BOER FUND.

DONOR A STEEL TRUST MAGNATE.

The donor of the hundred thousand dollars to the distressed Boers Fund is Mr. Phipps of the Carnegie Steel Trust.

He desired that the money should be devoted only to the widows and orphans and that the fund should be administered by Botha, Delarey and one Englishman. He deprecated anything unfriendly towards Great Britain.

General Botha assured him that his wishes would be respected and proposed as the third Trustee the Chief Justice, the Attorney General of the Transvaal, or Major Goold-Adams, the Lt.-Governor of the Orange River Colony.

At the request of Mr. Phipps, Mr. Chamberlain has consented to nominate the English Trustee, though he thought that such a fund would appeal more strongly to English sympathy if it were made applicable to all widows and orphans without distinction of race or politics.

THE COST OF THE WAR.

NEW COLONIES' CONTRIBUTION.

LONDON, SEPT. 24.

The papers are eagerly discussing a circumstantial but unconfirmed statement that one hundred millions has been fixed as the amount of the new Colonies' contribution to the cost of the war, also that the taxation will be on the lines of Sir David Barbour's report.

Government is urged not to delay an official statement.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S HEALTH.

President Roosevelt is bearing the journey well His temperature is normal.

LONDON, SEPT. 25.

President Roosevelt has arrived at Washington and is in excellent spirits.

THE TROUBLE IN CHINA.

DEFEAT OF THE BOXERS.

LONDON, SEPT. 24.

Viceroy Theng and two battalions of Shansi guard have defeated the Boxers outside Chengtufu.

FRANCE AND SIAM.

POSSIBLE OPPOSITION FROM JAPAN.

The announcement that a Japanese had been appointed Legal Adviser to Siam has caused a great flutter in Paris where there has some time been considerable apprehension regarding the effect that the Anglo-Japanese alliance might exercise on Siam.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 25.

The London correspondent of the "Englishman" cables :—

The Paris papers maintain that the French ambitions in the Mekong valley are more likely to be thwarted by Japan than by England.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.

PERSIA

LONDON, SEPT. 24.

The St. Petersburg "Bourse Gazette" commenting on the toasts at Kursk, says they dispose of the idea of dividing Persia into spheres of influence and henceforth Persia can never become the dependency of a Foreign Power.

THE REVOLUTION IN COLOMBIA.

MORE AMERICAN TROOPS FOR PANAMA.

LONDON, SEPT. 25.

The American Warship Panther, now at Colon, has sent three more companies of marines to Panama.

THE REMOUNT SCANDALS.

THE ACCUSED COMMITTED.

Major Studdert and his co-defendants, concerned in the remount frauds in Ireland have been committed for trial.

THE MORGAN COMBINE.

ARRANGEMENTS COMPLETED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 24.

An "Englishman" special cablegram, dated London the 24th instant, states :—

The "Daily Chronicle" learns from New York that all material details in connection with the Morgan Combine were settled yesterday and nothing now remains to be done but to appoint the chief officials.

THE CUNARD CO. AND THE ATLANTIC RECORD.

STEAMERS TO ECLIPSE THE GERMANS.

The "Englishman's" London correspondent cables :—It is reported at Liverpool that the Cunard directors have decided to build two 25 knot steamers with the object of regaining the Atlantic record.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN WAR.

PRESENTATION OF MEDALS TO THE NORFOLKS.

Yesterday, at Darjeeling, in the presence of a large gathering, South African War Medals were presented by Brigadier General Towaby to about 100 men of the Norfolk Regiment. Among the recipients were Col. Becher, commanding the regiment, Major Carroll, and Lieutenant C. A. Tuck.

POONA OPEN POLO TOURNAMENT.

THE FINALS.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA VS. MAHABLESHWAR WANDERERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPT. 25.

The finals in the Poona Open Polo Tournament was played this afternoon between the Mahableshwar Wanderers and the Bombay Gymkhana. The game turned out a one-sided one in which the Bombay team fought pluckily. Below is a short description of the play. The Mahableshwar Wanderers' team was composed of Captains Greig and Wood, Mr. Drysdale, and Captain Davie, back. The Bombay Gymkhana players were Messrs. Ponsonby, Fischer, Keyworth, and Graham, back. Umpires : Captains Rowlandson and Henderson.

First Chukker.—After crossing sticks, Bombay secured the ball and went for the opponent's goal ; Fischer afterwards put a sub. Davie brought the ball back and a nice play was witnessed, but Fischer stopped it and the play was then transferred to Bombay's half, where Drysdale's pony came down. On restarting a clever pass by Wood resulted in a first goal, being scored by the Wanderers. Scores : Wanderers, 1 goal ; Bombay Gymkhana, 1 sub. Time—7 mins. 5 secs.

Second Chukker.—A foul, which had not been taken in the last chukker opened play. In this Wood turned the penalty into a sub. and another sub. soon followed. Bombay next had a good run during which they scored a sub. The ball was brought back again when Ponsonby made a good attempt to stop the attack, but Drysdale managed nevertheless to force the defence and scored a goal. The Wanderers continued to press, backing being well sustained, but the ball went out. Several attacks on the Bombay goal followed but the ball invariably went out. Shortly after this Davie, having a clear field before him, took the ball down, but sent it in by an erratic stroke and after a little skirmishing Keyworth scored a sub. Score : Wanderers, 2 goals, and 2 subs, to Bombay 3 subs. Time—6 mins. 50 secs.

Third Chukker.—Some good passing between Greig and Wood enabled the Wanderers to force the Bombay defence, when Davie picking up the ball scored a goal. The Wanderers continued to maintain their advantage and pressing Bombay, Davie scored again. From a scrimmage, turning over, Greig added a sub. to which Drysdale added another goal. Almost immediately after a sub. to the Wanderers again increased their score to 5. At the time of closing, Drysdale added another goal. Score : Wanderers six goal, 4 subs ; to Bombay Gymkhana 3 subs. Time—5 minutes.

Fourth Chukker.—The Bombay players made an effort and Ponsonby led the attack which just failed by the ball going wide. They were not however allowed to maintain their position, Davie carrying the sphere out of danger. After a short scrimmage, Drysdale scored a goal and with the change of sides added another. Score : Wanderers, 8 goals 4 subs. ; to Bombay 3 subs. Time—5 mins. 37 secs.

Fifth Chukker.—Begun by a very five run by Wood right across the field, scoring a goal to which he added another after a few seconds' play. Bombay tried hard to score but the ball was taken away by Davie, next passing to Drysdale who added a sub ; a couple of seconds later Wood put another goal. Scores : Wanderers 11 goals 5 subs. to Bombay 3 subs. Times.— 5 mins. 11 secs.

Sixth Chukker.—Greig here succeeded to add a goal but the game afterwards continued onesided. The Wanderers made several attacks on the Bombay goal, none of which were successful. Fischer then made a gallant effort to break through, and ran with the ball well into the Wanderers' territory where it went wide, but he was nevertheless rewarded with a sub. Score: Wanderers 12 goals 5 subs, to Bombay Gymkhana 4 subs. Time 5 mins. 9 secs.

Seventh Chukker.—The Wanderers continued to harrass their opponents when Drysdale scored a sub. Fischer made an attack, Ponsonby carrying on, but Davie saved. He next scored a sub. and Wood scored a goal. Score : Wanderers 13 goals, 7 subs., to Bombay 4 subs. Time—5 mins. 8 secs.

In the absence of Lord Northcote who left immediately after the game was over, Sir Robert Low presented the Cup to the winners, congratulating them on their victory. This concluded the second big Polo Tournament, the success of which has been solely due to Captain Rowlandson, the honorary secretary.

MADRAS RUGBY TOURNAMENT.

MADRAS, SEPT. 25.

The first match in the Madras Rugby Tournament begun this evening on the Island at 5 p. m. before a large crowd, between the Calcutta and Madras Gymkhanas, and resulted in a victory for the latter by one try to nil. The Calcutta team pressed at the commencement whilst the Madras team forwards gradually worked the ball into their opponents 25, and a very even play followed. There was much scrimmaging during the first quarter hour when the Madras team nearly scored twice, first through Fraser who once got over the line, but the point was not allowed, and later on off-side was given against the Calcutta team and as a result Barrett nearly kicked a goal. When the whistle sounded half time there had been no score. On re-starting Madras still continued pressing on the Calcutta goal line, the second half Madras pressed from the commencement, Calcutta rarely crossing half way. Their attempts were each time frustrated by Pelly in grand form at back. Madras forwards dashing away with the ball at feet, Simpson using pace scored a brilliant try almost behind the posts which Moresby failed to convert. Browne of the Calcutta forwards made a grand run tackled by Pelly and the play continued in favour of Madras whose forwards lasted better than their opponents. Towards the end Fraser nearly scored again. When the whistle sounded Madras was pressing, latter's forwards being stronger than that of Calcutta, though latter's outsides were unable to get away.

The winners will play the Welsh Regiment on Saturday.

THE JUTE SEASON.

ESTIMATED YIELD OVER FIFTY LAKHS BALES.

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 25.

The preliminary statement of the final jute forecast for the season 1902, issued yesterday, states that the first forecast remains unchanged ; the area under cultivation is 2,200,000 acres, the estimated outturn 80 per cent. of a normal crop, and the estimated yield 52 4-5ths lakhs bales.

POISONED BY ALCOHOL.

DEATH OF DR. H. M. ANDERSON.

Dr. Henry Maitland Anderson died of alcoholic poisoning at the Medical College hospital on Wednesday. A Coroner's inquest is to be held.

MUTATIONS IN THE SERVICE.

SIMLA, SEPTEMBER 25.

Mr. Spring, officiating Director of Railway Construction, has been appointed to officiate, pending the return of Mr. C. W. Hodson, as Secretary to the Government of India Railways, vice Mr. Brereton who has been granted three months' leave from the first proximo.

A FRONTIER RAID.

LEVY POST SURPRISED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPTEMBER 25.

Raiders, supposed to be Tangiris and Darelis, on the 17th instant surprised a small levy post in Kar-mah Millab, 22 miles from Gilgit, killing two, wounding the remaining two levies of the garrison and carrying off five carbines

THE NUMBERS ON RELIEF.

SIMLA, SEPT. 25.

Another nineteen thousand persons left the famine relief works in Western India last week.

CHAMBERLAIN AND THE BOER LEADERS.

THE GENERAL'S DEMANDS.

COLONIAL SECRETARY'S REFUSALS.

COLOMBO, SEPTEMBER 25.

Telegrams in the Australian papers just to hand state :—

A Parliamentary paper furnishes details of the Conference held by the Boer Generals and their letter of August 20th. In this they submitted eleven points for consideration, including the complete amnesty of all British subjects who had taken up arms in the Boer cause; pensions for Boer widows and orphans ; the equal right to use Dutch and English in the schools and courts ; the re-instatement of officials of the late Republics, or compensation for their loss of office; and compensation for all loss occasioned to the burghers by the war.

Mr. Chamberlain refused the proposals.

Later news from the Australian papers state that the Generals expressed dissatisfaction that no Coronation amnesty had been granted.

Mr. Chamberlain, in the course of an interview with the Generals, stated that Government will not hinder any generous intentions that Cape Colony or Natal might have regarding the rebels.

He referred to the recent hostile speeches of Mr. Reitz, as justifying the latter's expulsion from South Africa.

General Botha replied that it was unfair to visit the sins and follies of one man on another. He appealed to Mr. Chamberlain to trust the surrenders.

Mr. Chamberlain replied : We trust them entirely, until they give us reason to doubt them.

He assured General Botha that there will be no compulsory acquisition of land, and appealed to the Generals to forget and forgive and co-operate in working for the prosperity and liberty of South Africa.

The newspapers say that the general proposals must have been inspired by the Transvaal Legation at Brussels.

THE COLONIAL CONFERENCE.

MR. SEDDON'S VIEWS.

WAR AGAINST COMBINES.

Mr. Seddon, before leaving for New Zealand, said the Colonial Conference had been fairly satisfactory. He thought, however, it was not Imperialistic enough. The Colonial representatives and many members of Parliament exhibited, he thought, a strange nervousness and a great objection to make progress with regard to any question. He held that a permanent Consultative Colonial Council, on the lines of the Indian Council, ought to be a appointed. He strongly urged that Mr. Chamberlain and other British statesmen should visit the Colonies. War, he said, ought to be declared against Combines. Finally, he advocated free postal transmission of newspapers throughout the Empire.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

SIMLA, SEPT. 25.

Lieut. Wood, 1st Northamptons, joins the 1st Central India Horse.

Capt. Shea, 15th Bengal Lancers, will be Brigade Major to the Inspector General of Cavalry during the coming season.

Volunteer Corps.—Second Lieutenant Henry Begg McKerrow is transferred from the Karachi Artillery Volunteers to the Bombay Volunteer Artillery from the 1st Sept., with the rank of Second Lieutenant.

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

MR. A. D. Brown, I. C. S., on return to duty, becomes Administrator, Sachin State.

Mr. R. E. Holland, B. A. (Oxon.), I. C. S., is appointed Assistant Political Agent, Savanur, vice Mr. G. Monteath, B. A. (Cantab.), I. C. S., proceeding on leave.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. S. Ashby, Political Agent, Third Grade, and First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor, Kathiawar, has been permitted to return to duty within the period of his leave.

Mr. O. C. G. Hayter, Assistant Superintendent of Police, B.-M. Railway, passed on the 7th July an examination in Urdu according to the test prescribed in the Rules relating to Police Officers.

Mr. J. A. Guider acts as Assistant Inspector-General of Police during the absence on leave of Mr. H. Brewin.

Mr. F. M. Gadney acts as District Superintendent of Police, Sukkur, pending further orders.

Mr. F. C. Griffith is appointed Assistant Superintendent of Police, Thar and Parkar.

Mr. A. D. Brown, I.C.S., on return to duty, is appointed Assistant Collector, Surat.

Mr. C. S. F. Crofton, I. C. S., Assistant Collector, Nassik, is allowed privilege leave for two months and twenty-four days in combination with furlough on medical certificate for six months and six days.

Mr. H. W. J. Bagnell, I. C. S., Collector of Kolaba, is granted an extension by two days of the privilege leave for nineteen days allowed to him by Government Notification No. 6123, dated 2nd September.

Messrs. P. W. Monie, I.C.S., and W. W. Smart, I.C.S., passed an examination in Hindustani on the 16th inst.

The Reverend Edward Samuel John D'Alessio has been appointed a Chaplain on probation on the Bombay Ecclesiastical Establishment.

The Reverend G. R. A. Courtice, Chaplain of Steamer Point, Aden, has been granted three months privilege leave from the 16th August or subsequently.

The Reverend H. W. Nelson, Chaplain of Aden, is appointed Chaplain of Steamer Point, Aden, in addition to his own duties, during the absence of the Reverend G. R. A. Courtice.

No reply has yet been received from Home to the question whether discharged British soldiers in India may be permitted to settle in South Africa.

The Hongkong Regiment will leave for India on the 29th October in the steamer "Aratoon Apcar," and on arrival, in the country will be mustered out

Mr. J. C. Pringle, I. C. S., has been permitted to resign His Majesty's Convenanted Civil Service with effect from the 28th August.

Captain J. K. Condon, I. S. C., has been granted privilege leave of absence for two months and twenty-seven days in combination with furlough under Civil Leave Rules for one year eight months and twenty-eight days with effect from the 1st March last.

Captain C. J. Robertson Milne M. B., I. M.S., (Bengal), is appointed on duty at the Plague Research Laboratory under the orders of the Director-in-Chief, Plague Research Laboratory with effect from the date on which he may assume charge of his duties.

Mr. C. H. A. Hill, I. C. S., Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor, has been allowed an extension of furlough on private affairs for one week.

POONA HORSE SHOW.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

POONA. SEPT. 25.

The first day of the Poona Horse Show was held near the Ghorpurie barracks. The attendance was very large and Lord Northcote was present. This year there were a good many entries and the saddle classes were far superior both in number and quality. The show will be held again to-morrow when the prizes will be given away.

CLASS I—Tandems.

1 Major C F Murray's blk aust Lassie and bl cb Sir Laddie
2 Resaldar Saidulla Khan's blk austs Raja and Hazara
Capt Spencer's and Mr Cooper's b austs Tea and Coffee
Mr L C Swifte's b austs Mary Ann and Tuttut
Mr R M Dalal's aust and cb Bess and Nellie
Major Radcliffe and Capt Parry's b austs Butcha and Kutcha

CLASS II—Infantry Chargers 13-3 to 14-2.

1 Capt H M Davie's gr arab Sweet Pea
2 Capt Lloyd's b cb Tempest
Capt W J Robinson's K S L I br arab Charlie Wilson
Capt Hunter's 16th Bo I b arab Kim
Mr C J Deverell's b arab Guzzie
Capt Rowlandson's g cb Usif
Mr Carter ro cb Nameless

CLASS III—Infantry Chargers fell through.

CLASS IV—Light Weight Arab and C B Polo Ponies.

1 Capt H E P Nash's ch arab Peveril
2 3rd Bo Cavalry ch arab Limelight
Mr R B Cousen's R F A ch arab Omar
Capt M H Henderson's ch arab Swine
Major P England's b arab Courier
Lt-Col Onslow's ch cb Prince
Surg Genl Price's b arab Carmelite
Mr C F Cooper's ch arab Glencoe
Capt Rowlandson's g c b The Shrew
Capt Greig's ch arab Gold Mohur
Capt Greig's ch arab Sunrise
Capt M D Wood's ch arab Lordling
Capt M D Wood's ch arab China
Capt W H Armstrong's b arab Swift
The Royal Scots Polo club g arab Blue Peter
3rd Bo Cavalry ch arab Chestnut
3rd Bo Cavalry g arab The Colonel
Lieut F C Vaughan's R N br cb Gentleman
Major Farrell's R F A ch arab Will o' the Wisp
Surg-Genl Price's b cb Lady Mary
Mr D N Graham's c aust Muktar
Mr D N Graham's ch cb Flashlight

This class was well represented.

CLASS V—Heavy Weight A and C B Polo Ponies upto 13 stone or over.

1 Capt H M Davie's g arab Sweet Pea
2 Royal Scots Polo Club's Blue Peter
Mr L W Saville's R F A g arab Hector
Lieut-Col Onslow's ch arab Rufus
Major H H Butler's R F A ro gr arab Spanker
Col W H Henderson's g arab Henry
Mr L C Swifte's b cb Scuttler
Capt Rowlandson's g cb Usif
Capt M D Wood's wh arab Marengo
3rd Bo Cavalry b arab Honey Suckle
3rd Bo Cavalry w arab Turncoat
Mr D N Graham's g aust Dawn

CLASS VI—English and Colonial Chargers. The bona fide property of Officers on full pay.

1 Capt H Eaton Evan's blk aust Sambo
2 Mr W F Ingpen R F A b aust Edward VII
Capt F de B Young's bay aust The Squire
Col Bromfield's b aust Benjamin
Major H H Butler's R F A blk aust Sultan
Capt W Warner's b aust Princess Yolanda
Col F M Banister's R A ch aust Erin
Col F M Banister's R A br aust Imperial
Capt C Parry's R F A blk aust Grandmaster
Capt C Parry's R F A b aust The Dane
Capt A Stockley's R F A b aust Rufus
Major Pollard's br aust Lassie
Capt C Savile's b aust Undine
Lieut and R M D Aherne's b aust Victor Hugo
Col Bayly's br aust Kruger
Resr Saidulla Khan's blk aust Raja

CLASS VII—Pairs of Horses in Harness.

1 Mr Anandji Nanji's br eng Modesty and Hero
2 Mr Anandji Nanji's blk roan Mary and Molly
Mr K A Ghaswalla's b aust Mary and Jack
Mr Byramji R B Jeejeebhoy's s austs Kruger and Kitchener
Mr F M Coleman's b aust Duke and Duchess

CLASS VIII—Ladies' Horses (to be ridden by Ladies).

1 { Miss Lucas' g aust Molly
{ Mr T L Roberts' b aust Warlock
2 { Mr G Grafton Young's I M S br aust Lady Scandal
{ Lieut-Col G H Bull's b aust Billow
Capt A Stockley's b aust Rufus
Major H H Butler's R F A b aust Babette
Mrs C A B Beatty's b cb Vigilance
Mrs Elliot's dr gr aust Primrose
Mr R B Cousen's R F A br aust Bess
Capt W Warner's b aust Princess Yolanda
Lieut-Col G H Bull's g aust Badger
Mrs McCausland's ch aust Oaklands
Capt H G Benn's b aust Oxide

CLASS IX—Jumping Competition for Ponies 14 2 and under.

1 Mrs Grafton Young's r aust Topthorn
2 Aga S Shah's b aust Hebe
3 Mr K Lely's b aust Lady Baby
Capt M H Henderson's ch arab Swine
Major P England's br aust Lady Di
Capt Rowlandson's g cb The Shew
Capt Lloyd's b cb Tempest
Lieut-Col Onslow's b aust First
Mr Percy Fischer's b aust Atholbrose
Mr Percy Fischer's gr aust Good Boy
Mr H S Lawrence's b cb Lady
Mr Percy Fischer's b aust Sincere
Aga S Shah's ch aust Funny
Miss Muir Mackenzie's b cb Facie
Mrs Hojel's br aust Cinderella

Jumping was much better, Hebe in the first jump jumped exceedingly well, but at the last jump Topthorn beat him.

CLASS X—SUB-CLASS (a)—Ponies 14-2 and under in Single Harness.

1 Mrs Grafton Young's r aust Topthorn
2 Lieut Col Onslow's roan aust Queen Bess
3 Mr Byramji Pudumji's br aust Twenty two
Capt F de B Young's ch aust Little Lady
Lieut Col Onslow's b aust Flirt
Col F M Banister's wh aust Tommy
Mr H de Burgh Edward's ch aust Flash
Mr G Prier de Soane's br aust Winnal
Mr Gustadji Framji Ghaswalla's ch aust Rishan
Mr R M Dalal's br aust Bess

Little Lady highly commended.

CLASS X (b).

1 Major C F Murray's blk c b Sir Laddie
2 Mrs Duxbury's ch st b Asthore
Capt F de B Young's ch arab Pallonji
Lieut-Col Onslow's ch c b Prince
Surg Genl Price's b cb Lady Mary
Capt Short's R A b arab El Wales
Lieut Col R Owen's b arab Nasmyth
Mr K A Ghaswalla's ch arab London
Mr C F Cooper's R F A ch arab Glencoe
Mr S A Wahed's b arab Shyalum
Mr Anandji Nanji's b arab Chota Sahib
Mr L Grafton Young's b c b Gossip
Miss Muir Mackenzie's b c b Facie
Major H H Butler's ro g arab Spanker
Mrs William's b arb Little Billie

CLASS XII—Hunters 14-2 and under.

1 Mrs Hojel's br aust Cinderella
2 Surg Genl Price's b cb Lady Mary
3 Mrs Stanton's b aust Plasmon
Col Lucas' g arab Bijou
Major H H Butler's R F A ro gr arab Spanker
Major P England's br aust Lady Di
Lieut Col Onslow's b aust Flirt
Capt W J Robinson's br arab Charlie Wilson
Mrs W F Newnham's ch cb Dagonet
Lieut-Col Onslow's b aust Puck
Capt C Parry's b aust Butcha
Mr L C Swifte's b aust Tuttut
Lieut-Col Onslow's b aust Bushranger
Miss E Low's b aust Nugget
Miss Low's ch arab Rufus
Capt Sandy's R E gr arab Taffy
Mrs Grafton Young's r aust Topthorn

CLASS XIII—Light Weight Hunters.

1 Lieut-Col G H Bull's I M S g aust Badger
2 Mr W F Ingpen's R F A b aust Edward VII
Surgeon General Price's A M S ch n a Sunshine
Lieut-Col O H Channer's I M S b aust Jenny
Mrs C A B Beatty's b cb Vigilance
Lieut-Col O H Channer's I M S b aust King's Lynn
Capt C Parry's R F A blk aust Grandmaster
Col W H Hendersons ch aust Heather
Col W H Hendersons ch aust Hatwrakh
Mrs Elliotts gr aust Primrose
Mr L C Swiftes b eng Servader
Major Pollards ch arab Reveur
Major Pollards br aust Lassie
Capt Rowlandson's g cb The Shrew
Mr C Ellis ch cb La Belle
Mr G Grafton Young's I M S br aust Lady Scandal
Mrs McCausland's ch aust Oaklands

Vigilance and Oaklands highly commended.

CLASS XVII—Heavy Weight Hunters up to over 13 stone.

1 Mr T L Roberts b aust Warlock
2 Lieut-Col G H Bull's I M S b aust Billow
Capt H de B Young's bay aust The Squire
Mrs Bingham b aust Scout
Mr R B Cousen's R F A b aust Bess
Capt A Stockley's R F A ch aust Sunbeam
Mr L C Swifte's b aust Mary Ann

RACING AT POONA.

WESTERN INDIA STAKES.

POONA, SEPT. 25.

The following are the handicaps for the Western India Stakes, distance 1 1-4 miles, which will be run on Saturday next :—

Stand off, 9 st. 12 lbs ; Record Reign, 9 st. 8 lbs Tubal Cain, 9 st. 7 lbs ; Security, 9 st. 6 lbs ; Venede 8 st. 13 lbs ; Loch Clieveden, 8 st. 12 lbs ; Wild Raven, 8 st. 6lbs ; Alix, 8 st. 5 lbs ; Amourette, 8 st. 4 lbs ; Henry, 8 st. 1 lb ; Ailie, 7 st. 12 lbs ; Dumbell, 7 st. 6 lbs ; Misrule, 7 st. 5 lbs ; Fitzeros, 7 st. 4 lbs ; Promontory, 7 st. 0 lb ; Trustee, 6 st. 4 lbs. Top weight not accepting weights to be raised 4 lbs.

"LE SOIR" calls attention to the sad condition of Belgian fishermen. Whereas in former years sixty to seventy boats used to make two separate journeys annually to the North Sea, returning each time with a catch of seventy to a hundred tons of codfish, this year only six boats sailed for the fishing-grounds. Of these five have returned with a total catch of 150 tons, and this, too, after five months' continuous fishing

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

THE ROVERS' TOURNAMENT.

SEMI-FINAL ROUND.

CHESHIRES vs. A. AND H. HIGHLANDERS

THE first of the semi-finals in the Rovers' tournament was reached yesterday evening when the Cheshires met the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders. There was a large crowd of onlookers and it was early evident that sympathy was mainly with the Cheshires. As the game progressed it was evident too that they were undeniably superior to the Highlanders, being much smarter on the ball and quicker in front of goal, the Scotsmen being saved from a heavy defeat especially in the second half by an excellent defence, combined with some erratic shooting on the part of the English forwards. The Cheshires started against the wind and were early attacking the Band Stand goal. After about ten minutes' play the Cheshires were testing the Scottish defence severely and a roar went up as Madden sent in a shot which found the net. Following the restart the Highlanders invaded but a capital save checked them. They came again and sent one into the hands of Sheldon, the Cheshire keeper, who got it away well and a return sent the ball out. The Cheesemen thereafter brought the ball down prettily, Madden on the outside left showing up well. The invasion was repulsed and attacking in turn the Highlanders sent in one from the right which went over the bar. The Cheshires quickly got up to the opposite goal and had a good opening, but a shot close in from the centre went by. At the other end the Scotsmen had a try from the left, and then the Englishmen rushing it along Bell sent in one which Maywood in goal saved well. The Highlanders travelled down and Sheldon had to deal with a good shot from near the twenty-five but he cleverly got it away. Directly afterwards the Highlanders being penalised for a foul the Cheshires relieved to near midfield as the whistle blew for half time. The teams thus crossed over with the Cheshire men leading by a goal to nothing.

Play in the second half was on the whole less even than in the first period, the Cheshires doing most of the attacking. After the opening exchanges they gave the Scottish back division a great deal of work to do and eventually had a fine opening which was lost by off side play. The check enabled the Highlanders to enter the opposite half and some exciting play followed dangerously near the Cheshires goal. It ended in the ball running out, and thereafter play, for some time, became very even, but the Cheshires repeatedly showed their greater smartness on the ball. Eventually getting away, a shot from the centre topped the bar. The Highlanders next called upon Sheldon who saved twice very cleverly, and his side rushing away once more had a fine chance through a Highlander missing. The Cheshire man on the left was however not quick enough in getting rid of the ball and the opening was lost. Very quickly thereafter the Cheshires seemed certain to score but the shot was well taken by Maywood and at the same time the whistle signalled "off-side." For a spell the Highlanders played up with determination but fell away again, and towards the close the Cheshires attacked more vigorously than ever. Several shots went over the bar and in the last two or three minutes Maywood dealt with three warm ones in brilliant fashion. When the whistle blew the score still stood

Cheshires.. 1 Goal
A. and S. Highlanders.............................. Nil.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA TOURNAMENT.

THE Bombay Gymkhana annual Rugby Football Tournament will be played next week on the Cooperage ground. Only four teams have entered and the draw is as under :—

West Yorks vs. Welsh Regiment, October 1st.
R. A. Colaba vs. Bombay Gymkhana, October 2nd
The final will be played on Saturday, October 4th.

There will be an ordinary game between the Gymkhana and the West Yorks Regiment on Monday, at 5 p. m.

THE HOLDERS OF THE CUP.

The holders of the Bombay Gymkhana Rugby Cup are the Welsh Regiment who have won it eight times in succession and may be expected to win it again. On Saturday last they added to their laurels by winning the Senior Rugby Challenge Cup at Calcutta. The 2nd Battalion Welsh Regiment, says the "Indian Daily News," may justly claim to be the best exponents of military rugger in India, a claim they established soon after their arrival in India, when the star of the Buffs was on the wane, and a title they are likely to hold for some time to come. When we consider the rapid increase of the popularity of the Association game in the Army and how eager every Regiment is to be able to hold its own in this respect, one cannot but admire the pluck of a single Battalion, which starts its Rugby team from a far away station in the Punjab on a tour through India, paying all expenses out of the Regimental Fund for the honour of annexing one Challenge Cup, retaining two others, and obtaining the absolute possession of a fourth. This is what the Welsh have left Subathu to do, and as the parting injunction of their comrades was "with your shields or upon them," they are very determined to succeed. The record of this team is really remarkable. They landed in India in 1892, and were sent to Secunderabad, from which station they went down in 1893 to Bombay, to compete for the Bombay Gymkhana Cup. They fought their way valiantly into the final, beating the then glorious Middlesex, led by that incomparable half-back Cattell. In the last struggle for supremacy Bombay beat them by a mighty effort, Walpole deciding the fortune of the day by one of his famous drop goals. They returned to Bombay in 1894, and

WON THE CUP GLORIOUSLY

and as far as that tournament is concerned have never since looked back. Last year they won the Cup for the eighth year in succession, and are confident of repeating the performance this year, although after Saturday's game with their old rivals they admit it will not be the easy task it was last year On their transference from Secunderabad to Ahmednagar they entered for the Sandhurst Cup open to British Regiments only, and won it two years in succession. At the third time of asking they were the only team to enter, and the Cup was given to them under the conditions of the tournament. They generously presented it to the Committee to be fought for over again, and since then have won twice in succession. They mean to obtain absolute possession this year. The Madras Cup they have won in 1900 and 1901, and this is one of the trophies they are confident of retaining. They first appeared in the Calcutta tournament in 1895 and were beaten by the C. F. C. by 9 points. The next year the same fate befell them ; but in 1897 they won the Cup, beating the Black Watch in the final. As a team the Welsh are as strong to-day as at any time in their ten years' service in this country, and for ourselves we can see only one weak point in their organisation, and that is the want of an officer to lead them. It would really be better, we think, if, for that purpose alone, Lieutenant Montgomery would occupy a place in the forward or three-quarter line. The Officers of the Regiment have always taken a keen interest in the team, and in 1897 no less than six played among the forwards. Before starting from Subathu the Welsh were very anxious to meet the Border Regiment, last year's winners of the Calcutta Cup, and fully expected to try conclusions there. The Borderers, however, did not enter to defend their title much to everybody's regret, but especially to that of the Welsh, who have beaten every other Rugby playing Regiment in India.

TROOPER LUCAS, of the West Kent Imperial Yeomanry, has just received a most enthusiastic welcome on his return home to Aylesford, near Maidstone, from South Africa. His father received a notification from the War Office some months ago that his son had died at the front, and, besides going into mourning, the family were the recipients of many sympathetic letters.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

AUTUMN GOWNS AND DAINTY MILLINERY.

CHILDREN AND BOARDING SCHOOLS.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, SEPT. 5.

With the advent of the 1st of September country house visiting for the shooting season is in full swing. Before starting off on a round of these visits, a general overhauling of frocks must take place ; all that are not quite fresh and up-to-date must be rejected without compunction, and the necessary additions must be made to our stock of smart early autumn clothes. In country house visiting, as in travelling, the suitability of each costume must be carefully thought out before it is packed, so as to save the worry of dragging unnecessary luggage round the country. Many of the "wise virgins" who bought "bargains" with a discerning eye, and with a view to present contingencies, can now rejoice in the fact that they will be able to appear in some pretty new frocks at a tithe of the expense of those of their less provident sisters. This is the secret of all who dress well on small means. So often does one hear it said, "How does that woman manage it ?" The answer is really quite simple. The necessary taste and discrimination in picking up smart remnants at sales, some really first-rate patterns, clever ideas, and last, but not least, a useful maid or sewing-woman to carry them out. Take, for example, the pretty demi-evening dinner frock, which is quite as important as the full-dress gown for visiting. Every woman in the "swim" knows that it was a perfectly safe investment during the sales to lay by remnants of white, black, or coloured tulles, chiffons, and nets for evening gowns, as there are unfailing signs that fashion will more than ever favour these soft fabrics in the coming winter. It is not yet too late to buy these remnants, as sales are still going on in some places. These materials are also invaluable for covering up old light satin or silk dresses, which, after being cleaned, sometimes look poor alone, but do fresh service under a lace or net covering. Another advantage is that the skirts can easily be remodelled, as the necessary joins are successfully hidden.

A useful evening or dinner dress for country house wear is made of black net, spotted with fair-sized chenille spots, and trimmed with jet and sequinned clear insertion. This looks charming made up over ivory, ciel blue, or even scarlet taffeta, and should be made quite separately to put on over both bodice and skirt, so it can appear over different coloured foundations. The neck and sleeves are transparent. A bow of ribbon, run through the net and tied smartly on one side, gives a nice finish. If the costume is worn over black, it seems hardly needful to say that the ribbon should be of a contrasting colour, but if worn over a light foundation, it should carry out the tone. Black ribbon velvet arranged like this is very effective if the net is worn over white or ivory silk. These pretty spotted nets can be bought, if desired, all white or all ecru. A very effective had an ivory ground with black spots. For economy nothing in these flimsy materials wears better than net, and it is quite inexpensive as well as useful in a hundred ways. For more extravagant wear very beautiful evening skirts can now be bought in white net covered with gold embroidery, or black net embroidered with gold. These are sold all ready to put on over any slip you may have. Cream mousseline de soie over green taffeta is also effective. The mousseline is embroidered with a design in lace, which again is picked out with green paillettes. Some rich white satin skirts have recently been beautifully embroidered with flowers in silk. These extravagant garments are destined, of course, for very smart occasions. Most fascinating bundles of autumn flannels could be bought during the sales at the large shops. Those of us who were wise enough to seize this chance have endless possibilities opened out for making the ever-useful and popular flannel skirt. With a little ingenuity and neat workmanship it is surprising how many original and becoming styles can be evolved.

That five women will attempt the trimming of a hat to the one who tackles the making of her own frock goes without saying, and the reason, perhaps, is not far to seek, when one thinks what an elaborate business is the making of even a simple frock. The making of a frock asks as much patience as it does experience, and perhaps so does the making of a hat, only the ordinary woman does not think so. However, whether this is or is not the case, one is impressed with the chances that now await the ambitious amateur in the way of improved hat shapes and prepared materials. Truly her path is immensely easier than it was a year or two back, when a shape of intelligent modish architecture could not be had in the untrimmed state except in one or two places, and then was so expensive that the amateur could economise but very little when buying it. An intermediate day in town afforded last week the opportunity of a peep at some of the new autumn shapes, and they were stimulating. One quite yearned for a bout at trimming hats ; the white felts, with just a border of colour on the brim, looked so tempting, and the wings-such delightful wings !-seemed to suggest such blendings of colour, while the velvet and ribbons added still more temptation. For the coming month these pretty pale and creamy white felts with the borders of colour are capital. The borders were of the modish tones of the moment—emerald green and dark blue and brown ; and the idea at once suggested itself that a white felt, bordered by the tone of one's autumn cloth costume, would be a happy one, ribbon velvet and wings supplying the rest required. In all shapes the low crown is universal ; it is in the brim of the new shapes that we find a variousness.

They either turn decidedly up or decidedly down, or are else set at a clear right angle to the head ; in which case they are generally of a build akin to the traditional sailor, that of the slightly upturned persuasion. This last shape has great charm draped with lace, and it is of that ilk that the bewitching travelling-hat worn by Miss Marie Tempest in the last act of "The Marriage of Kitty" is found to be. Her hat is in purple straw, with a cream lace veil draped around to hang down at the back and stuck in front with lovely diamond pins, which have a business as well as a decorative intent. It is a recent whim, this of placing hatpins from the front and thereby "killing two birds with the one stone," and it certainly encourages one in the acquiring of the best specimens of the species hatpin. This particular sailory shape or hat is also rather nice with an almost prim, even wreath of flowers or foliage a wreath of flowers set closely and evenly around the crown. For the moment quite excellent would be this shape in white straw with a brim border of emerald green velvet and a wreath of ivy ; or if blue were wanted, a border of dark blue velvet and a wreath of cornflowers or a blending of blue with mauve ; in other flowers pansies and forget-me-nots. This is as good an idea for a quite young girl's hat. The London milliner is for the moment showing little else than green and blue hats.

At this time of the year many parents are sending their children, both boys and girls, to boarding school for the first time. For those who cannot afford the expense of one of the well-known public schools, the choice between the merits of the thousand and one secondary schools is difficult. The paterfamilias scans the rival claims of the many prospectuses, till his brain grows weary in the struggle to decide which is the best from the educational point of view. When he at last decides, then the claims of the mother step in. She ought to make it her business, for her boys as well as for her girls, to take the trouble to make the necessary journey to see the selected school, and also to make an exhaustive inquiry into the physical and material management of the institution. For the want of this timely care many a child at a critical age has been sent to a school where the lack of good food and healthy environment has laid the seeds of permanent ill-health or even early death. The moral welfare is so intimately connected with the physical that the young moral nature will also suffer in depressing physical surroundings. To take an instance. A wise mother will insist that where prep or piano practice before breakfast is the rule, that the child should be given on rising at least half a pint of milk with bread and butter, or a few biscuits. The value of work before breakfast on an empty stomach is practically nil and should strongly advise a parent, ceteris paribus, to choose a school where this ancient, unnecessary, and often harmful custom has been abandoned. It is all important that a healthy, bracing neighbourhood away from a town if possible, should be chosen. For delicate children sea air is a valuable addition. The supply of good, inexpensive schools at the sea is necessarily very small, and to insist on this point is to limit the choice in other directions. But the school ought not to be less than a hundred feet above the sea level, and the house must stand on gravel soil and have good cellarage, to prevent the downstair rooms from being damp. The drainage must be modern, and in perfect order. It is well worth while, if there is any doubt, to get a report on the drainage from the local sanitary inspector. Inquiries should be made if there have been any outbreaks of infectious disease during the last ten years, and, if so, from what cause. No school should be selected that is not provided with a sanatorium, or isolation wing, in case of an outbreak of fever.

The dormitories must be inspected with great care. The rooms ought to be light and airy, and large enough to permit of a free current of air for ventilation without draughts. Two thousand cubic feet of air is the proper allowance for each child, and there should be a fireplace in every room, for use in case of need in cold, and for ventilation in hot weather. It is needless to say that under no circumstances should more than one child sleep in a bed. The latter should be of the small, plain, hospital type, with hair and wool mattresses, and an allowance of as much as four blankets should be made in cold weather. It is healthier to have no carpet in the room, but only a rug at each bedside over the cleanly-scrubbed boards, as these can be taken up and shaken each day. None of the children's clothes should be kept in the dormitories, but there should be separate linen-rooms, from which the matron or housekeeper can carry the clothes when needed. Inquiries should be especially made as to the facilities for baths. In all well-managed schools a bath is provided for each child, at least, every other day, and often every day. It is very essential that this fact should be ascertained, as, quite apart from health, personal habits of cleanliness are formed during school life which are of great importance in the future. Some children, whose circulation is rather defective, suffer much from cold at school during the bitter weather for want of an extra blanket. In these cases the mother should always ask if she may send a rug if more blankets cannot be allowed at the school.

CYCLING AT HOME.

LONDON, SEPT. 5th.

A VERY sad accident is reported from Dublin wherein a lady visitor from London met with a cycling accident, which resulted in fatal injuries. She was riding along a road which was partly up for the purpose of laying water pipes, when without any warning, she fell down an excavation which is said to have been left unprotected. This is the third case reported this year, wherein lady cyclists have figured in similar accidents, only the previous ones were, fortunately, of a less serious nature. Road contractors certainly display negligence at times in the manner that unfinished roads are left, and their responsibility should be more thoroughly impressed upon them. It should be made a criminal offence to leave any road undergoing repair, in such a state as to leave any risk of accident to road users.

Four good unpaced road records were made last week, which in itself is a record as speedwork on the highway goes now-a-days. Years ago, record attempts on the road were of daily occurrence and the danger to foot passengers was increased by the hosts of pace makers each record breaker required. Unpaced rides, however, afford no element of danger, and are of a far more interesting character. The first record is that of L. Martin's, of the Bath Road C. C., who rode from Land's End to London, a distance 305 miles, in 23 hrs. 16 mins. 16 secs., beating the previous unpaced safety bicycle record by 3 hrs. 9 mins. Then Messrs. R. Ibbotson and F. Wingrave established an unpaced tandem record from London to Portsmouth and back, covering the double journey in 8 hrs. 25 mins. 10 secs. Messrs. R. J. and A. F. Ilsley succeeded in regaining the hundred miles road record of 4 hrs. 40 mins. 1 sec., by completing the distance in 4 hrs. 36 mins. 29 secs., a speed of nearly 22 miles an hour; and, lastly, H. Green, the professional road rider, who recently made such a good ride over the London to Brighton and back course, broke his own record of 5 hrs. 3 mins. for the hundred miles, his time being 4 hrs. 36 mins. 22 secs.

The idea of the Rev. J. M. Bacon, of a balloon leaving a beleagured city and carrying despatches over the heads of the enemy, was put to a practical test last Saturday, and provided considerable excitement and sport to the body of cyclists who were on duty to chase the balloon and capture the despatches when the balloon descended. The balloon ascended from the Stamford Bridge Grounds and travelled to Leatherhead in Surrey, covering, as the crow flies, a matter of 15 miles. The wheelmen kept in close pursuit, a tandem pair coming up within 10 minutes of the descent.

An old time cyclist is now appearing in the suburbs of London as a professional wire walker, the vocation he dropped when the cycle path attracted him some years ago for long distance riding. We refer to C. Fontaine, who, in 1895, put up a very fine twenty-four hours ride in the first race run for the Carwardine Cup. The race was open to unlicensed riders, there being at the time considerable strife between the N. C. U. and sport promoting bodies regarding the amateur status. At that time the best men at racing posed as unlicensed riders after having been refused an amateur license by the Union.

Motor traction is making rapid strides in this country, and the horse is gradually but surely being supplanted by the more modern means of locomotion. A correspondent, who had travelled by one of the electric trams now running from Hammersmith to Kew, describes his experience in the "Daily Telegraph," he says:—"At one part of the journey, where a good stretch of road was in view, not a single horse could be seen, but there were two or three electrically propelled trams-cars, several motors, and a number of cyclists. A year or two ago horses and horsedrawn carriages were there in plenty; now they are supplanted by electricity, petroleum, and the pedal—much to the convenience, pleasure and speed of the public."

An attempt is being made by a lady cyclist to ride from the Marble Arch, London, to John O'Groats and then to Land's End and back again to London, altogether a distance of 1890 miles, in 18 1-2 days, or a century a day. A hundred miles a day is not a formidable task, but when repeated for eighteen consecutive days it is a good feat of endurance, especially for a lady rider. When she started on her journey, a large crowd of wheelmen assembled to bid her a hearty good-bye. Miss Rose Symons, who is the lady in question, is a vegetarian, and the ride is undertaken to demonstrate the stamina and endurance derived from vegetarian diet.

The foolish practice of carrying young children on seats placed in front of the handle-bars of a bicycle, is still followed by many insane parents, who expose their offspring to great dangers through their thoughtlessness. Although many accidents have, from time to time, been reported, a certain portion of the public are too bigoted to take the warning. The habit of carrying children in this manner should be made a criminal offence. A cyclist of Gainsborough, whilst carrying his child on his bicycle, collided with another rider, and came to grief. Fortunately the child escaped on this occasion, and, we almost rejoice to say, the adult sustained severe injuries.

Over 15,000 people assembled at the Canning Town cycle track, on Saturday, August 30th, to witness what proved to be the finest cycle race meeting held in London this year. A very good programme had been provided hence the large crowd of spectators. The famous French motorist, V. Rigal, made two attempts at record on his motor bycycle, but was unsuccessful in putting up new figures; and likewise A. A. Chase, in his motor paced attempt on the ten miles record, failed by 5 secs to eclipse the previous best, although he improved on some of the intermediate distances. A tandem match which has been arranged between the tandem champions—A. S. Ingram and R. Janson, and A. L. Reed and H. Buck—proved an exciting race, Ingram and partner winning by a length. There were five other events decided at this meeting, including the London Centre N.C.U. one mile championship, and altogether the afternoon provided a round of good sport, which now-a-days, it is hard to find.

A very successful motor-cycle race meeting was held at the Crystal Palace on Friday last, under the direction of the Automobile Club of Great Britain and Ireland. An hour scratch race, and two handicaps at five and ten miles respectively, comprised the programme, the hour race providing no less than thirteen starters. This was won by J. Van Hooydonk who covered 42 miles 290 yards, British record. Hooydonk also made fastest times in the two other events. His bicycle was fitted with the speedy and reliable Dunlop motor tyres.

THE WILL FORGERY CASE.

SANCTION FOR PROSECUTION CANCELLED

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Crowe and the Hon. Mr. Justice Aston heard at the High Court yesterday an application of Rustomji Hormusji Tarwalla, praying for the setting aside an order passed by Mr. D. B. Binning, late Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, directing his prosecution before the Third Presidency Magistrate, under section 476, on a charge of perjury. Mr. Branson, with the Hon. Mr. Goculdas Kahandas Parekh, appeared for the applicant.

Mr. Branson said this was a matter which arose out of a trial of certain persons on a charge of forgery before Mr. Binning, who, in the course of the proceedings, directed the prosecution of his client who was a witness for the prosecution in the case. The applicant was examined on two days. On the first he made certain statements against the accused and on the second he retracted them and said they were false. The magistrate, after examining him, held that the applicant had distinctly given false evidence, and in as much as, he said, he had reason to fear that false evidence was becoming common, he ordered the man to be arrested. The magistrate then proceeded, apparently under section 476, to charge him with having committed an offence under section 195 of the Penal Code, especially in stating that the story he (the applicant) had told about the second and the third accused coming to his shop was false; and ordered him to be sent to the Third Presidency Magistrate for trial. Counsel observed that, in the first place, it was quite obvious without discussing the propriety of the order, the Magistrate had no power under section 476 to send the accused to another Presidency Magistrate. Secondly, counsel thought, the judgment of the Full Bench in the case of Crown against Kashinath Dinkar must have escaped the magistrate's recollection when he made such an order as that, in the midst of a case which went on for days afterwards. Mr. Branson submitted that the order was made in indecent haste. He based the charge of perjury on the following statement of the applicant: "The story that I have told about the accused Nos. 2 and 3 is false." Counsel contended that a man could be charged for making a false statement, but not for saying that he admitted that he had made a false statement.

Mr. Justice Crowe, in delivering judgment, said they did not consider it necessary to discuss the question as to whether the Chief Presidency Magistrate had authority to send the applicant to another Presidency Magistrate for trial. Their lordships were of opinion that it was a mistake to pass such an order while the proceedings were pending, and they, therefore, set it aside.

Under the above order Inspector Sloane placed the accused before Mr. J. Sanders Slater, Chief Presidency Magistrate, yesterday, when the accused was enlarged on his furnishing a bail of Rs. 4000. The committal of the accused was postponed till to-day.

A BOY MONEY LENDER.

AT the Bombay Small Causes Court yesterday, Mr Mahomed Hoosein Hakim, Acting Third Judge, disposed of a case in which Verdha Moti and others who constitute a firm of Marwari money lenders sought to recover from Sakalchund Muddidas, a young Marwari, a sum of Rs. 450 being the amount alleged to have been taken by him from a boy named Goma, in the employ of the plaintiffs, or in the alternative as money lent and advanced to him. Mr. Bilimoria, pleader, appeared for the plaintiffs, and Mr. K. K. Suntoke and Mr. Taraporevalla, pleaders, represented the defendants. The plaintiffs' case was that while they were all at their temple at Pydhownee, the defendant went to their shop and obtained from a boy named Goma, who had been left in charge of the place, a sum of Rs 450 on the representation that he had seen the senior partner of the firm and obtained his order for the same. Since then the defendants' whereabouts could not be traced, though his room was only twenty-five paces from the plaintiffs' shop. Subsequently he was found, and on being confronted with the boy Goma, he admitted having taken away the money and promised to repay it. The defendant, in his defence, denied having taken the money at all and denied other allegations.

His Honor in disposing of the case observed that the plaintiffs' story was incredible. The boy did not mention the circumstance to his masters on their return from the temple, and when asked about the shortage of Rs. 450, he at first said that he did not recollect it and it was only under a threat that he admitted having lent the money to the defendant. The Court also considered it improbable that when they succeeded in getting hold of the defendant four or five days after, and the latter agreed to hand over the money to them, they should have been content with his oral promise, considering the fraud he had committed, and should not have insisted on a written acknowledgment or taken criminal proceedings against him. His Honor was inclined to believe that the plaintiffs had tried to screen the boy, who was first plaintiff's brother-in-law, from the consequences of giving away the money without their authority. The suit was therefore ordered to be dismissed.

APPEAL AGAINST AN ORDER OF DISCHARGE.

THE WILL FORGERY CASE.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Crowe and the Hon. Mr. Justice Aston resumed the hearing at the High Court yesterday, of arguments in connection with the rule obtained by the Government against Vurjivandas alias Kalidas Bhaichand, calling upon him to show cause why the order passed by Mr. Binning, late Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, discharging him, should not be set aside, and why he should not be committed to the Court of the Sessions. Mr. Branson, with Mr. Rao appeared to show cause; while the Hon. Mr. Scott, the Advocate-General, instructed by Mr. Nicholson, the Public Prosecutor, appeared to support the rule.

Mr. Branson, in his reply, submitted that the points urged by the prosecution in this Court had not been urged before the magistrate and if that were so, there was no ground for coming to this Court. He asked their lordships to consider whether his client had been fairly treated by the prosecution. If it were merely a question of admissibility of evidence and not the appreciation of it, and if their lordships ruled that the evidence was admissible and committed his client for trial, the Judge presiding at the Sessions Court would feel himself bound to act upon that ruling. It would not leave it open to the accused to have the question decided by the Sessions Judge. Having regard to that eventuality, he asked their lordships not to exercise their special powers,—assuming that they had such powers,—and interfere with the order of the magistrate.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Crowe, in delivering judgment, said they were of opinion that the Court had jurisdiction by law to direct the commitment of the accused in this case, and that there was "prima facie" evidence,—apart from the contentious matters, about which they would give no opinion, to justify the committal of the accused by the magistrate. Their lordships accordingly passed an order directing the Chief Presidency Magistrate to commit the accused to the Court of Sessions.

A DECREE FOR NULLITY OF MARRIAGE.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Russell heard at the High Court yesterday, a suit brought by Georgina Matilda Hewett against Vernon Selwood Hewett, in which the plaintiff, who was allowed to sue "in forma pauperis," applied for nullity of her marriage with the respondent on the ground of the respondent being a brother of her deceased husband. Mr. Donald, instructed by Messrs. Kanga and Patel, appeared for the petitioner. There was no appearance for the respondent.

The petitioner stated that she was married to the respondent in 1898 in fact, though not in law, at Bowen Church, after she had become a widow. At the time of the marriage, the respondent, by reason of his having been brother to her deceased husband G. B. Hewett, was legally disqualified to enter into the contract of marriage. Petitioner stated there was no collusion or connivance in respect of the subject of the suit. Respondent left her in August 1901, and petitioner was informed that he is employed on the Ajmere, Rajputana, Malwa Railway as a guard on Rs. 60 per month with batta allowance. Under the circumstances, she, petitioner, prayed for nullity of marriage.

His Lordship, after hearing the petitioner's statement, held that the respondent was a domiciled Englishman, and passed a decree for nullity of marriage in favour of the petitioner with costs.

HOW TO KEEP COOL.

We strongly recommend all who suffer from the heat to add a few drops of Condy's Fluid to the Daily Bath or Foot Bath.

A Condy's Fluid Bath imparts a most delightful sensation of coolness, freshness and purity, it invigorates the body and braces the nerves. The strengthening and cooling effects are Simply Magical. Tired or Tender feet are instantly relieved. Book on bottle contains full directions.

Condy's Fluid is sold by all Chemists throughout the British Empire. Beware of substitutes. Insist on having "Condy's Fluid." Condy & Mitchell, of London, England, are the only Makers and their name and address is at foot of label.

THEATRICAL MANAGER AND ACTOR.

ACTION FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT.

AT the Bombay Small Causes Court yesterday, Mr C. W. Chitty, Chief Judge, disposed of the suit in which Mr. Cawasjee Pallonjee Khatau, proprietor of the Alfred Theatrical Company sued Muncher-shaw Rustomjee Kararia, formerly an actor in that Company, for Rs. 1 400, being the amount of damages sustained by the plaintiff by reason of the defendant's breach in performing the contract of service entered into by him on the 20th March 1900. The damage was estimated at the amount agreed to be paid by the defendant as ascertained and liquidated damages. Mr. Cawasjee Setna, pleader, appeared for the plaintiff, the defendant being represented by Mr. K. F. Patuck, pleader. The plaintiff's case was that by an agreement made in Bombay, on the 20th March 1900, the defendant agreed to enter into his service in Bombay, and elsewhere as an actor in his theatrical company for a period of three years certain. The agreement provided 'inter alia' that the defendant in the event of his leaving the service before the expiration of the period agreed upon, should pay to the plaintiff Rs. 1 400 by way of ascertained and liquidated damages. The defendant continued to perform in the plaintiff's Company until the end of July last, when the Company was at Hydrabad. He then asked for and obtained from the plaintiff a week's leave to proceed to Bombay on the pretext of celebrating his marriage promising to join the Company at Poona on the 9th August. He, however, did not rejoin the Company and refused to do so in spite of repeated requests from the plaintiff and had since been employed in another theatrical company. Owing to the wrongful act of the defendant in leaving the plaintiff's service without any intimation and before the expiration of the period, the plaintiff alleged that he had been put to considerable loss and inconvenience in the conduct of his business and sustained considerable damages. He frequently demanded from the defendant the sum agreed upon for the breach of the contract, but the latter had not paid it.

After the evidence of the plaintiff was recorded, Mr. Patuck for the defendant admitted the breach of contract, but denied the damages. The defendant in his evidence said since he left the plaintiff's service he had not been permanently employed in any other theatrical company. However, he performed off and on at a theatre at Grant Road at one rupee or one rupee and eight annas per night. When he left Hydrabad for Bombay to celebrate his brother's marriage, he was presented with Rs 101 by the plaintiff and a like amount was subscribed for by the actors of the company. He did not obtain these presents on the representation that he was going to celebrate his own marriage.

His Honor assessed the damages at Rs. 400 and passed a decree for that amount with costs and certified Rs. 51 as professional costs of the plaintiff.

TERRIBLE STRUGGLE WITH A SHARK.

THE "Kobe Herald" of the 25th ult., gives details of a struggle which a Japanese had with a shark. He was seized by a shark while swimming off Maiko. The unfortunate man was rescued by fishermen, but he expired soon after reaching the shore. He gave his name as Takahashi Kensuke, and said he belonged to Kitahoriye, Hatchome Nishi Ku, Osaka. He was not more than twenty yards from the shore when the shark seized him. Immediately on being attacked, he cried out for help, and a fishing boat which happened to be near the spot proceeded to his aid. The man was carried down beneath the surface more than once before the boat reached the place. One of the fishermen held out a long pole to the man when he came to the surface, and the shark then dropped his hold. The man was almost unconscious, but the fishermen who say they saw the shark quite plainly, succeeded in getting him on board their smack. The man was quite unconscious before he reached the shore, and for a long time the efforts made to restore consciousness were unsuccessful. Fortunately, two marines from the German battleship Fuerst Bismarck happened to pass, and seeing a crowd assembled on the beach they went to see what was going on. Taking in the situation at a glance both men did everything they could to induce artificial respiration. After some time the unfortunate man opened his eyes and was able, at intervals, to give his name and address. A few minutes later he fell back dead. A telegraphic message was sent to the man's family, and the remains were handed over to them during the night. The man lost all the fingers on his left hand and four on his right, the small finger alone being left. His hip was terribly mangled. The terrible affair has given rise to some extraordinary reports. One is that a school of sharks has been seen in the neighbourhood, but the truth is that so far only the one shark has been seen. Mr. Hattori, the Governor of the Prefecture happened to be at Maiko yesterday, and visited the spot just after the unfortunate victim succumbed.

THE BOERS IN CEYLON.

NEARLY THREE THOUSAND IRRECONCILABLES.

A CORRESPONDENT writing to a Ceylon paper from the Boer Camp at Diyatalawa, says:—Everything is very quiet up here now, and no sign visible that the Camp will be closed for months to come. The Army Service Corps are inviting tenders for supplies and services for the troops in Ceylon and for 'Prisoners-of-War' for 1903, that seems as if our guests will be here for a long time. There are now here 2,800 prisoners who have not yet signed their allegiance and who say that they "will not" sign. And who will blame them when they can have good food, lodging, jam, milk, etc., without working for them, particularly as they know that when they go back to S. Africa they will have to work hard and then not be half so well off, many of them at any rate, as they are here. They are now allowed to roam about and are not confined to the wired enclosure and there is not much in their treatment and surroundings to make them feel they are prisoners.

CHARGE AGAINST A J. P.'s WIFE.

SERIOUS ALLEGATION OF CRUELTY TO A CHILD.

MRS. ANNIE ELIZABETH PENRUDDOCKE, wife of Mr. Charles Penruddocke, J.P., of Compton Park, Salisbury, appeared on a summons before the Salisbury magistrates to answer several charges of cruelty and neglect in connection with her little six year-old daughter, Letitia Constance. The case excited tremendous interest in the district, the court and the square outside being crowded. For the prosecution it was alleged that, while Mrs. Penruddocke had shown herself a kind mother to her other children, she had had a strong feeling of hatred towards the child from its birth, and had carried out a system of petty persecution with the object of making its life unhappy. Evidence was given to the effect that on one occasion she expressed a wish that the child should eat some poisonous berries growing near the house, and on another occasion, when a governess protested against the girl being ordered to climb a fence, the mother said: "I wish she would fall and break her neck." Miss Ellen Conroy, who had been governess at the Penruddocke's house for nearly three months, described in detail the petty persecution to which the child was daily subjected.

A VEGETABLE DIET.

While the other children were well fed with meat, vegetables, and sweets, Constance who sat at table with them, was only allowed to eat vegetables. On one occasion, when Mr. Penruddocke suggested that Connie should have pudding, Mrs. Penruddocke said No, it's her own fault if she has not had enough she helped herself. She helped herself to one potato. She had nothing else but a glass of water. For tea the child had a piece of bread-and butter cut by witness at the sideboard; she had nothing to drink and had no supper. The other children had tea and supper. Connie went to bed before the other children. Several times the child had been severely beaten by her mother, and witness had seen bruises on her body, legs, and face. Mrs. Penruddocke did not speak of the child kindly calling her creature, wretch, dwarf and ruffian." The child was always frightened when in her mother's presence, and shrank at her approach. Medical evidence was also given showing that the child was in a terribly bruised condition when taken away from her mother by order of the magistrates, at the instance of the Rev. B. Waugh.

THE CHILD GIVES EVIDENCE.

The child herself, who had been staying in charge of a nurse at Brighton, also gave evidence, stating that her mother had fed her with mustard, and had given her a raisin to eat filled with mustard. She had also put a wasp down her neck, and had rubbed her face with stinging nettles. A big bruise the doctor had seen on her cheek was caused by a kick from her mother. For the defence, it was contended that the evidence was grossly exaggerated and the Bench were appealed to deal with the case summarily, but the magistrates committed the defendant for trial at the assizes, admitting her to bail. The Penruddockes are a very old county family with an ancestral title dating back to the commonwealth, when one of the line distinguished himself against Cromwell, eventually losing his head for insurrection at Exeter. The family own Compton Park, about eight miles from the Cathedral city a fine estate of some 4,000 acres, lying a few miles beyond the Earl of Pembroke's seat at Wilton.

THE WAYS OF CHINESE SERVANTS.

IT is not an uncommon thing to hear people in the East say that they are still in want of a Chinese cook, whilst others will have numbers of applications directly it is known that their cook has left. The reason for this is easily discovered if the master of the house walks down to the kitchen after his cook has been discharged, and takes notice how a saucepan, which will be found standing on the ground is placed. Chinese servants, particularly those from Singapore when discharged, leave signs which the new comer looks for immediately he enters the kitchen. If the place is considered a good one, a saucepan will be left on the ground with the lid put on properly. If the lid is placed in the saucepan upside down, that is to say, with the handle of the lid inside the saucepan, it means that the servant has gone away for a short time only and that as soon as he can, he intends to return, as the situation is considered a good one. If the lid of the saucepan is left out on the ground near the saucepan which is standing the right way up, it means the house is in want of servants. If the lid is put half way in and half out of the saucepan, it means that the place is a good one, but the master of the house is stingy. Should the saucepan have still some rice in it, and the lid closed properly, it means that the servant is quite satisfied with everything concerning the people of the house, but that he is forced to leave on account of debts or other reasons which inconvenience him. If the master is in the habit of cutting a servant's pay for broken or lost articles or for other faults, a mark is made on the bottom of the saucepan in chalk which will not rub out easily. The Chinese boy makes his mark behind the pantry or bedroom door, and the waterman on the bottom of his tubs. The Hylam Chinese are said to have adopted these signs from the Macao Chinese, who in the first case got the idea from the Tamils.—"Straits Times."

SAT ON HOT BRICKS.

IRISH WITCH-DOCTOR'S QUEER PRESCRIPTION.

A SO-CALLED witch doctor appeared in the police court at Ballygor, Co. Galway, on a charge of having obtained money by false pretences. The accused was a small farmer in the district, and the prosecutor another farmer, named Moore, who had for two months been ill. The accused met Moore, and told him if he carried out his instructions he would be assound as a rock. As a first instalment he demanded about twelve shillings from Moore to get through the preliminaries, and when he came to the real "cure" he said it would be necessary to have gold, silver, and copper coins. The sick man provided a sovereign, a twoshilling piece, and a penny. The witch-doctor then stripped him, wound him up in a sheet, and placed him sitting in a chair in which were two red-hot bricks. The poor patient underwent terrible agony, but he bore it patiently, while the witch-doctor went on his knees and uttered some unintelligible prayers. After the burning the prisoner put the coins separately into the sick man's mouth. He refused to allow him to touch them with his hand. Then he buried the coins, and told Moore he was cured, but warned him against looking for the coins, saying that if anyone dug the place up they would very likely instead find a couple of "dharkdiels" (an insect credited by the ignorant and superstitious with the powers of the Evil One). The police subsequently dug up the ground where the coins were supposed to have been buried, but none were found there.

The prisoner was sent for trial.

AN EXCITING VOYAGE.

THE China Navigation Steamship Chingtu arrived at Hongkong on Sept. 3, after an incidental round voyage to Sydney via the Torres Straits. She left Hongkong on June 30th and no sooner than the day after her departure a fireman was found to be missing. On arrival at Sydney, greatly to the surprise of everyone the chief and second engineers were arrested for murder being accused of throwing the missing fireman overboard. Regarding this accusation both of the accused were granted bail and, in fact allowed to leave the country. Mr. A. Kerr, the chief engineer, did so and is still attached to his ship, but Mr. C. Pengelly, the second engineer, preferred to stop in Sydney. The adjourned hearing is to take place on Sept. 22nd and as it was decided that the five Chinese (firemen) witnesses should be detained in Sydney four Europeans were shipped to replace them. It has proved a very good exchange for during the return trip there was no scarcity of steam, though on the passage out it was a very different tune. On the 16th ult. while the vessel was bound North (Sydney, to Hongkong) Captain J. E. Williams who had been in the employ of the China Navigation Company, Limited for 26 years, died at sea and was buried at Brampton Island, south of Townsville, Queensland, on the following day. Captain W. B. Brown, her present commander, reports a fine weather voyage. Shortly after the vessel arrived alongside the Douglas wharf on Wednesday, part of her cargo consisting of 35 walers from Sydney, for the Hongkong races, were landed on to the Praya.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

SEPT. 25.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

AMERICA—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

CHINA—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect. Via Bhamo, perfect.

AFRICA—Via Aden, perfect. Via Cadiz Teneriffe, perfect. Via Lisbon, St. Vincent, perfect.

Cable Puerto Plata Martinique interrupted.

Cable Guantanamo Mole St Nicolas is interrupted.

Cable Cayenne Pinheiros interrupted.

Telegrams for Benguela (West Africa) are subject to censorship.

Cables Dominique Martinique, St. Lucia Martinique, Guadaloupe Martinique, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, St. Lucia, and Grenada interrupted.

Telegrams will be conveyed frequently by steamers.

Cable communication with Martinique is open via Lisbon and Cadiz.

Telegrams can only be accepted at sender's risk.

Code Addresses should not be used.

The telegraph administration of the Portuguese Colonies notifies that private telegrams in code or cipher will be accepted and delivered at Loanda and Benguela (West Africa) if senders and addressees deposit their books with the authorities at those places.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24th hours ending at 8 p. m. of the 25th September 1902.
(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via.	Latest Dates.			Time occupied in transmission.	
	D.	H.	M.	Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	24	9	23 p.m.	9	37
Teheran	25	2	3 p.m.	...	19
Suez	25	2	35 p.m.	...	11

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m., of the 25th Sept., 1902.

—	Maximum Time.		Minimum Time.	
	H.	M.	H.	M.
From Calcutta	0	44	0	1
" Karachi	0	24	0	1
" Madras	0	47	0	5

THE Thames Steamboat Company will perhaps find some consolation in the fact that theirs is not the only river passenger service that is conducted at a loss. The little Clutha boats that run on the Clyde at Glasgow are in danger of being stopped. The Clutha service was started in 1884 with four boats, chiefly for the convenience of the harbour traffic; but so popular did the new means of conveyance prove with the general public that two additional boats were put on the same year. In 1890 the number was increased to eight boats, in 1891 other two were built, and in 1896 a similar addition was made—making in all a fleet of twelve boats. For four years from 1898 some three million passengers were carried annually, but this year there has been a drop to less than two and a half million. The opening of the Lanarkshire and Dumbartonshire Railway and the Subway led to a material falling-off in the traffic; but the introduction of the electric tramway service proved by far the most serious blow to the Clutha service.

MR. BEN H. MORGAN, Engineering Trades Commissioner, and Mr. T. Nicol Jenkin, representing miscellaneous trades, have returned to England at the conclusion of their tour through the South African Colonies, made for the purpose of inquiring into and reporting on the state of and openings for trade there. Besides dealing in detail with the leading trades, and making recommendations to British manufacturers, the reports will contain a large amount of information respecting shipping, dock, and harbour facilities. A large amount of information respecting shipping, dock, and harbour facilities, Customs tariffs, South African railway rates, and terms of payment and discounts, and, in addition, a unique directory of British merchants in South Africa, in which will be specially indicated the names of those merchants who have expressed to the Commissioners a desire to at all times give preference to British goods. The reports will be available to British firms who are subscribers in about three weeks or a month's time and to the general public about a month later.

FIRE ON A BRITISH INDIA STEAMER.

SPONTANEOUS COMBUSTION.

OFFICERS OVERCOME BY FUMES.

THERE was some concern in shipping circles at Fremantle yesterday says the "Sydney Morning Herald" of September 4th, when it became known that a fire had broken out on board the B. I. S. N. liner "Sealda," which is lying at the North Wharf loading jarrah sleepers for India. The vessel arrived from Calcutta on Friday last, and will proceed to Melbourne en route to Townsville and usual ports. The fire was confined to the cross-bunkers, situated in the waist of the ship, and containing a large quantity of mixed Indian and Welsh coal. On Tuesday one hundred tons of Indian coal was transferred from the No. 3 hold to the bunker hold, and then everything appeared to be all right. During the night, however, a slight smell of burning matter was observed by some of the crew, but no notice was taken. At 4 a.m. the "gunner" (the head of the black crew) noticed smoke issuing from the bunker, and at once informed the officer on watch, who reported the matter to the master of the vessel. Capt. MacIntyre at once got the ship's hoses and patent steam extinguisher to work on the coal but seeing that that had not the desired effect, he reported the matter to the authorities. The acting chief harbourmaster (Capt. C. J. Irvine), on being informed of the outbreak, ordered the pilot steamer "Pelican," which is fitted with very powerful pumps, to come in from Rottnest, while Capt. Tait speedily had the Reliance followed by the "Gannet" and "Pelican" alongside, and water from about fifteen hoses was soon playing on the vessel. However, the combined efforts of the various steamers had not the desired effect, and it was decided to flood the bunker. The work proved more difficult than was anticipated, as when the water got to within three feet of the surface of the coal it poured out as fast as it entered. Another waterboat—the Florrie—was then requisitioned, but without avail, and at about 6 p.m. the fire gained strength, and more assistance had to be availed of. The outbreak was due to spontaneous combustion but whether it originated amongst the coal tipped into the bunkers on Tuesday or that which was there previously is not known. The salvage operations are being carried out under the supervision of Captain A E Arundel, surveyor for the underwriters. It is not anticipated that any damage has resulted to the vessel, and there is nothing in that part of her that could be easily affected. The "Sealda" is expected to leave for Adelaide on Saturday. The officers of the ship, whilst conducting the operations of the men employed on the coal, suffered considerably from the gases which rose. Captain MacIntyre was on one occasion overcome by the fumes while in the hold, and was taken on deck in an almost unconscious condition. The chief officer was also seriously affected by the gas, and had to be removed to his cabin, where he remained for some time. At a late hour the fire was got out under control, and the inrush of water was considerably reduced, it being considered unlikely that there would be any further outbreak. A gang of men was, however, kept shovelling the coals back from the coal-head. The steamers "Florrie," "Gannet" and "Reliance" were ordered to stand by the vessel in case their services should be required. A smart piece of work was carried out by the pilot steamer "Pelican." The officer in charge of the vessel received orders at ten minutes to 9 in the morning to proceed from Rottnest to Fremantle, and by 11·30 six hoses were playing on the burning coal.

HIGH COURT.—SEPTEMBER 26.

Before the Hon. the CHIEF JUSTICE and the Hon. Mr. Justice CHANDAVARKAR.

Appeals for hearing and final disposal.

1199—Smetham B and N—Dadabhoy Narayen Dhuma and another vs Khanderao Pandurang—Dikshit and D. Part heard.
1216—Framjee and D—[illegible] vs Currimbhoy Ebrahim and others—Thakurdas and Co.
1222—Mantri and B—Govindram Bhalaram vs Hiralal Ghanshamdas—Mansuklal J and H.
1225—Craigie L and O.—The Advocate General of Bombay vs Karmally Rahimbhoy and others—Wadia and G and Thackurdas and Co.
1215—Smetham B and N—Gangabai widow and others vs Lukhmidas Ebjee and others—Tyabjee D and Co

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice TYABJEE.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

829-01—Mansuklal D J and M—Goverdhundas Sunderdas vs Lukhmidas Valjee—Bicknel M and M.
631-01—Captain and V—Bai Kabi and another vs Amirchand Madhowjee and others—Mansuklal D and J part heard.
380-01—Thakurdas and Co—R Murray vs D Barlow—Crawford and Co.
862-00—Mansuklal D and J—Jamnagir Nitiagir vs W L Harvey—Crawford B and Co.
860-00—Smitham B and N—Vithaldas Dhurandas and others vs The Municipal Commissioner—Crawford B and Co.
421-01—Wadia and G—Rustomjee Ardesir Spencer vs Fazul Peeru Mahomed and others—M J and M.
216-00—Sorabjee and J—Atmaram Vithaldas Mehta vs Kaliandas Vithaldas and others—Edgelow G and W. (For trial on merits).
328-98—Thakurdas and Co—Jaikisondas Gangadas vs Runchordas Vithaldas—Edgelow G and W.
256-02—Framjee and D—Fatmabai widow and others vs Abdool Sakur—Bhaishanker K and G.
181-02—Thakurdas and Co—Ladakbbhoy Hassam vs Suleman Goolam Hoosein—Ardeshir H D and Co.
263-02—Matubhai J and M—Motilal Davabhai and another vs Ratanji Sorabji Nusserwanjee Talati and another—Unwalla and P.
398 01—Wadia and G—N C Macleod vs Morarjee Anundjee and others—Little and Co.
46-01—Edgelow G and W—Runchordas Vundravardas and others vs Dharamdas Jumnadas—Tyabjee D and Co

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice RUSSELL

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

304-02—Dikshit and D—Dholsaji Hakamchand and another vs Bai Manibai widow and another—M R Vakil.—Part heard.
789-01—Bhaishanker and K and G—Kawasjee Bomanjee Báman Behram vs Oosman Jamal Vayani and another—Edgelow G and W and Ardeshir H and D.

Short Cause.

259-02—Smetham B and N—Robert Dalton vs John Stanley Smith and others—Little and Co.

Long Causes.

294-98—Malvi H and M—Motilal Sewaram vs Hirachand Harakchand and another—Tyabjee D and Co.
427 98—Crawford B and Co—Sir Edward Ezra Albert Sassoon and others vs Hurmukhroy Sivram and others—Tyabjee D and Co and M H and M—Part heard.
133-93—Payne G S and M—Hafizabai widow vs Kazi Abdul Karim bai Kazi and others—Dikshit and D Payne G S and M.

Testamentary Suits.

26-01—Ardeshir H D and Co—Salaymahomed Allarakhia vs Ahmedbhoy Habibbhoy—Mulla and M.
3-02—Muljee C and V—Gangajee Ukurda vs Bai Jethibai widow—Wadia and G.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, September 25).

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr A D Brown I C S, on return to duty to be Administrator Sachin State.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr R E Holland B A Oxon I C S to be Asst Political Agent Savanur vice Mr G Monteath B A (Cantab) I C S proceeding on leave.

Lieut Col J S Ashby Political Agent Third Grade and First Asst to the Agent to the Governor Kathiawar has been permitted by H M Secy of State for India to return to duty within the period of his leave.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

The Governor in Council is pleased to invest Rao Saheb Vishvanath Ganesh Kardile acting Mamlatdar taluka Yeola and Magistrate of the Second Class in the district of Nasik with jurisdiction to try cases arising under Sec 62 of the Bombay District Police Act IV of 1890.

Under Sec 32 of the Code of Criminal Procedure 1898 H E the Governor in Council is also pleased to empower Rao Saheb Visvanath Ganesh Kardile to pass sentences of whipping.

Mr O C G Hayter Assit Supt of Police R M Railway passed on the 7th July 1902 an examination in Urdu according to the test prescribed in Rules XVII and XXIV of the Rules relating to Police Officers dated the 22nd Decr 1894 as amended by Govt Notification No 2111 dated the 2nd April 1898.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to confirm the following appointments made by the Hon the Chief Justice of H M High Court of Judicature at Bombay with effect from the 1st inst during the absence of Mr L C Crump I C S on deputation or pending further orders.—Mr K F Modi B A L L B to act as Registrar High Court Appellate Side, Rao Bahadur Vinayak Vithal Tilak to act as Deputy Registrar and Sealer of the High Court Appellate Side, Mr J L Britto to act as Assistant Registrar High Court Appellate Side and Supt of the High Court Press.

The Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—Mr J A Guider to act as Asst Insp Genl of Police during the absence on leave of Mr H Brewin or pending further orders Mr F M Gadney to act as Dist Supt of Police Sukkur pending further orders Mr P C Griffith to be Assit Supt of Police Thar and Parkar.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr A D Brown I C S on return to duty to be Assistant Collector Surat and to cancel the orders contained in Gov Notification No 2707 dated 23rd April 1902 so far as the relate to his appointment at Dharwar.

Mr C S F Crofton ICS Assist Coll Nasik is allowed privilege leave for two months and twenty-four days in combination with furlough on medical certificate for six months and six days.

Mr H W J Bagnell I C S Collector of Kolaba is granted an extension by two days of the privilege leave for nineteen days allowed to him by Govt Notification No 6123 dated 2nd Sept 1902.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

The Rev Ed S J D'Alessio has been appointed by the Secy of State for India a Chaplain on probation on the Bombay Ecclesiastical Establishment.

The Reverend G R A Courtice Chaplain of Steamer Point Aden has been granted three months privilege leave from the 16th August 1902 or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

The following appointment is made:—The Revd H W Nelson Chaplain of Aden, to be Chaplain of Steamer Point Aden in addition to his own duties, during the absence of the Reverend G R A Courtice on privilege leave.

HERE, THERE, AND EVERYWHERE.

A LARGE number of civilian folk hold the belief that when a regiment goes on active service its band is always left at home. This is hardly the case. When a regiment goes from home on active service, if its absence is expected to be prolonged, the band nearly always goes with it, the members acting as ambulance men and stretcher-bearers. If, however, the regiment's absence promises to be of only short duration, the band remains behind. During the Indian Mutiny a large amount of valuable service, in the way of ambulance work, was performed by bandsmen of different regiments. The musical instruments provided by the Government for the various arms of the Service are confined to trumpets and bugles for the cavalry and artillery, and fifes, bugles, bagpipes and drums for the infantry and Highland regiments. In order to furnish the other instruments and accessories, the officers each contribute, in addition to a fixed sum on appointment to a rank above subaltern, a certain sum every year to a band fund.

Mr. Herman Merivale recently told the following story apropos Lady Raglan's memorable appearance as a "Peeress on Show."—When Mr. Labouchere was putting up for his first election, his uncle, Lord Taunton, wrote and asked him if he could do anything to aid him. The hopeful nephew wrote his uncle back a letter which is quite characteristic of the "Labby" whom we know to-day: "If you could put on your peer's robes and coronet, and walk arm-in-arm with me down the high street of the borough," he said, "it might do some good. Otherwise I do not think that your aid would be of much avail.

It might be interesting to print the names of all who were present at the Coronation. It would be a list of the greatest interest in days to come, and, incidentally, a dilightful check on the marvellous number of folks who will declare they were among those present in the Abbey. Probably only the Earl Marshal and other officials could supply with approximate accuracy the names of those who accepted invitations; but it would surely be worth their while to do so (says "The King"). We are constantly hearing of old men and women who claim to have seen the Coronation of William IV. when there is the slightest possibility of such being the truth. If a list were published of those actually in the Abbey at King Edward's Coronation, it would set at rest such disputes in future, and be at the same time of personal interest to many thousands.

The British Vice-Consul at Philippeville, in a recent report, draws attention to the marbles that can be obtained in Algeria. The quarries at Chemtoll produce the most beautiful onyx marbles in the world. The interior of the new town hall at Constantine is decorated with them; the grand staircase and salle des fetes are lavishly adorned with the most delicately veined and coloured onyx. The Vice-Consul adds that it is a great pity that these marbles are not better known. A new quarry has been discovered near Ain M'lila, from which specimens of pure white rose and yellow onyx quite uniform in tinting have been seen.

Religiously, every man in Russia must metaphorically have a label. You may be labelled pravaslavana (the true faith, i.e., Greek Orthodox), Roman Catholic, Lutheran Jew etc, ect. All but pravaslana may change their labels at will. Jew may become Protestant, Protestant Catholic, and all may, of course become pravaslavns, if so inclined. The pravaslavana, however, the subject born or baptised into the State Church, retains his label to the end of the chapter. Russian by religion he has become, Russian he must remain in the eyes of the law. Fortunately this refers only to the label or, to drop the metaphor, to the description on his passport; the man himself may feel and think as he likes; he may also act very much as he likes, provided he is not desirous of changing his label by becoming baptised into another community. Should a Lutheran pastor, for example, baptise a Russian Orthodox subject he may find himself landed in Siberia; but the Russian Orthodox subject (provided always he retains his outward label as such) may fraternise with Luthearn or anyone else almost as much he likes.

Casey: "Did ye go over t' see Kelly lasht noight?" Costigan: 'Oi did not. Afther, Oi'd walked two thirds av th' way Oi was too tired t' go a shtep further, so Oi turned round an' walked back home again."

It is proposed to have whistling introduced as a feature of church music in the United States. The announcement does shock one's religious sensibilities a little when it is put down as "whistling" (says "Leslie's Weekly"), but let the thing go into the programme under some new and euphonious title, and it would be all right. It would be equally shocking to think of a "fiddle" in a church choir, but few are heard to object when you spell it "violin."

A story is being told of a certain confidential clerk who formed the wicked habit of running out from his business each morning at 11 a. m. to partake of one glass of rum. Not being very proud of this, daily habit, he asked invariably for a few caraway seeds that he might chew them, and under this bushel hide his alcoholic light. For years and years this habit went on, and he apparently escaped detection. On one occasion he found that at his favourite hostelry there were no caraway seeds, so he was compelled to put up with a beautiful spring onion by way of bushel. Presently he returned to his desk, and went on with his work, his employer sitting at the desk opposite. Soon the employer noticed something. At first it was faintly perceptible, but presently it became less agreeable. "Look here," he said, "I've stood rum and caraway for twenty-two years, but I draw the line at rum and onions."

Fraulein Reitz, who was married the other day to Anton Lang (the Christus in the Ober-Ammergau Passion play of 1992), was recently over here on a visit to Miss Milner, of Haworth, York. Miss Reitz who took the part of one of the guardian angels in the Passion Play of 1900, is a typical German blonde. She made many friends in this country during her stay. She also assisted Miss Milner in her description of the Passion Play at the Countess Grosvenor's town house, in Park Lane, last March. The entertainment was in aid of the fund being raised for endowing two beds in the hospitals at Ober-Ammergau as a gift from English visitors to the play. On this occasion Fraulein Reitz delighted her audience with a rendering of Gounod's beautiful setting of "There is a green hill far away."

The religious teaching of the Indians in the United States is now left entirely to missionary effort. For some years after 1878 subsidies were granted by the Government to the Churches which maintained schools among the Indians, says "The Leisure Hour." But this plan was regarded as establishing a connection between Church and State. An agitation was raised against it, and all the Churches, except the Roman Catholic, of their own accord ceased to draw on the National Treasury for aid in their Indian work. The Roman Catholic Church continued to take the subsidy for several years after the other Churches had relinquished their claim. The agitation against the subsidy to the Catholic Church was kept up, and in 1896 Congress finally ended the arrangement with the Church schools.

The three largest signal boxes in the country are London Bridge (Brighton Line) North Cabin, 280 levers Waterloo A Box, 250 levers; and Liverpool Street West Box, 240 levers. The London Bridge and Waterloo Boxes have each a staff of ten signalmen, who work in shifts, four in the daytime and two at night; while at Liverpool Street, during the busiest hours of the day, there are as many as five men on duty together. Each box has also a staff of train boys, who carry messages, attend to the telephones, and write up the train books. In the course of twelve months the number of lever movements made in these mamoth signal boxes attains several millions for they deal with from 600 to 1,100 trains per twenty-four hours, not counting light engines, and there is an average of fully a score of lever movements to each train. And the pull of each lever is a heavy one, even to a strong man.—

Rontgen himself (says a writer in the "Idler)," though the discoverer of the mysterious rays that bear his name, called them X-rays because they represented a mysterious quantity in science. Becquerel has since discovered that many natural substances emit rays like those of Rontgen, which make photographs in the dark and act as well through wood or metals. Thorium, uranium, bismuth, and barium, in various compounds, have been proved to have this quality, and they are also capable of exciting the phosphorescent screen used to render visible the disclosures of the X rays. Here, then is a suggestion of a new force more subtle than electricity, and perhaps destined to open to man fields hitherto not even dreamed of.

PURELY PERSONAL.

Lord Kitchener is no respector of persons, as the world now knows, and if an officer required a talking to he got it, no matter who he was. Even his own family were not exempt from this unpleasant ordeal. One day General F. W. Kitchener humorously remarked at Pretoria that he had come up there to get a wigging from his younger brother. And he duly received it!

Lord Kitchener spent the greater part of his visit to Wynyard in dodging the amateur photographers, who were there in great force. Every time he saw a camera exposed, he strategically turned his back upon the manipulator. At luncheon, great preparations had been made by Stockton and West, Hartlepool photographers to "snap" him as he sat at the table, between Lord and Lady Londonderry. Just as the cameras were put in position, K of K. removed his chair back a few inches and swiftly took cover behind the Marchioness of Londonderry, who was sitting on his left. On the grand stand at the horse jumping he was still pestered, until at last the word went round officially that "his Lordship didn't wish to be annoyed any longer." Then the photo fiends packed up their cameras, and "silently stole away." The cheapness and excellence of modern photographic "materiel" have certainly added a new terror to public life. Yet does it not bear out what has been so often written in M.A.P. of the essential shyness of Kitchener's temperament, that the man who could calmly face death on the veldt in a hundred hideous forms, should shrink with a feeling as near akin to downright timidity as to mere natural vexation, from the harmless blinking of the hand-camera lens?

The Hon. F. W. Lambton, by the way, made an odd slip of the tongue at Wynyard, on the above occasion Proposing a toast to the success of the local agricultural society, he said that all the horses were very good indeed for a small show. Then he went on to say, "I observe that most of the hunters are by Lord Londonderry's infernal horse—." A great burst of laughter went up, and Mr. Lambton corrected himself by adding, "Of course, I meant Lord Londonderry's horse Inferno."

Sir George White, who has lately been making a reputation for himself in Scotland as an orator, is also a teller of good stories. Among his yarns is a good one at the expense of his friend, Captain Harry Brooke, an old Gordon Highlander officer who has taken a leading part in connection with the Gordon Highlanders' Memorial Institute at Aberdeen. "Captain Brooke," Sir George said, after giving the soldiers some advice about temperance, "came into the service to be especially under my wing. I am therefore his regimental father. I remember him once coming and telling me that he had not found his barrack-room as tidy and clean as he would like to see it. He was a man who did his duty through thick and thin, and he put on his sternest manner and reproved his hard-drinking men. They, feeling that it was a just reproof, stood silent and attentive. Being greatly relieved after he had said his say, he was turning to go, when a parrot in the corner of the barrack-room shouted in tones that would have done credit to the regimental sergeant-major: 'Brandy for you, Brooke?'"

A medical man who travelled home to England with President Steyn sends me the following notes: It was about eight o'clock on the morning of July 15th that the special train from Krugersdorp arrived at the Cape Town Docks with the stricken ex-President Steyn, his two doctors and attendants, his five children and his devoted wife. It was easy to see as he was lifted bodily from the saloon carriage, how sorely he was afflicted; his eyes were shaded by large blue goggles, and he lay a dead weight in the hands of his bearers. Placing him on an ambulance stretcher he was carried on board the Carisbrook Castle, the steamer on which he had decided to journey to Europe. By a strange irony of fate the same vessel was conveying home some 600 Tommies, many of whom had no doubt at some time or other been engaged in tracking down the leader of the Free Staters. The cabin which he occupied during the voyage was situated on the promenade deck, and had been arranged so that it was as comfortable as it could be made. For several days nothing was seen of the invalid but as the weather became warmer the long cane invalid chair was occupied nearly the whole day, and it became quite a familiar sight to all on board to notice the figure of the ex-president stretched out with his wife seated at his side, engaged in conversation or listening to some extracts from an interesting book.

"I found Mr. Steyn a charming man to talk to. His accent was thoroughly English, in marked contrast to that of Mrs. Steyn, who spoke with a strong Dutch accent. Owing to his prostrate condition, Mr. Steyn could not talk for any great length of time, as the exertion tired him. He complained of the muscles of the chest giving him pain on talking or swallowing. The children, five in number, were great favourites with all on board, particularly little Tibbie, aged six, a very dainty maiden and evidently her father's darling. The others were Colin, a sturdy strong lad of fourteen, who had decidedly strong views in favour of the absolute independence of the Boers, and with whom many an interesting conversation was held by many of the military officers. On one occasion after dinner a small group was chatting outside the smoking room, and one of the party remarked to Colin that now that he was a British subject he ought to replace the Free State ribbon he was wearing in his buttonhole by that of the British red, white and blue, adding, at the same time, that the Empire he belonged to was the most powerful, the finest, and the most world wide that had ever existed, as on it the sun never set. On this Master Colin demanded if his questioner knew what the Boers were in the habit of saying as to the cause of the sun never setting on the British Empire At the reply 'No,' he answered: 'It is because God Almighty could never trust the British alone in the dark!' The next daughter was aged thirteen, and was called Hannah, then came Gladys, and last of all Emma, the baby, whose years amounted to four only. All the children took part in the games, which chiefly through the energy of Mr. Bennett Burleigh, were provided for the amusement of the little ones."

The recent announcement by the Vatican that no further dispensations would be accorded by the church to consanguineous marriages among the reigning Catholic houses of Europe, is causing a good deal of speculation in diplomatic circles, as marriages between royal cousins of all denominations may be considered the rule rather than the exception. The young King of Spain is, of course, the most prominent royal personage affected. The examples in his own family ought, however, to be enough to keep his matrimonial thoughts from turning cousinward. There is the notable case of the first cousins, Infanta Eulalie and Don Antonio. Eulalie is the daughter of Queen Isabella, while Don Antonio is the son of the latter's sister, the late Duchess of Montpensier. This marriage turned out most unhappily, and the ill-matched couple are now judicially separated. The late King Alfonso, too, married as his first wife his first cousin, the Princess Mercedes, daughter of the late Duchess of Montpensier, and she died after only a few months of marriage. Old Queen Isabella herself married her second cousin, and the result could hardly be called happy.

The King of Italy will, over this decree, experience the novelty of finding himself in thorough agreement with the Vatican. He is a strong opponent of marriage between cousins. He is keenly sensitive about his size, and also about other physical peculiarities which he ascribes to the fact of his father and mother having been first cousins. He is really less than five feet in height, and although Emperor Nicholas of Russia is a decidedly short man yet, during the Italian monarch's recent stay in St. Petersburg, the Tsar, greatly to his satisfaction, towered head and shoulders above King Victor Emmanuel.

Another marriage of a consanguineous character in the reigning house of Italy is that of King Humbert's second brother, the late Duke Amadeus of Aosta, who married his niece, Princess Letitia Bonaparte, only daughter of his sister, Princess Clotilde Bonaparte. There was a son born to this union, who bears the name of Humbert, and the title of Count Salemi. But, although he is now thirteen or fourteen years of age, nobody at court has ever set eyes on him. None of his pictures has ever been put up on sale, like those of the other members of the reigning family, and it is currently reported that he is either mentally afflicted or else misshapen.

An angry discussion took place in the Johannesburg Town Council on the proposal to affix numbers in addition to the present names of streets. It was pointed out that this would have the effect in a few years of causing the names to die out, with the exception of those of the principal streets. An amendment was moved suggesting that particular streets bearing the names of persons whose memory it was not desired to perpetuate should be changed. The amendment was lost.

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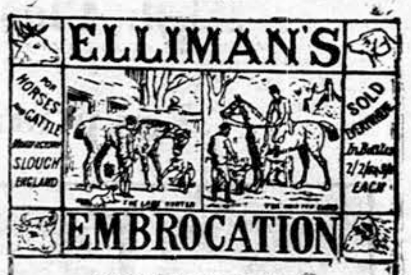

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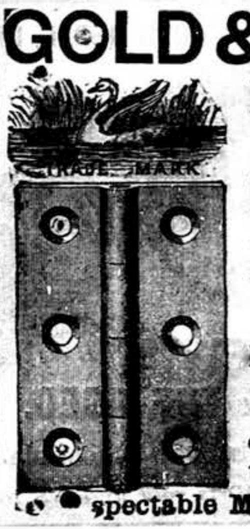

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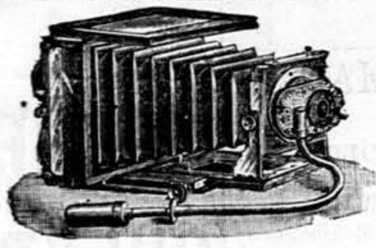

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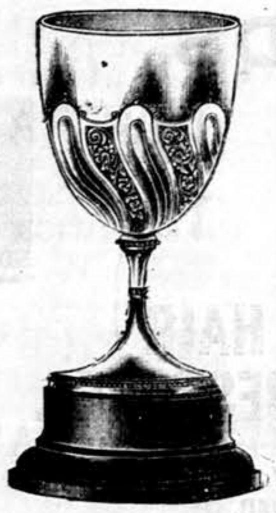
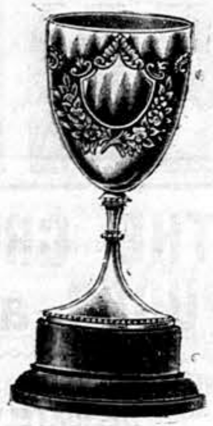
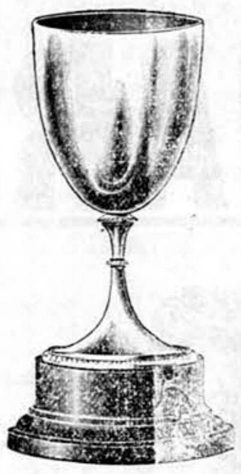


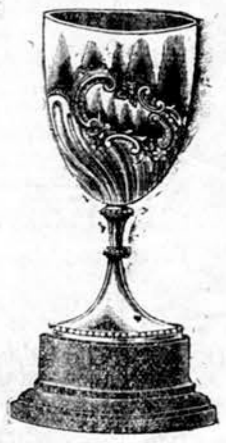
Prize Cup, height with plinth 12 inches, width of bowl 4¼ inches, Rs. 112.



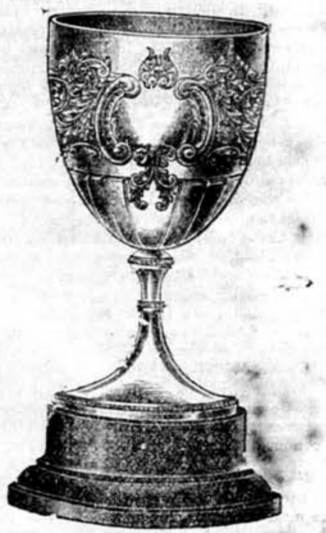
Prize Cup, height with plinth 11½ inches, Rs. 68.



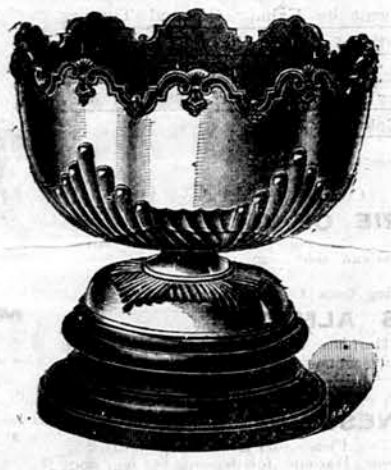
Prize Cup, height with plinth 9½ inches, Rs. 57.



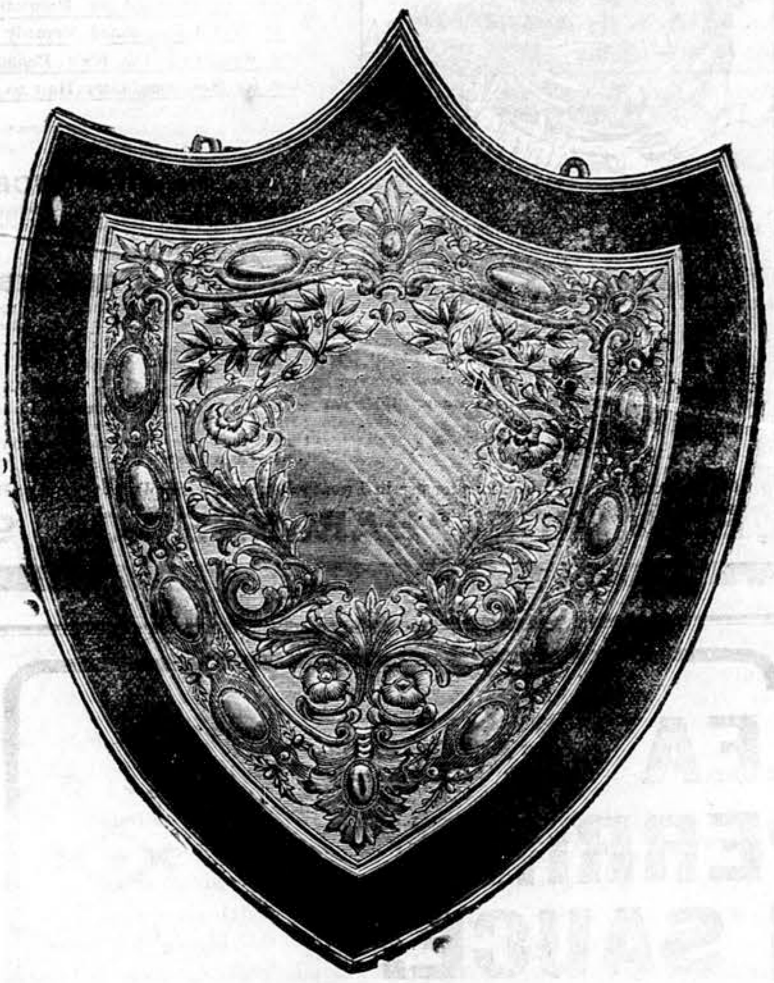
Prize Cup, height with plinth 11½ inches, Rs 100.



Prize Cup, height with plinth 13¼ inches, width of bowl 4⅓ inches, Rs. 133.



Silver Bowl, with plinth 12½ inches, width of bowl 10 inches, Rs. 416.



Sterling Silver Shield, 23½ ins. by 17 in. on Ebonised Back with Silver Edging, Rs 550.

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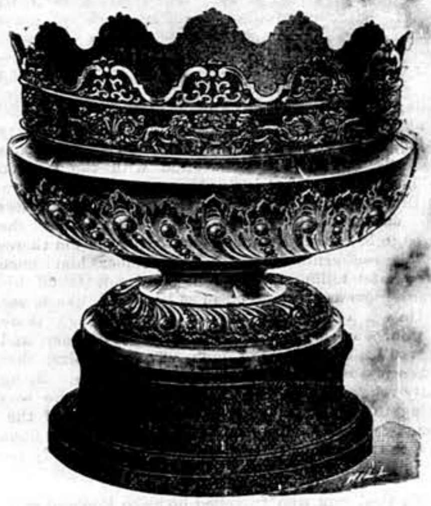
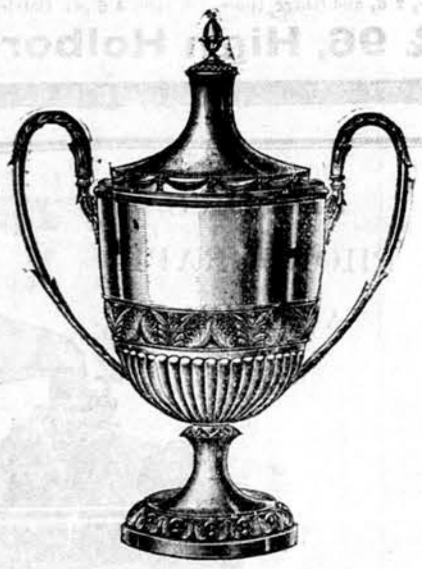
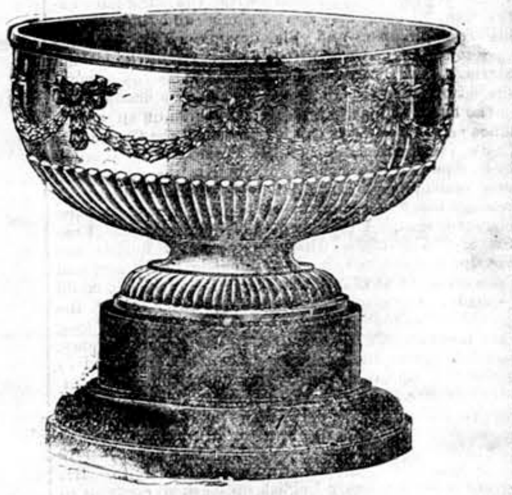


Sterling Silver Hall Marked Presentation Bowl, 9 ins. Rs. 450.



Hall Marked Challenge Cup, height 17 inches, Rs. 600.



Sterling Silver Hall Marked Presentation Bowl, 12 ins., Rs. 450.

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